
1997

Assisted

Reproductive

Technology

Success Rates

NATIONAL SUMMARY AND
FERTILITY CLINIC REPORTS



Updates to this report will be posted on the CDC Web site at the following address:
<http://www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/drh/art.htm>

1997

ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGY SUCCESS RATES

NATIONAL SUMMARY AND FERTILITY CLINIC REPORTS

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Preface

For many people who want to start a family, the dream of having a child is not easily realized; about 15% of women of childbearing age in the United States have received an infertility service. Assisted reproductive technology (ART) has been used in the United States since 1981 to help women become pregnant, most commonly through the transfer of fertilized human eggs into a woman's uterus. However, for many people, deciding whether to undergo this expensive and time-consuming treatment can be difficult.

The goal of this report is to help potential ART users make informed decisions about ART by providing some of the information needed to answer the following questions:

- What are my chances of having a child by using ART?
- Where can I go to get this treatment?

The Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART), an organization of ART providers affiliated with the American Society for Reproductive Medicine (ASRM), has been collecting data and publishing annual reports of pregnancy success rates for fertility clinics in the United States and Canada since 1989. In 1992, the U.S. Congress passed the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act, which requires the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) to publish pregnancy success rates for ART procedures carried out in fertility clinics in the United States. Since 1995, SART and CDC have worked together to report ART success rates.

The 1997 report of pregnancy success rates is the third to be issued under the law. It is coauthored by CDC, SART/ASRM, and RESOLVE: the National Infertility Association. This report is based on the latest available data collected by SART on the number and outcome of ART cycles performed in U.S. clinics.

In addition to a brief question and answer section that follows this preface, the 1997 ART report has three major sections:

- *A national report:* The national report section presents overall success rates and shows how they are influenced by certain patient and treatment characteristics. Because the national report contains information from all 335 fertility clinics that reported data, it can give people considering ART a good idea of the average chances of having a child by using ART.
- *Fertility clinic tables:* Success is also related to the expertise of a particular clinic's staff and the quality of its laboratory. The fertility clinic table section displays ART success rates for individual U.S. fertility clinics in 1997.
- *An appendix:* The appendix contains a guide to interpreting confidence intervals and a glossary, which provides definitions for technical and medical terms used throughout the report. The appendix also contains the names and addresses of all reporting clinics and a list of non-reporting clinics.

Success rates can be reported in a variety of ways, and the statistical aspects of these rates can be difficult to interpret. As a result, presenting information about ART success rates is a complex task. This report is intended for the general public, and the emphasis is on presenting the information in an easily understandable form. CDC, SART/ASRM, and RESOLVE hope that this report is informative and helpful to people considering an ART procedure. We welcome any suggestions for improving the report and making it easier to use.

Commonly Asked Questions About This Report

What is assisted reproductive technology (ART)?

Although various definitions have been used for ART, the definition used in this report is based on the 1992 law that requires CDC to publish this report. According to this definition, ART includes all fertility treatments in which both eggs and sperm are manipulated. In general, ART involves surgically removing eggs from a woman's ovaries, combining them with sperm in the laboratory, and returning them to the woman's body or donating them to another woman. It does NOT include procedures in which only sperm are manipulated (i.e., artificial insemination or intrauterine insemination) or procedures in which a woman takes drugs only to stimulate egg production, without the intention of having eggs retrieved.

The types of ART include

- IVF (in vitro fertilization).
- GIFT (gamete intrafallopian transfer).
- ZIFT (zygote intrafallopian transfer).

These terms are explained in Figure 1 on page 10 and in the glossary, which begins on page 383.

In addition, ART is often categorized according to whether the procedure used a woman's own eggs (nondonor) or eggs from another woman (donor) and according to whether the embryos used were newly fertilized (fresh) or previously fertilized, frozen, and then thawed (frozen).

How many people in the United States have infertility problems?

The latest data on infertility available at CDC are from the 1995 National Survey of Family Growth.

- Of the approximately 60 million women of reproductive age in 1995, about 1.2 million, or 2%, had had an infertility-related medical appointment within the previous year, and an additional 13% had received infertility services at some time in their lives. (Infertility services include medical tests to diagnose infertility, medical advice and treatments to help a woman become pregnant, and services other than routine prenatal care to prevent miscarriage.)
- Additionally, 7% of married couples in which the woman was of reproductive age (2.1 million couples) reported they had not used contraception for 12 months and had not become pregnant.

Why doesn't the report contain specific medical information about ART?

As mandated by law, the report describes a woman's average chances of success using ART and presents the success rates of individual U.S. fertility clinics in a particular year. Although the report provides some information about factors such as age and primary diagnosis that may affect success with ART, it doesn't address specific medical problems. A physician in clinical practice should be consulted for the individual evaluation that will help a woman or couple understand their specific medical situation and their chances of success using ART.

In addition, the American Society for Reproductive Medicine (ASRM) and the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART) issue guidelines dealing with specific ART practice issues, such as the number of embryos to be transferred in an ART procedure. Further information can be obtained from ASRM or SART (telephone 205-978-5000 or Web site <http://www.asrm.org>).

Why is the report of 1997 success rates being published in 1999?

Before success rates based on live births can be calculated, every ART pregnancy must be followed up to determine if a birth occurred. Thus the earliest that clinics can report annual data is late in the year *after* ART treatment was initiated (9 months past year-end, when all the births have occurred). Accordingly, the results of all cycles initiated in 1997 were not known until October 1998. After ART outcomes were known, the following steps had to be completed before the report could be published:

- Clinics entered their data into an electronic data collection system and verified the data's accuracy before sending the data to SART.
- SART compiled a national data set from the data submitted by individual clinics.
- CDC randomly selected a percentage of the reporting clinics for on-site quality control visits by SART validation teams, who checked the submitted data against the information in the medical records to be sure they corresponded.
- CDC data analysts did comprehensive checks of the numbers reported for every clinic.
- Clinic tables, national figures, and accompanying text in both the printed and Web site versions were compiled and laid out.
- CDC, SART/ASRM, and RESOLVE reviewed and approved the report.

These steps are time-consuming but essential to ensure that the report provides the public with correct information and does not misrepresent any clinic's success rates.

Which clinics are represented in this report?

The data in both the national report and the individual fertility clinic reports come from 335 fertility clinics that provided and verified information about the outcomes of the ART cycles started in their clinics in 1997. A few clinics that are now independent were operating as part of other clinics in 1997 and accordingly are not listed separately in the report. For current information on SART member clinics, contact SART (205-978-5000, extension 109).

Although we believe that almost all clinics that provided ART services in the United States throughout 1997 are represented in this report, data for a few clinics or practitioners have not been included because they either were not in operation throughout 1997 or did not report as required. Clinics and practitioners known to have been in operation throughout 1997 that did not report and verify their data are listed in this report as nonreporters, as required by law.

(See Appendix, Nonreporting ART Clinics for 1997, by State). We will continue to make every effort to include all clinics and practitioners providing ART services in future reports.

What quality control steps are used to ensure data accuracy?

To have their success rates published in this annual report, clinics have to submit their data in time for analysis, and the clinics' medical directors have to verify that the tabulated success rates are accurate. After the data have been verified, a quality control process called validation begins. This year, 30 of the 335 reporting clinics were randomly selected for site visits. Two members of the SART Validation Committee visited these clinics and compared medical records data on 50 randomly selected cycles with the data submitted for the report. In almost all cases, data on pregnancies and births in the medical records were consistent with reported data. Validation primarily helps to ensure that clinics are being careful to submit accurate data. It also serves to identify any systematic problems that could cause data collection to be inconsistent or incomplete.

Although SART compares medical records with data submitted for this report, the validation process does not include any assessment of clinical practice or overall record keeping.

Does this report include all ART cycles performed by the reporting clinics?

A small number of ART cycles are not included in the national data. These cycles are mainly in one of the following two categories:

- Surrogate or gestational carrier cycles, in which a woman other than the intended mother received the embryo transfer. In 1997, 600 such cycles were reported to CDC; the overall success rate of cycles using gestational carriers was 31.2%.
- Cycles in which a new treatment procedure (e.g., cytoplasmic egg transfer) was being evaluated. Only 40 ART cycles fell into this category in 1997.

If a woman has had more than one ART treatment cycle, how is the success rate calculated?

As required by law, this report presents ART success rates in terms of cycles started each year rather than in terms of women. (A cycle starts when a woman begins taking fertility drugs or having her ovaries monitored for follicle production.) Therefore, women who had more than one ART cycle started in 1997 are represented in multiple cycles. Success rates cannot be calculated on a "per woman" basis because women's names are not reported to SART and CDC.

Does CDC have any information on the age, race, income, and education levels of women who donate eggs?

CDC does not collect information on egg donors beyond what is presented in this report: success rates for cycles using donor eggs or using embryos derived from donor eggs, broken down by the age of the woman who received the eggs or embryos.

What is CDC doing to ensure that the report is helpful to the public?

This year, CDC held focus groups of people who are either considering or undergoing ART in four cities in different areas of the country. The groups generally were happy with both the format and content of the report. They suggested specific ways to improve the report and additional information to include. Because of our publication schedule, we were able to use only some of the suggestions in this year's report. However, we hope to incorporate suggestions for additional figures and other improvements in future years.

How can I get information about costs and insurance coverage of ART?

RESOLVE, a major national consumer group supporting people dealing with infertility, provides current information on insurance coverage in each state and guidance on affording treatment. This information is available on RESOLVE's Web site (<http://www.resolve.org>) and from its national HelpLine (1-617-623-0744).

What information should I ask for when I go to an ART clinic?

For a list of some of the questions you may want to ask when you meet with an ART practitioner, visit RESOLVE's Web site at <http://www.resolve.org> or contact its HelpLine at 1-617-623-0744.

Where can I get additional information on U.S. fertility clinics?

For further information on specific clinics, contact the clinic directly. In addition, SART can provide general information on its member clinics (telephone 205-978-5000, extension 109).



1997

National

Report

Introduction to the 1997 National Report

Data provided by U.S. clinics that use assisted reproductive technology (ART) to treat infertility are a rich source of information about the factors that contribute to a successful ART treatment: the delivery of a live-born infant. Pooling the data from all reporting clinics provides an overall national picture that could not be obtained by examining data from an individual clinic.

A woman's chances of having a pregnancy and a live birth by using ART are influenced by many factors, some of which (e.g., the woman's age and the cause of infertility) are outside a clinic's control. Because the national data set includes information on many of these factors, it can give potential ART users an idea of their average chances of success. Average chances, however, do not necessarily apply to a particular individual or couple. People considering ART should consult their physician to discuss all the factors that apply in their particular case.

The data for this national report come from the 335 fertility clinics in operation in 1997 that provided and verified data on the outcomes of all ART cycles started in their clinics. ART cycles performed at the reporting clinics in 1997 resulted in 17,054 deliveries of one or more living infants and 24,582 babies.

The national report consists of graphs and charts that use 1997 data to answer specific questions related to ART success rates. These figures are organized according to the type of ART procedure used. Some ART procedures use a woman's own eggs, and others use donated eggs or embryos. (Although sperm used to create an embryo may also be either from a woman's partner or from a sperm donor, this report is organized according to the source of the egg.) In some procedures, the embryos that develop are transferred back to the woman (fresh transfer); in others, the embryos are frozen (cryopreserved) for transfer at a later date. This report includes data on frozen embryos that were thawed and transferred in 1997.

The national report has four sections:

- Section 1 (Figures 1 and 2) presents information from all ART procedures reported.
- Section 2 (Figures 3 through 17) presents information on the 55,002 ART cycles that used only fresh embryos from nondonor eggs or, in a few cases, a mixture of fresh and frozen embryos from nondonor eggs.
- Section 3 (Figure 18) presents information on the ART cycles that used only frozen embryos (10,181 cycles resulting in 9,165 transfers).
- Section 4 (Figures 19 and 20) presents information on the ART cycles that used only donated eggs or embryos (6,643 cycles resulting in 5,980 transfers).

The 1997 national summary table, which is based on data from all clinics included in this report, is on page 41, immediately preceding the individual clinic tables. An explanation of how to read these tables is on page 37.

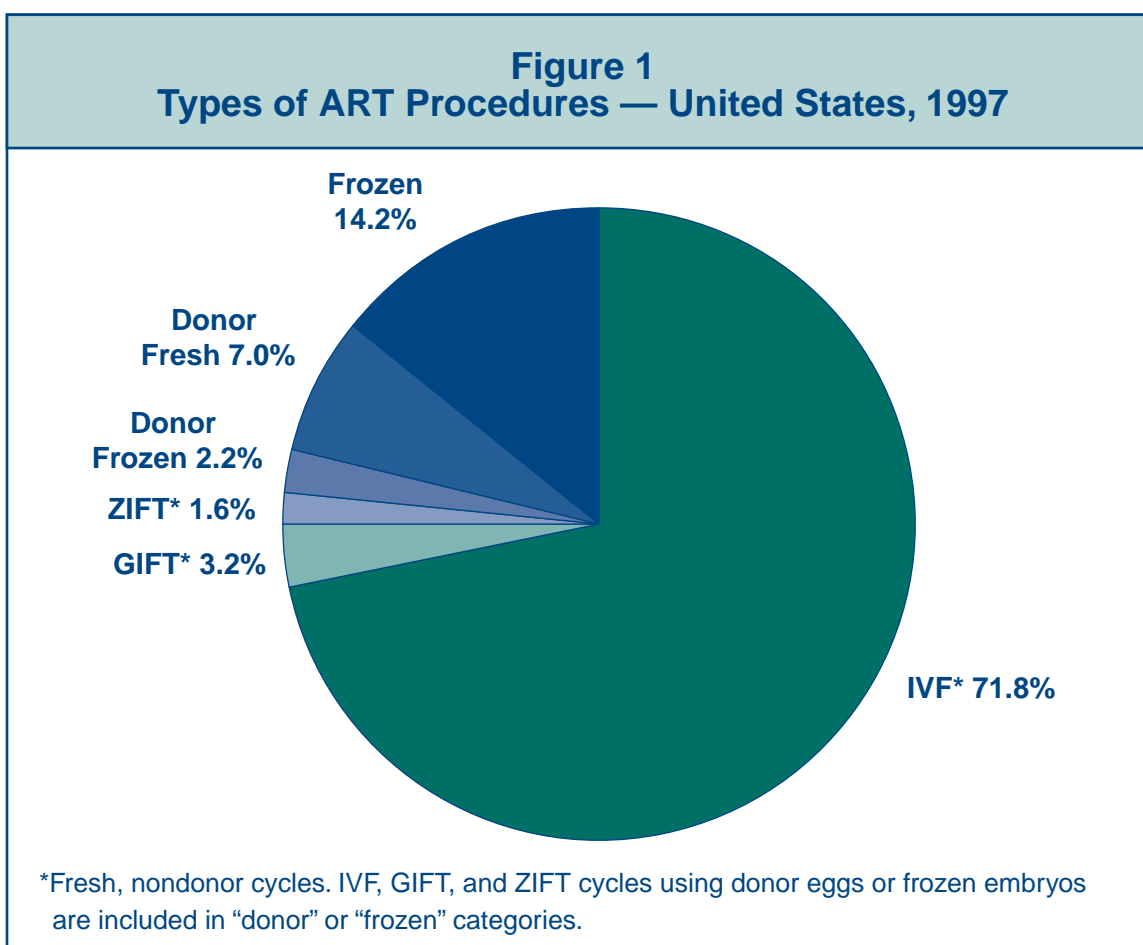
SECTION 1: OVERVIEW

What types of ART procedures were used in the United States in 1997?

A total of 71,826 ART cycles were carried out in 1997 using one of the following procedures:

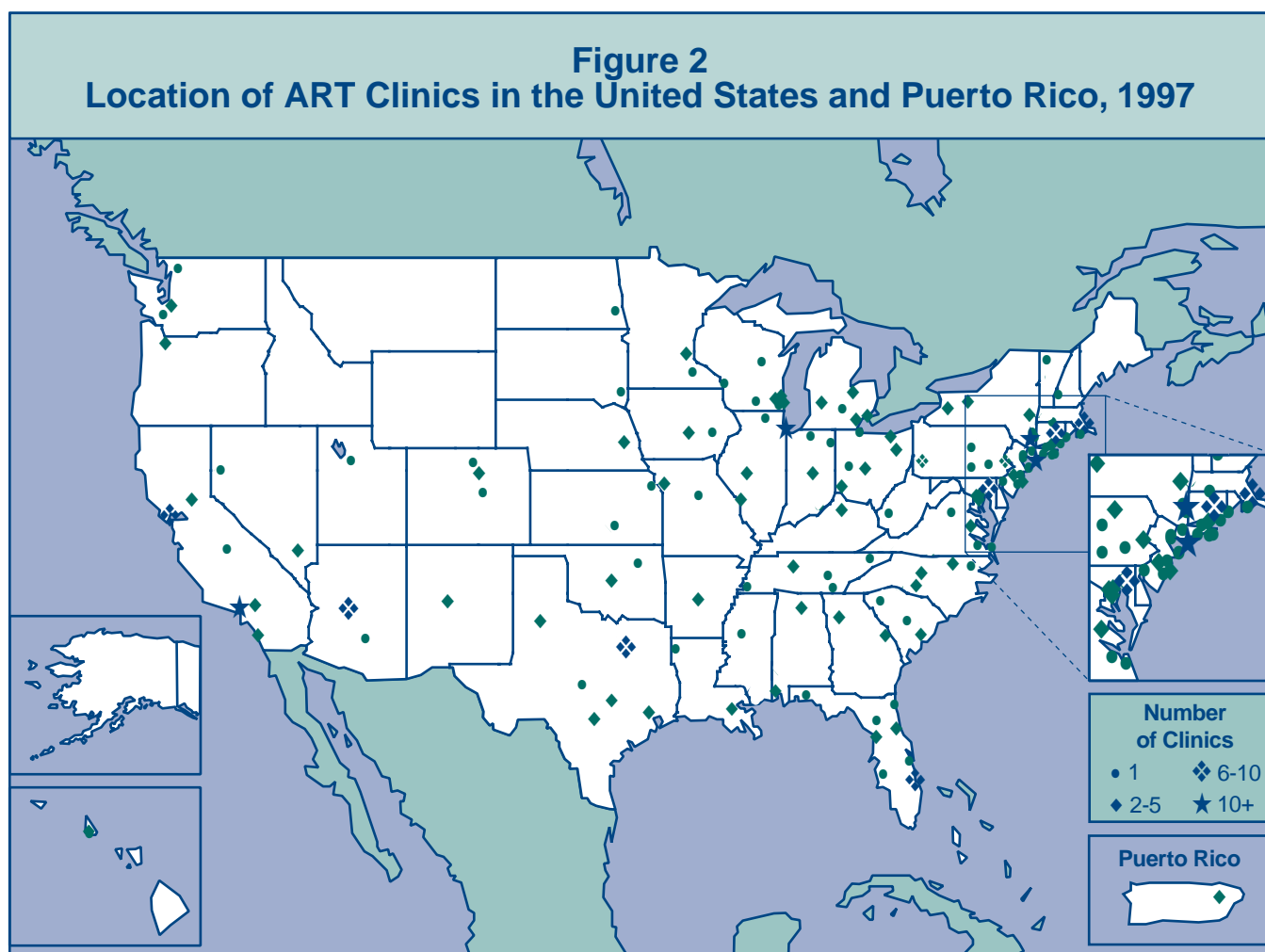
- **IVF (in vitro fertilization)** involves extracting a woman's eggs, fertilizing the eggs in the laboratory, and then transferring the resulting embryo(s) into the woman's uterus through the cervix.
- **GIFT (gamete intrafallopian transfer)** involves using a fiber-optic instrument called a laparoscope to guide the transfer of unfertilized eggs and sperm (gametes) into the woman's fallopian tubes through small incisions in her abdomen.
- **ZIFT (zygote intrafallopian transfer)**, involves fertilizing a woman's eggs in the laboratory and then using a laparoscope to guide the transfer of the fertilized eggs (zygotes) into her fallopian tubes.

Most IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT cycles used fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.



Where are ART clinics located?

Although ART clinics are located throughout the United States, the greatest number of clinics is in the eastern United States. Most clinics are in or near major cities. Figure 2 shows the location of the 335 reporting clinics. The fertility clinic section of this report, arranged in alphabetical order by state, city, and clinic, provides specific information on each of these clinics.



SECTION 2: ART CYCLES USING FRESH, NONDONOR EGGS OR EMBRYOS

What are the steps for a fresh, nondonor ART procedure?

Figure 3 presents the steps for a fresh, nondonor ART cycle and shows how ART users progressed through these steps in 1997.

An ART **cycle is started** when a woman begins taking medication to stimulate the ovaries to develop eggs or, if no drugs are given, when the woman begins having her ovaries monitored (using ultrasound or blood tests) for natural egg production.

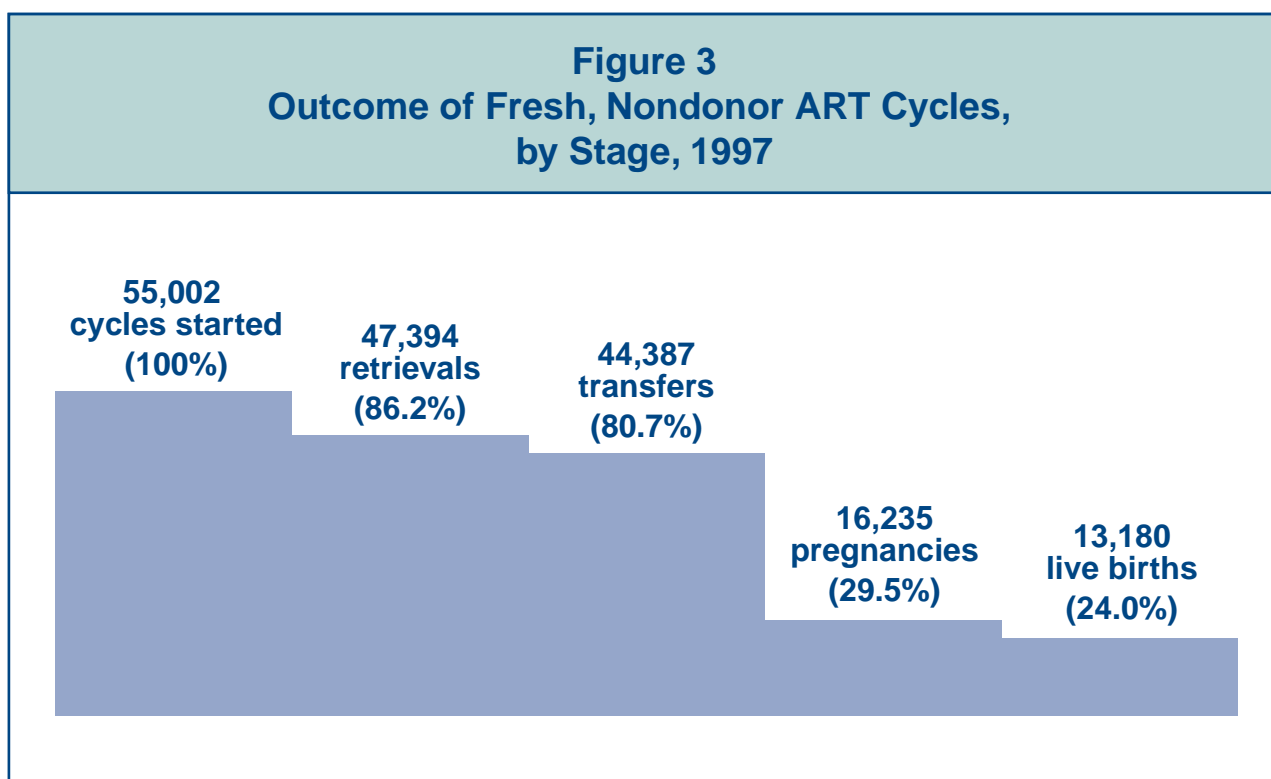
If eggs are produced, the cycle then progresses to **egg retrieval**, a surgical procedure in which eggs are collected from a woman's ovaries.

Once retrieved, eggs are combined with sperm in the laboratory. If fertilization is successful, one or more of the resulting embryos are selected for **transfer**, most often into a woman's uterus through the cervix (IVF).

If one or more of the transferred embryos implants within the woman's uterus, the cycle then progresses to clinical **pregnancy**.

Finally, the pregnancy may progress to a **live birth**, the delivery of one or more live-born infants. (A multiple birth—twins, triplets, or more—is counted as one live birth.)

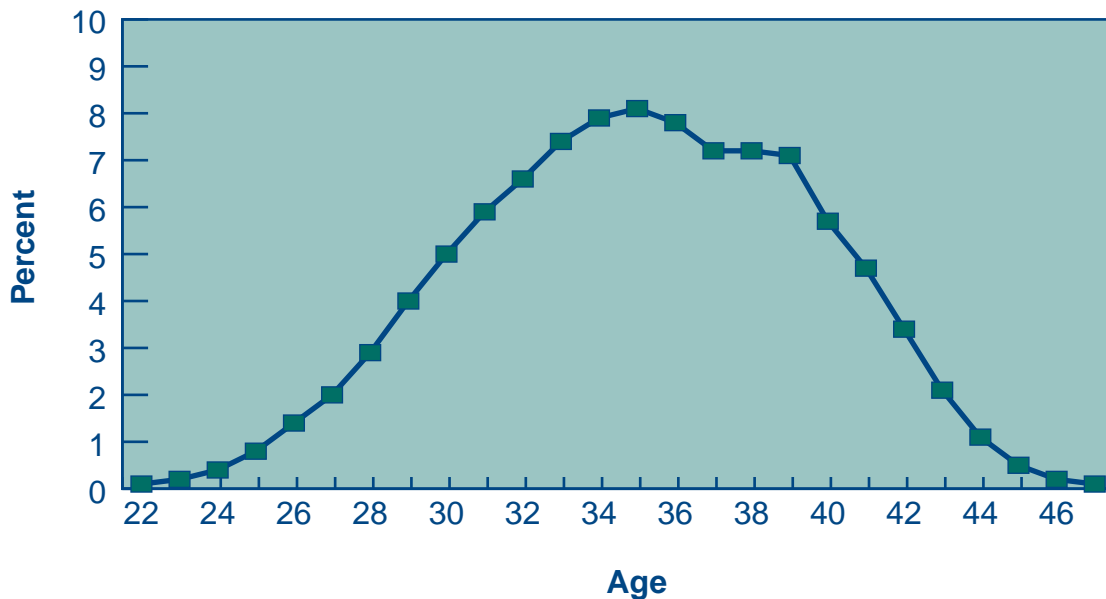
A cycle may be discontinued at any step for specific medical reasons (e.g., no eggs are produced or the embryo transfer was not successful) or by patient choice.



What are the ages of women who have an ART procedure?

Figure 4 presents 1997 ART cycles using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos according to the age of the woman who had the procedure. About 70% of these cycles were among women aged 30–39. Because very few women younger than age 22 used ART and very few women older than age 47 used ART with their own eggs, those cycles are not included in the figure.

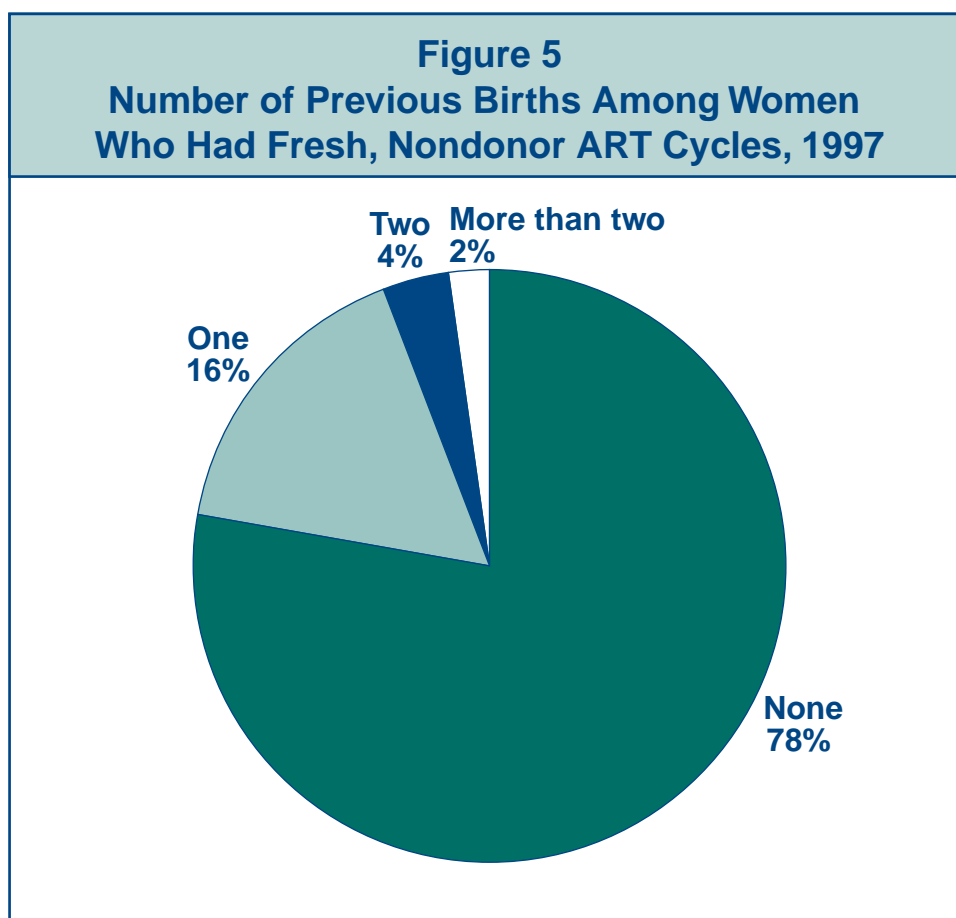
Figure 4
Percentage of Fresh, Nondonor ART Cycles,
by Age of Woman, 1997



Have many women who used ART previously given birth?

Figure 5 shows the number of previous children born to women who had an ART procedure in 1997.

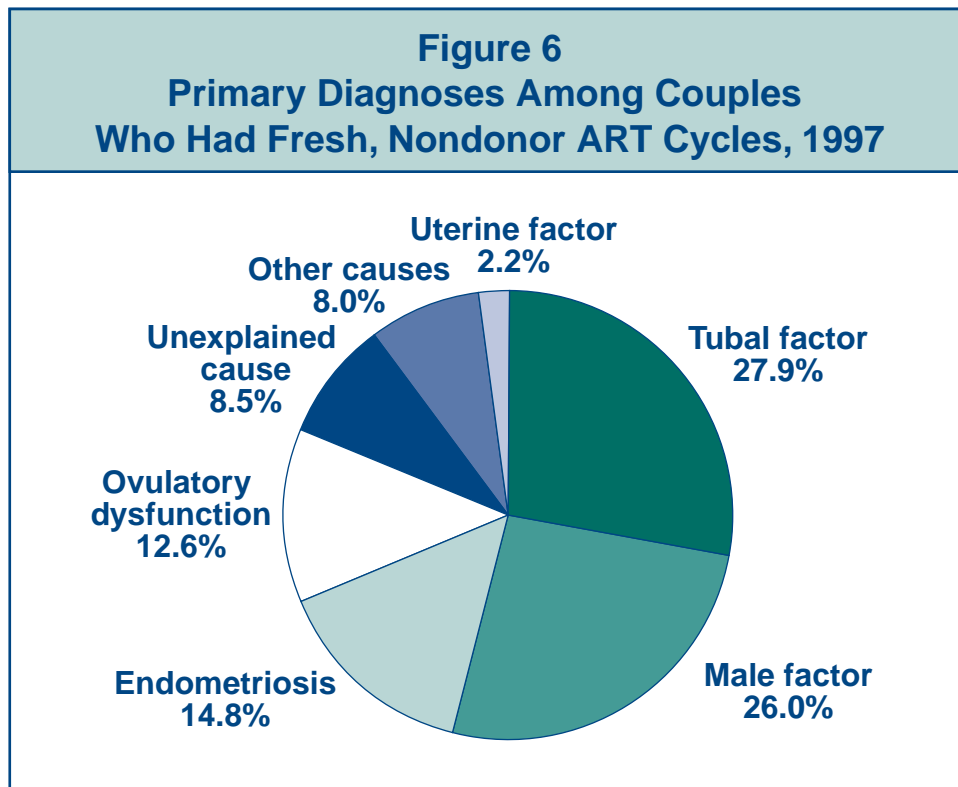
Most of these women (78%) had no previous births; however, they may have had a pregnancy that resulted in a miscarriage or a therapeutic abortion. Sixteen percent reported one previous birth, and 6% reported two or more. However, we do not know how many of these children were conceived naturally and how many by an ART procedure. These data nonetheless point out that women who have previously had children can face infertility problems. These infertility problems can include infertility of a new partner.



What are the causes of infertility among couples who use ART?

Figure 6 shows the primary diagnoses reported for infertility among couples who had an ART procedure in 1997. Although some couples have more than one cause of infertility, only one is reported as primary. In addition, diagnostic procedures and categories may vary from one clinic to another, so the categorization may be inexact.

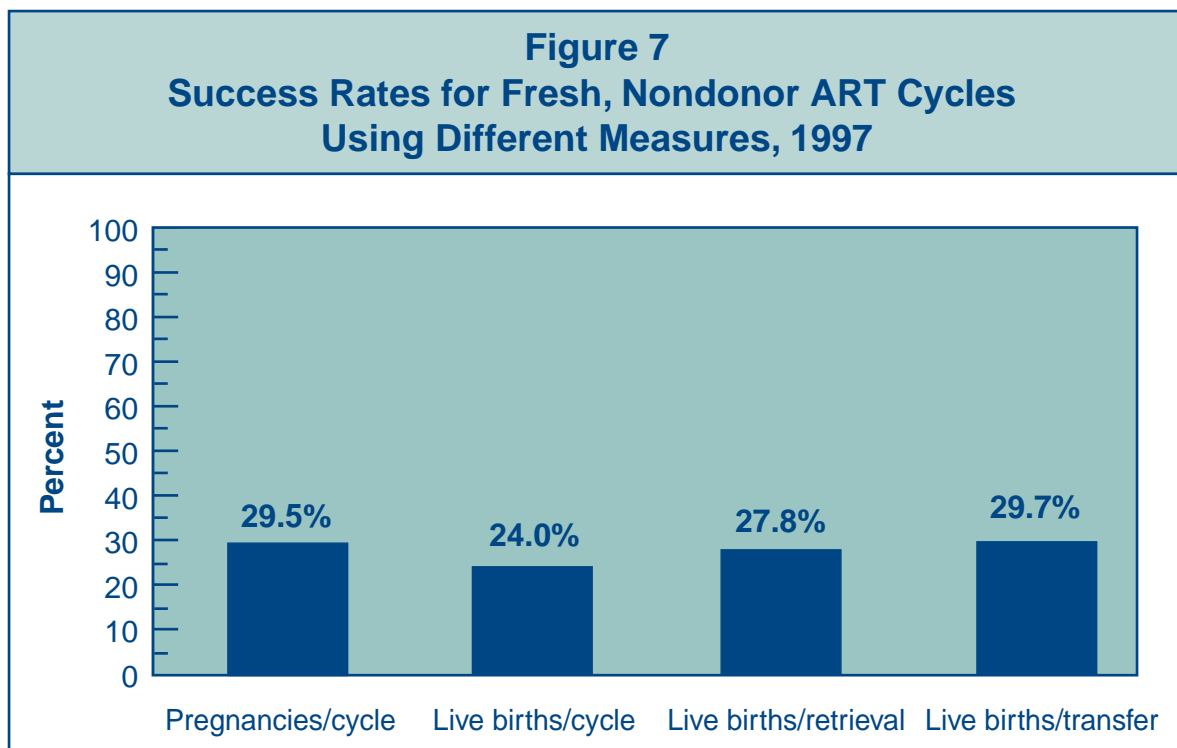
- **Tubal factor** usually means that the woman's fallopian tubes are blocked or damaged, making it difficult for the egg to be fertilized or for an embryo to travel to the uterus.
- **Male factor** usually refers to a low sperm count or problems with sperm function that make it difficult for a sperm to fertilize an egg under normal conditions.
- **Endometriosis** involves the presence of tissue similar to the uterine lining in abnormal locations. This condition can affect both egg fertilization and embryo implantation.
- **Ovulatory dysfunction** means that the ovaries are not producing eggs normally or that egg production has diminished with age.
- **Unexplained cause** means that no cause of infertility was found in either the woman or the man.
- **Other causes** of infertility include immunological problems, chromosomal abnormalities, cancer chemotherapy, and serious illnesses.
- **Uterine factor** means a disorder of the uterus that results in reduced fertility.



How is the success of an ART procedure measured?

Several measures can be used to assess ART success rates. Each provides slightly different information about this complex process. Figure 7 shows ART success rates using four different ways of measuring ART success. Age-specific success rates using each of these measures are in the National Table on page 41.

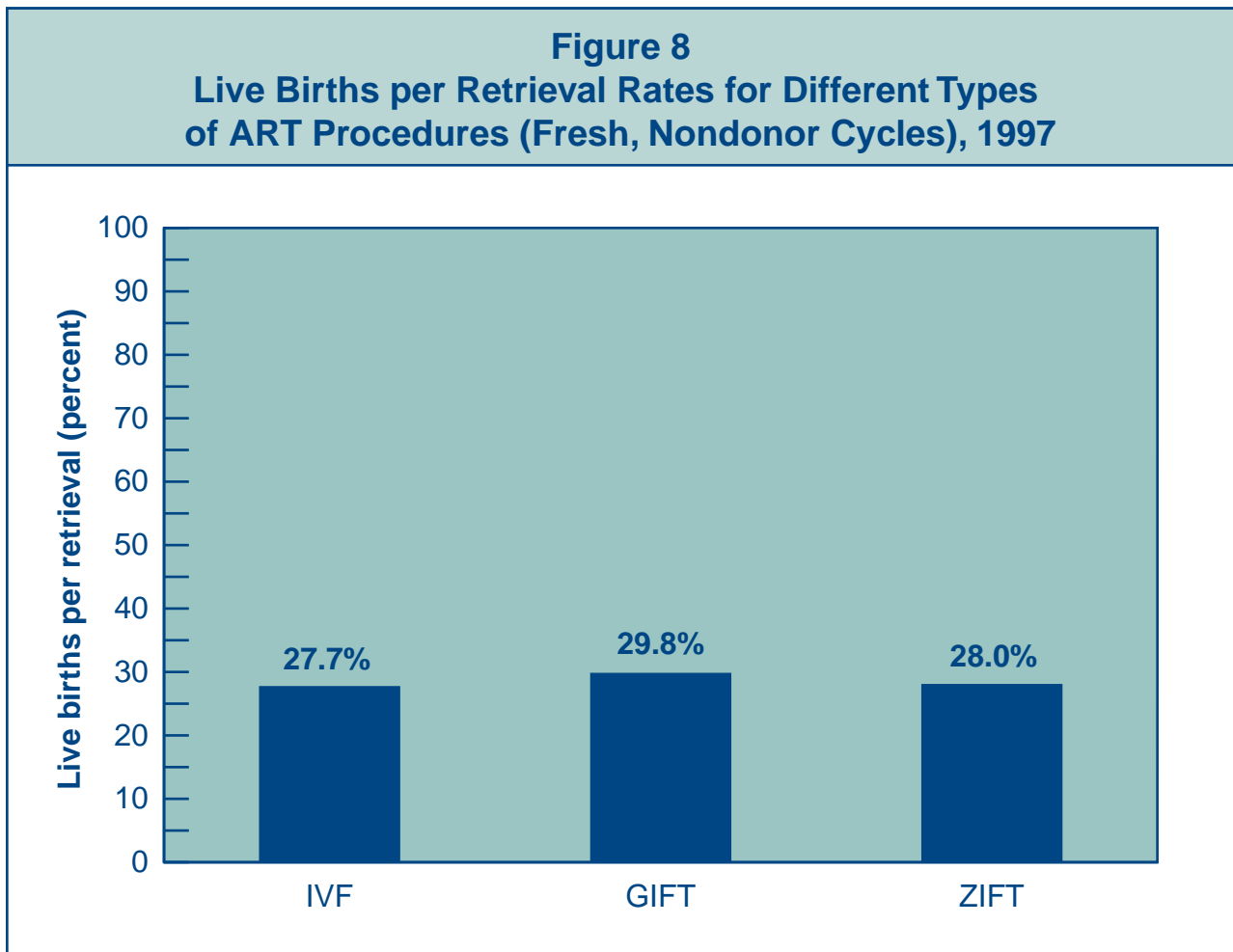
- The **pregnancy per cycle rate** refers to the percentage of ART cycles that produced a pregnancy. This rate is higher than the live birth per cycle rate because some pregnancies end in miscarriage, therapeutic abortion, or stillbirth (see Figure 10, p. 19).
- The **live birth per cycle rate** shows the percentage of cycles started that resulted in a live birth (a delivery of one or more living babies). This rate is the one many people are most interested in when considering ART because it represents the average chances of having a live-born infant by using ART. **In the graphs and charts in this report, live birth rate means live birth per cycle rate unless otherwise specified.**
- The **live birth per egg retrieval rate** is the percentage of cycles in which eggs were retrieved that resulted in a live birth. It is generally higher than the live birth per cycle rate because it excludes those cycles that were canceled before egg retrieval was carried out. In 1997, approximately 14% of all fresh, nondonor cycles were canceled. Cycles are canceled for many reasons: eggs may not develop, the patient may become ill, or the patient may choose to stop treatment.
- The **live birth per transfer rate** includes only those cycles in which an embryo or egg and sperm were transferred back to the woman. It excludes cycles in which the egg was not fertilized or the embryos formed were abnormal and thus no transfer could occur. This rate is generally the highest of the four measures of ART success.



What are the live birth rates for different types of ART procedures?

Live birth rates vary by type of ART procedure used. Figure 8 shows the percentage of egg retrievals in 1997 that used a particular type of ART procedure and resulted in a live birth. Because the same patterns were seen among all age groups, results are given for all age groups combined. GIFT had a slightly higher success rate than IVF. However, some women with tubal infertility are not suitable candidates for GIFT and ZIFT. In addition, GIFT and ZIFT are more invasive procedures than IVF because they involve inserting a laparoscope into a woman's abdomen to transfer the embryos or gametes into the fallopian tubes. In contrast, IVF involves transferring embryos into a woman's uterus through the cervix without surgery.

Figures 9 through 17 present results of all ART (IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT) procedures from fresh, non-donor cycles together because the numbers of ZIFT and GIFT procedures are relatively small.

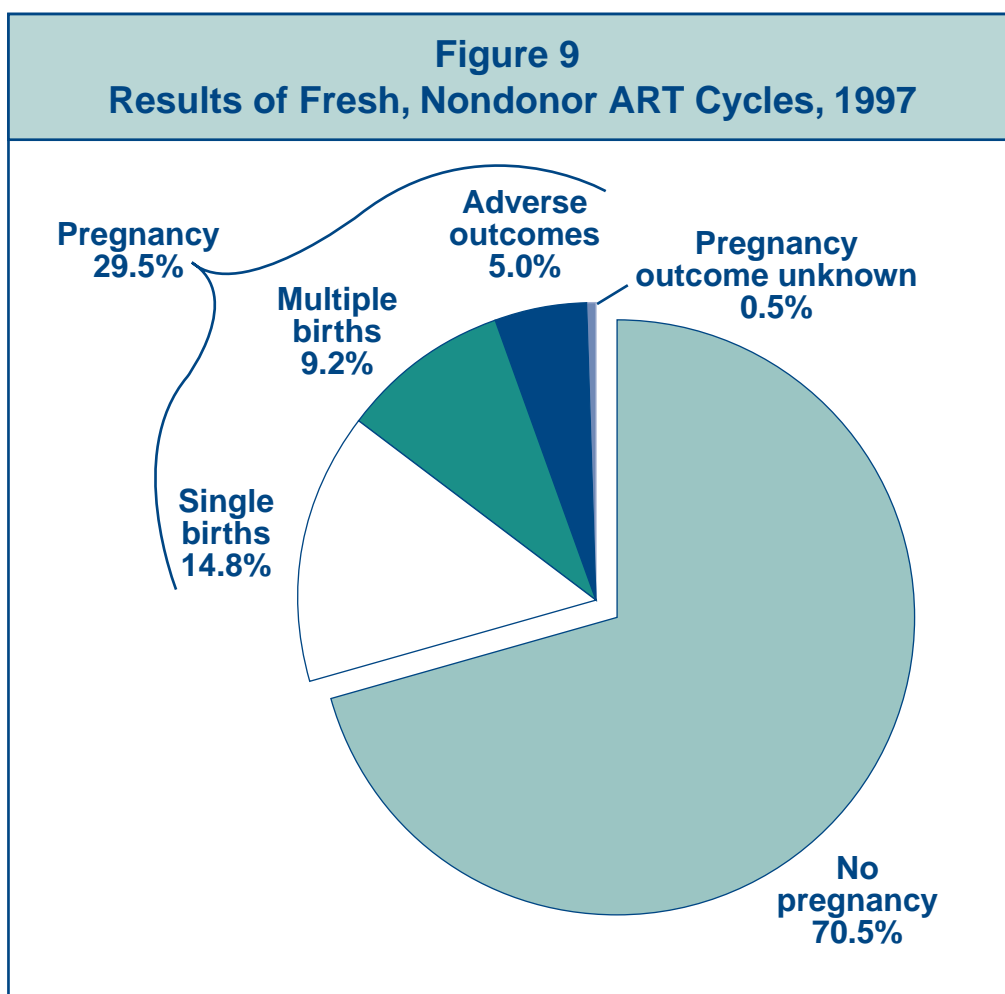


What percentage of ART cycles results in a pregnancy?

Most ART cycles performed in 1997 (70.5%) did not produce a pregnancy. Figure 9 shows the results of the 1997 fresh, nondonor cycles. Of all ART cycles, 29.5% resulted in a pregnancy. More specifically,

- 14.8% produced a single live birth.
- 9.2% resulted in a multiple birth.*
- 5.0% had an adverse outcome (ectopic pregnancy, miscarriage, induced abortion, or stillbirth).

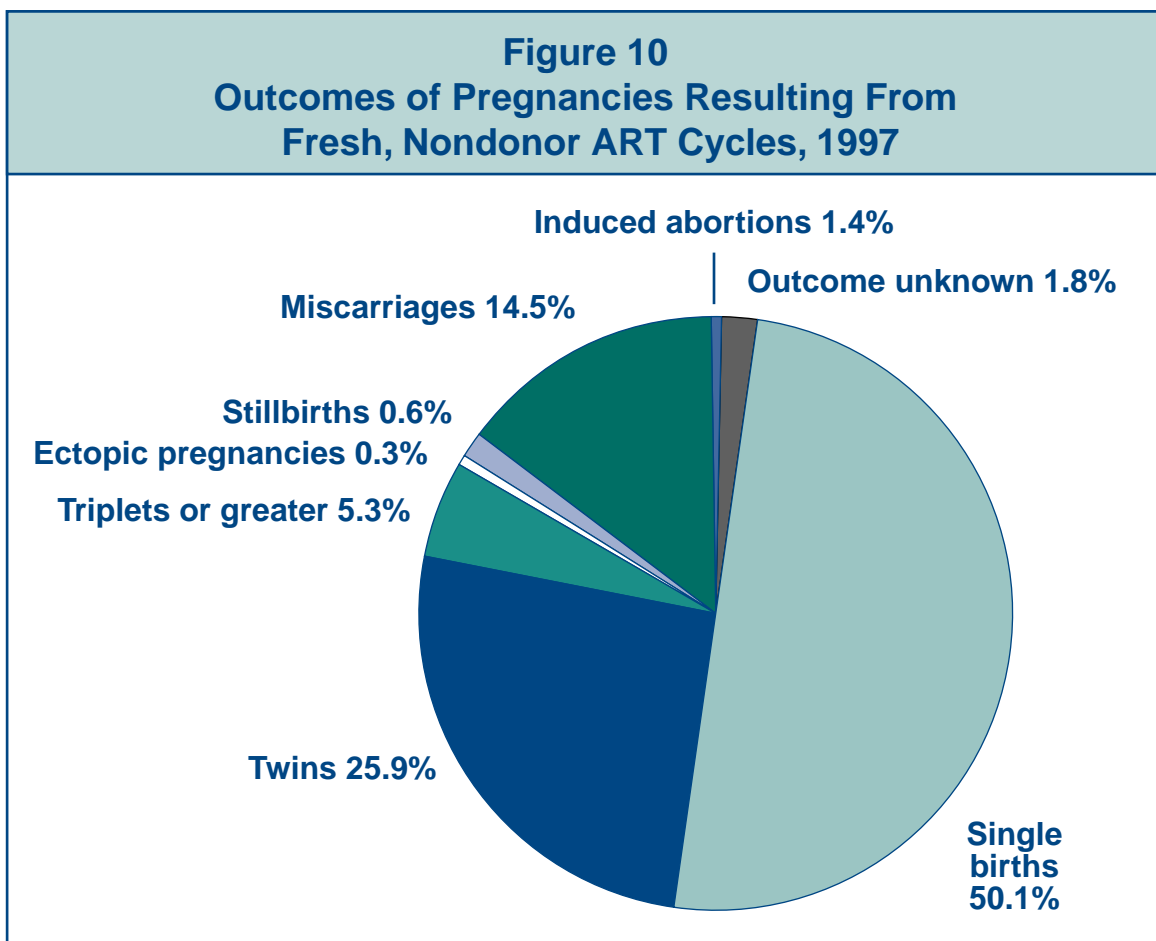
Although a multiple birth is counted as one live birth, multiple births are presented here as a separate category because they are often associated with adverse outcomes or other problems. Newborn deaths and birth defects are not included as adverse outcomes because the available information for these outcomes is incomplete. Information on multifetal pregnancy reductions is also incomplete and thus not provided.



*A multiple birth is counted as one live birth because it is a single delivery. The total live birth rate (single and multiple) was 24%.

What percentage of pregnancies results in a live birth or multiple birth?

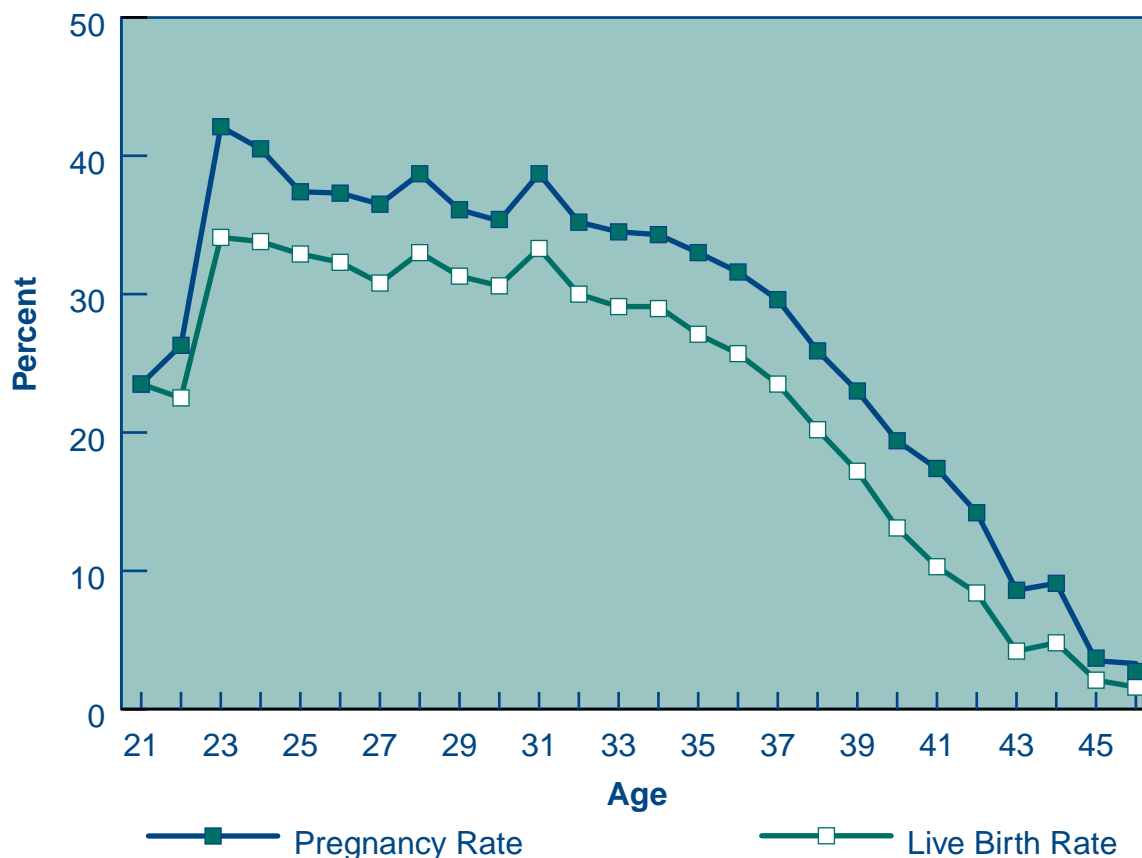
Figure 10 shows the outcomes of the ART cycles that resulted in pregnancies in 1997 (see Figure 9). Approximately 81% resulted in a live birth (50.1% in a single birth and 31.2% in a multiple birth). Thus, 38% of all ART births were multiple births, compared with less than 3% of births in the general population. Multiple births are associated with greater problems for both mothers and infants. Approximately 17% of pregnancies resulted in an adverse outcome (miscarriage, ectopic pregnancy, induced abortion, or stillbirth), and the outcomes of about 2% of pregnancies were unknown.



Do ART success rates differ among women of different ages?

A woman's age is the most important factor affecting the chances of a live birth when her own eggs are used. Figure 11 shows both the pregnancy and live birth rates for women of different ages who had ART procedures in 1997. Among women in their twenties, both pregnancy and live birth rates were relatively stable; however, both rates declined sharply from the mid-thirties onward as fertility declined with age.

Figure 11
Pregnancy and Live Birth Rates for Fresh, Nondonor ART Cycles, by Age of Woman, 1997



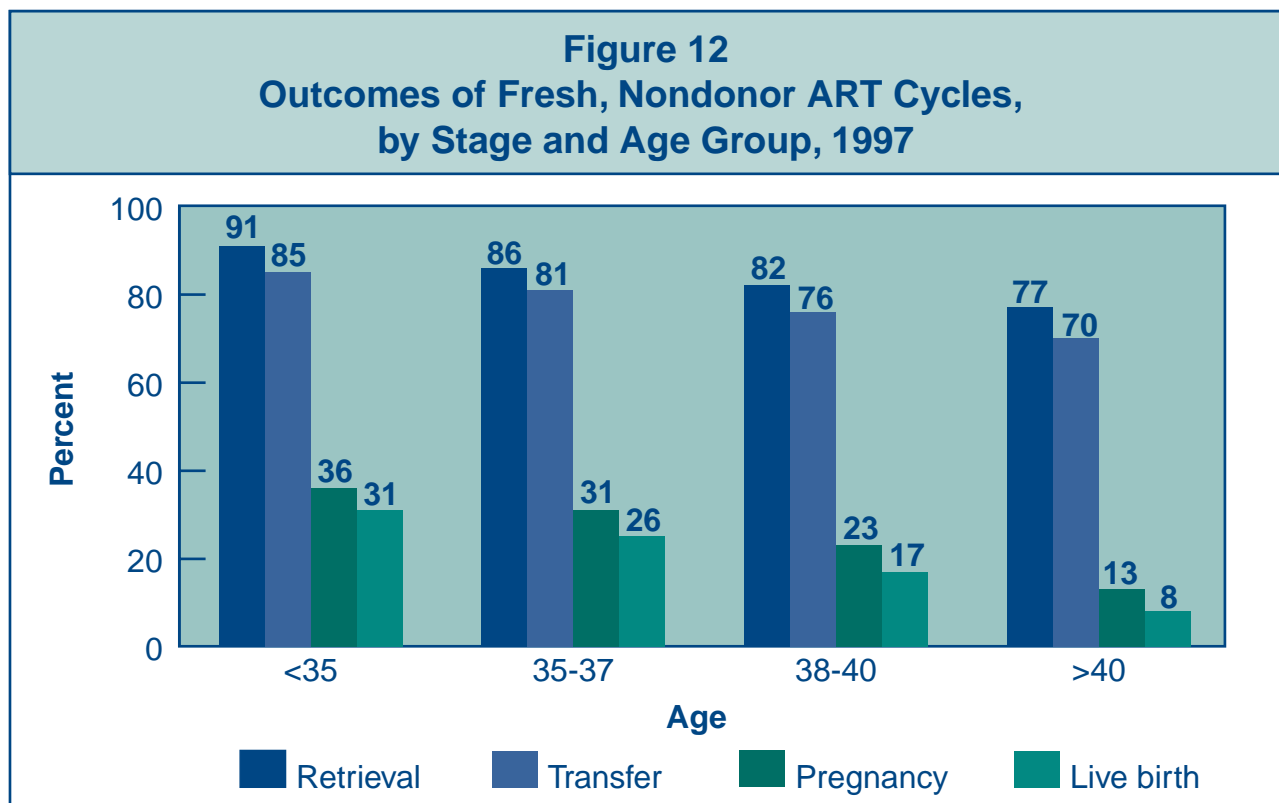
How does a woman's age affect her chances of success at the various stages of ART?

Figure 12 shows that a woman's chances of success using ART (with her own eggs) *decrease* at **every stage** of ART as her age *increases*.

- As women get older, the likelihood of a successful response to ovarian stimulation and progression to **egg retrieval** decreases.
- As women get older, cycles that have progressed to egg retrieval are slightly less likely to reach **transfer**. Thus, as women get older, the overall likelihood of cycles progressing from start to transfer decreases.
- The percentage of cycles that progress from transfer to **pregnancy** also decreases as women get older. This decrease contributes to the overall decrease in the likelihood of a cycle progressing from start to pregnancy as women get older.
- As women get older, cycles that have progressed to pregnancy are less likely to result in a **live birth**. Cumulatively, live births occurred in 31% of cycles started in 1997 among women younger than 35, 26% among women aged 35-37, 17% among women aged 38-40, and 8% among women older than 40.

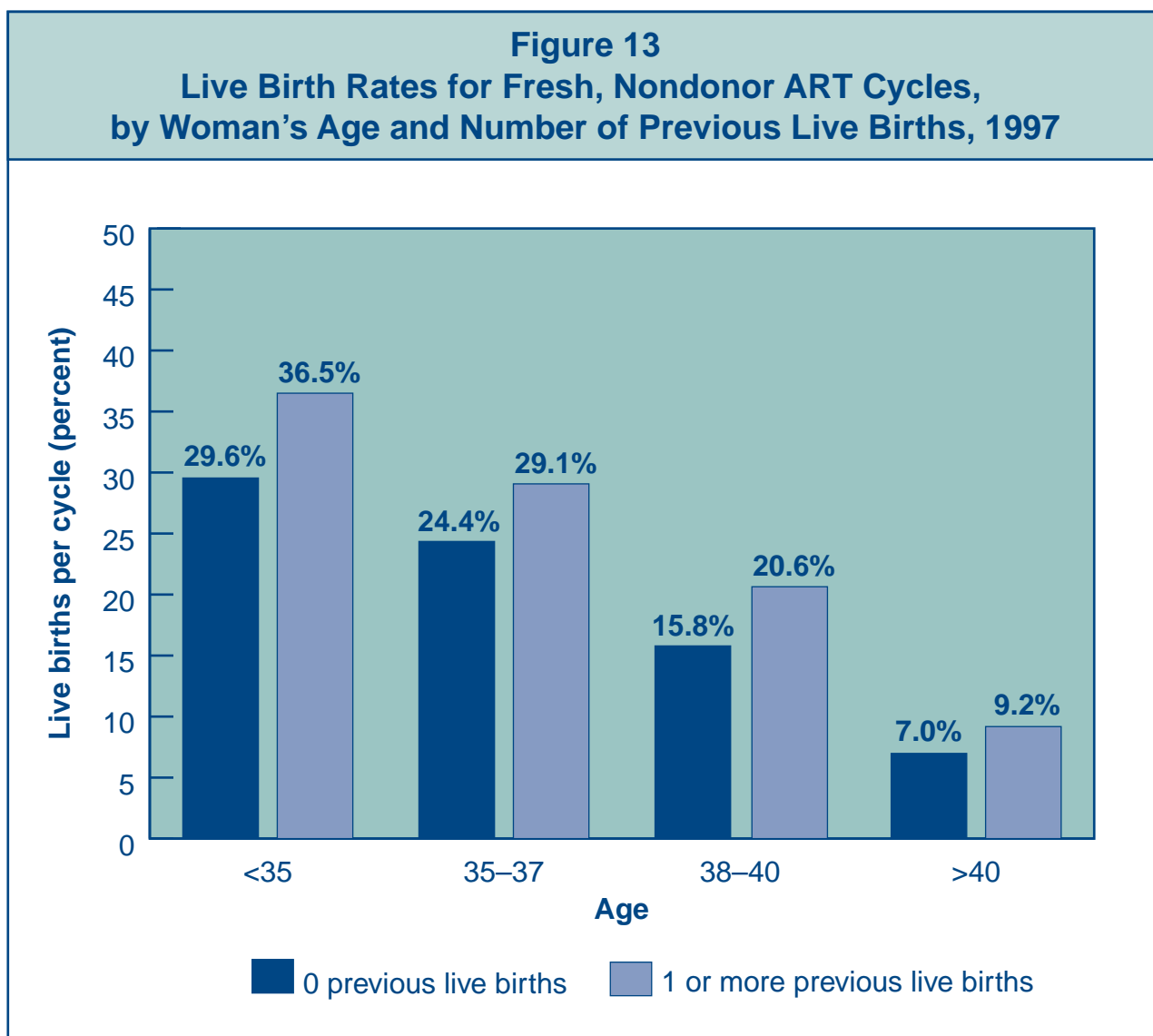
In 1997, a total of 55,002 fresh, nondonor cycles were started:

- 24,581 among women under 35.
- 12,733 among women 35-37.
- 10,997 among women 38-40.
- 6,691 among women over 40.



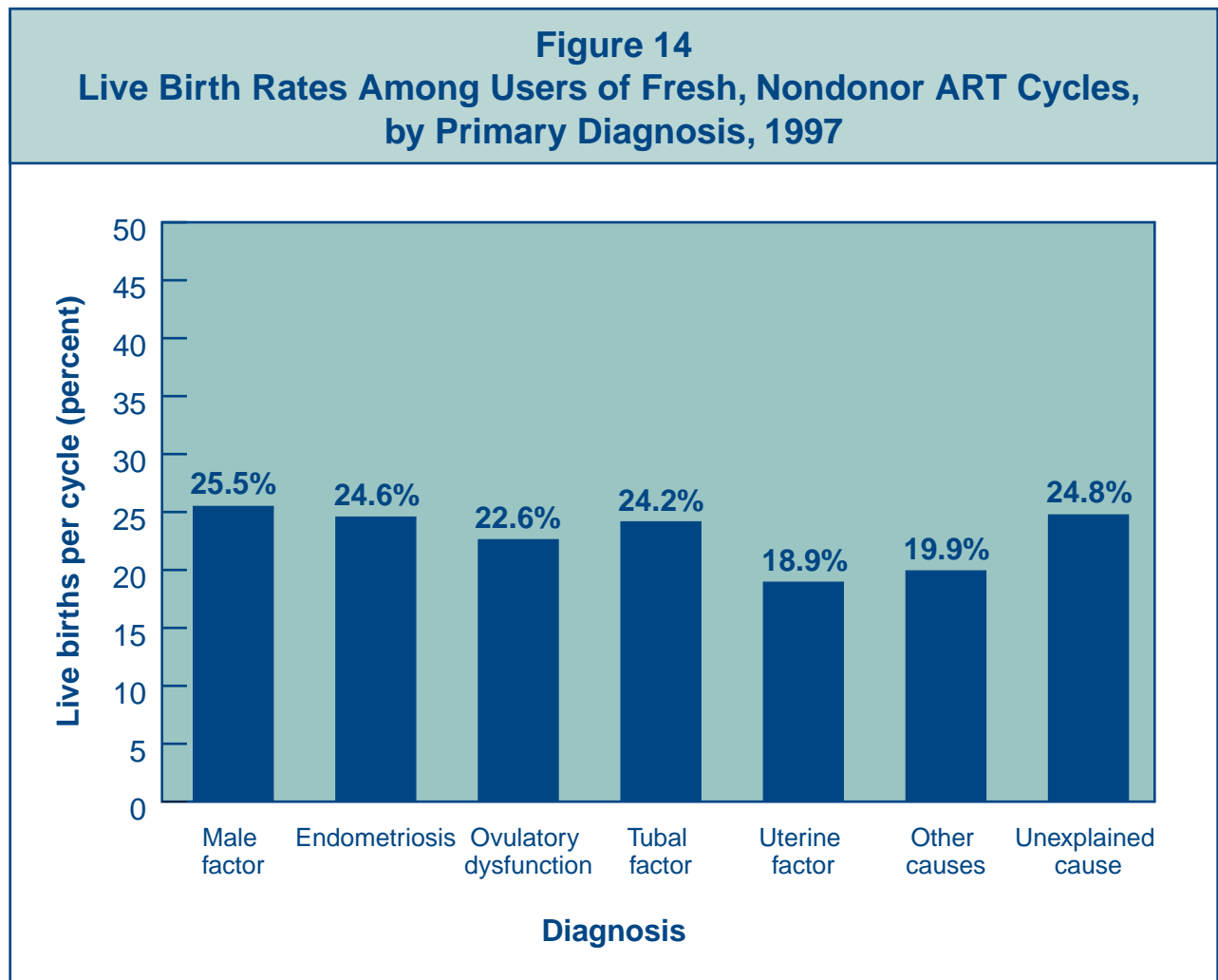
How do the chances of success using ART compare for women who have previously given birth and women who have not?

Figure 13 shows the relationship between the success of an ART cycle performed in 1997 and the history of previous births to the woman who had the treatment. Previous live births were conceived naturally in some cases and through ART in others. In all age groups, women who had not had a previous live birth were less likely to have a live birth by using ART.



Does the cause of infertility affect the chances of success using ART?

Figure 14 shows the percentage of live births after an ART procedure according to the primary cause of infertility. (See the glossary for an explanation of the diagnoses.) The success rates varied little among most of the different diagnoses; most were near the overall national success rate of 24.0%. However, the use of these diagnostic categories may vary from clinic to clinic, and the definitions are imprecise.

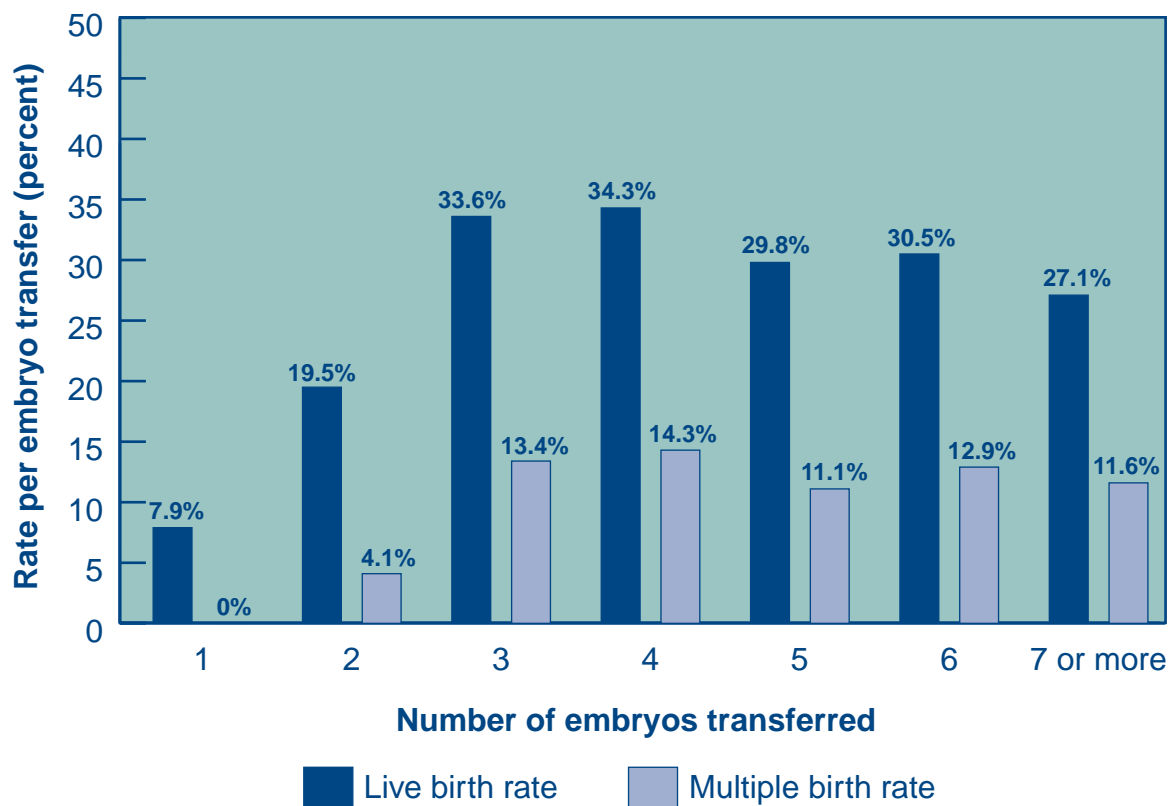


Is an ART cycle more likely to be successful when more embryos are transferred?

Figure 15 shows the relationship between the number of embryos transferred during an ART procedure in 1997 and the number of infants born alive as a result of that procedure. In general, transferring multiple embryos during an ART cycle improves the chances for a live birth but also increases the possibility of a multiple birth. Multiple births are of concern because of the additional health risks they create for both mothers and infants (e.g., higher rates of caesarean-section, prematurity, low birth weight, and infant death and disability).

The relationships between number of embryos transferred, success rates, and multiple births are complicated by several factors. Thus, the relationships shown in this figure do not hold for all women. A more detailed CDC report that discusses how age and embryo quality may affect the relationships between the number of embryos transferred, live birth rates, and multiple birth rates has been published in a separate journal article [Journal of the American Medical Association 1999;282(19):1832-1838.]

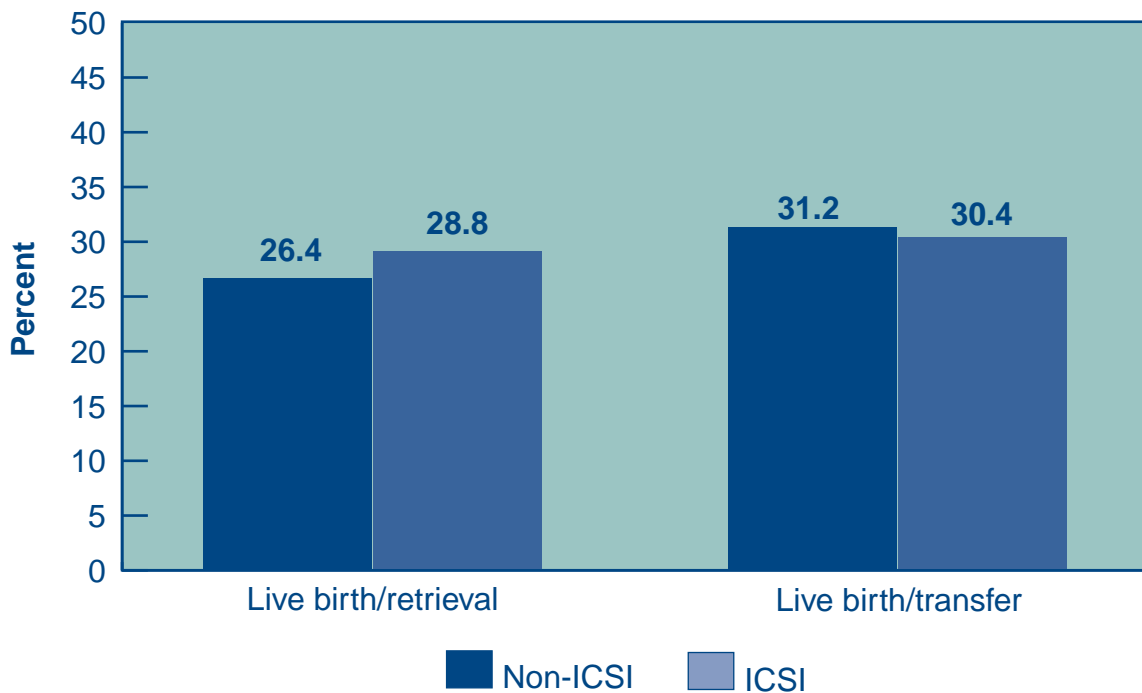
Figure 15
Live Birth and Multiple Birth Rates for Fresh, Nondonor ART Cycles, by Number of Embryos Transferred, 1997



Is an ART cycle more likely to be successful for couples with male factor infertility when ICSI is used?

In 1997, approximately 30% of fresh, nondonor ART cycles used ICSI (intracytoplasmic sperm injection, a procedure in which a single sperm is injected directly into an egg), most often to overcome problems with sperm function or motility. Figure 16 compares the success rates for ART procedures involving ICSI with those not involving ICSI among couples with male factor infertility as the primary diagnosis. Because ICSI can be performed only when at least one egg has been retrieved, only the live birth per retrieval rate and the live birth per transfer rate are compared. In 1997, success rates per retrieval were slightly higher when ICSI was used, indicating that ICSI may improve the chances of fertilization among couples with male factor infertility. The similarity in success rates for live births per transfer with and without ICSI shows that once the egg was fertilized, ICSI did not affect the success rate.

Figure 16
Success Rates for Fresh, Nondonor ART Cycles Including and Not Including ICSI Among Couples With Male Factor Infertility,* 1997

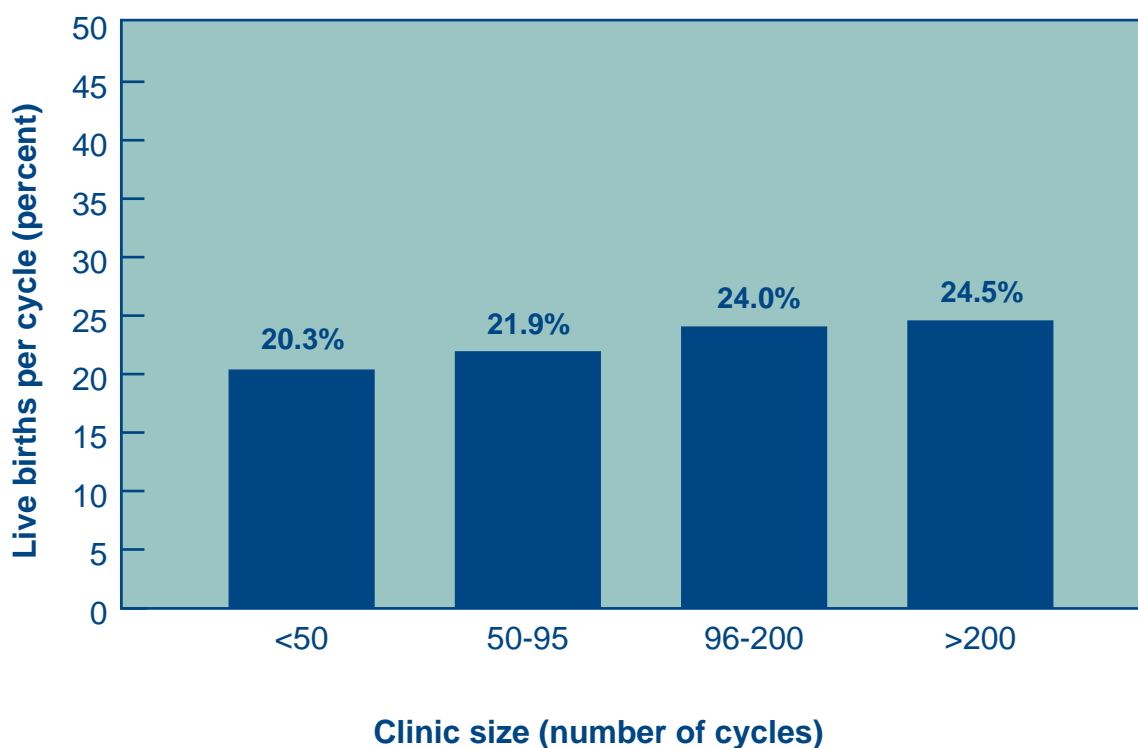


*As the primary diagnosis.

Does the size of the clinic affect its success rate?

Fertility clinics in the United States vary in the number of ART procedures that they carry out every year. In 1997, success rates tended to be slightly higher among clinics that performed more cycles. In Figure 17, clinics are divided into four equal groups (called quartiles) based on the size of the clinic as determined by the number of cycles it carried out. The percentages for each quartile represent the average success rates for clinics in that quartile. For the exact number of cycles and success rates at an individual clinic, refer to the clinic table section of this report.

Figure 17
Live Birth Rates for Fresh, Nondonor ART Cycles, by Clinic Size, 1997

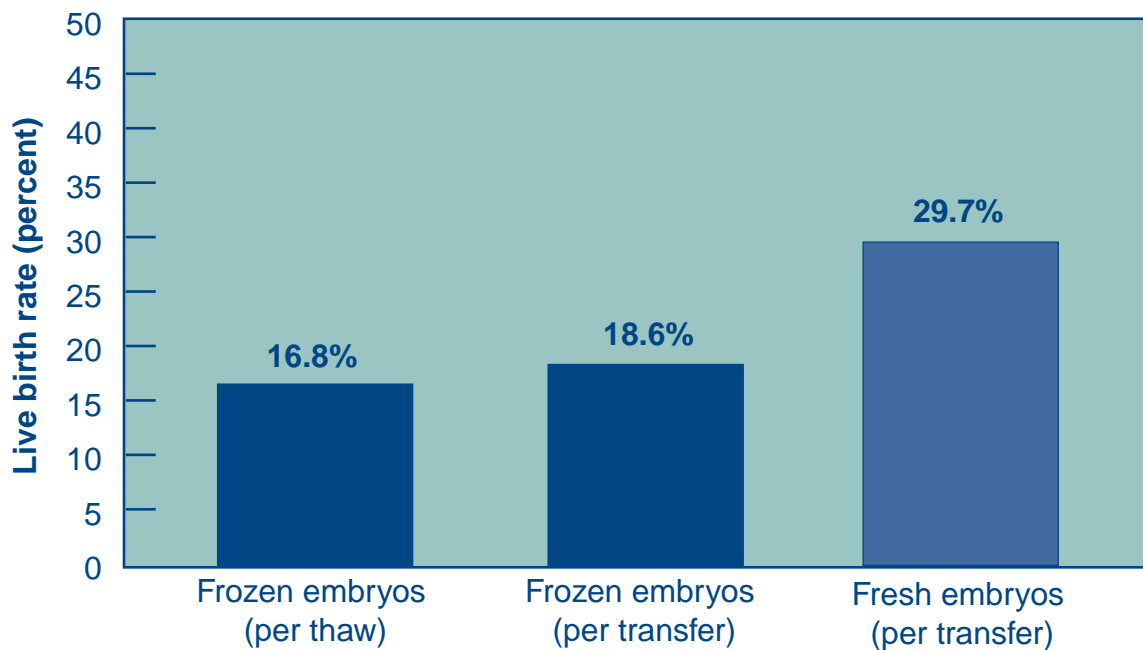


SECTION 3: ART CYCLES USING ONLY FROZEN EMBRYOS

What are the success rates for ART using frozen embryos?

Approximately 14% of all ART cycles performed in 1997, or 10,181 cycles, used only frozen embryos. Figure 18 compares the success rates for frozen embryos with the rate for fresh embryos. Some embryos do not survive the freezing or thawing process. Thus, the live birth per thaw rate, which takes into account all embryos frozen, is usually lower than the live birth per transfer rate. In 1997, the live birth per thaw and live birth per transfer rates for frozen embryos were lower than the live birth per transfer rate for fresh embryos. However, cycles that use frozen embryos are both less expensive and less invasive than fresh cycles because the woman does not have to go through the fertility drug stimulation and egg retrieval process again.

Figure 18
Live Birth Rates for Frozen Embryos and Fresh Embryos, 1997

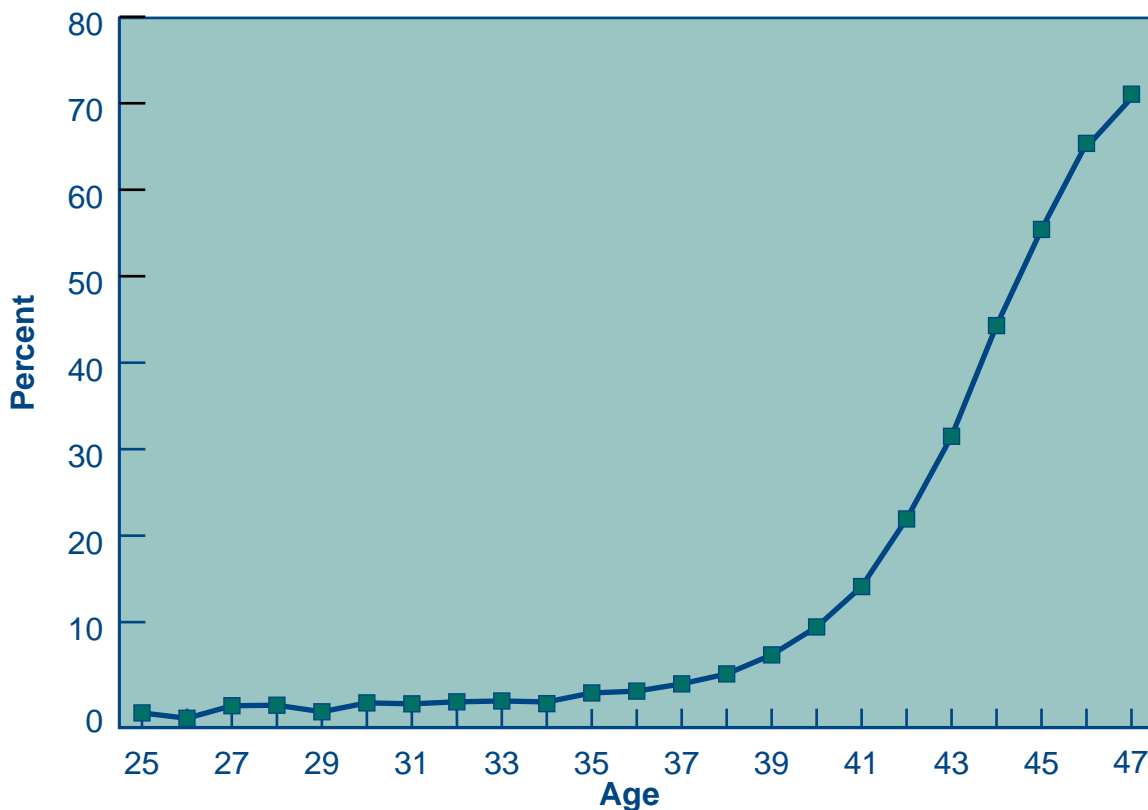


SECTION 4: ART CYCLES USING DONOR EGGS

Are older women more likely to have ART using donor eggs?

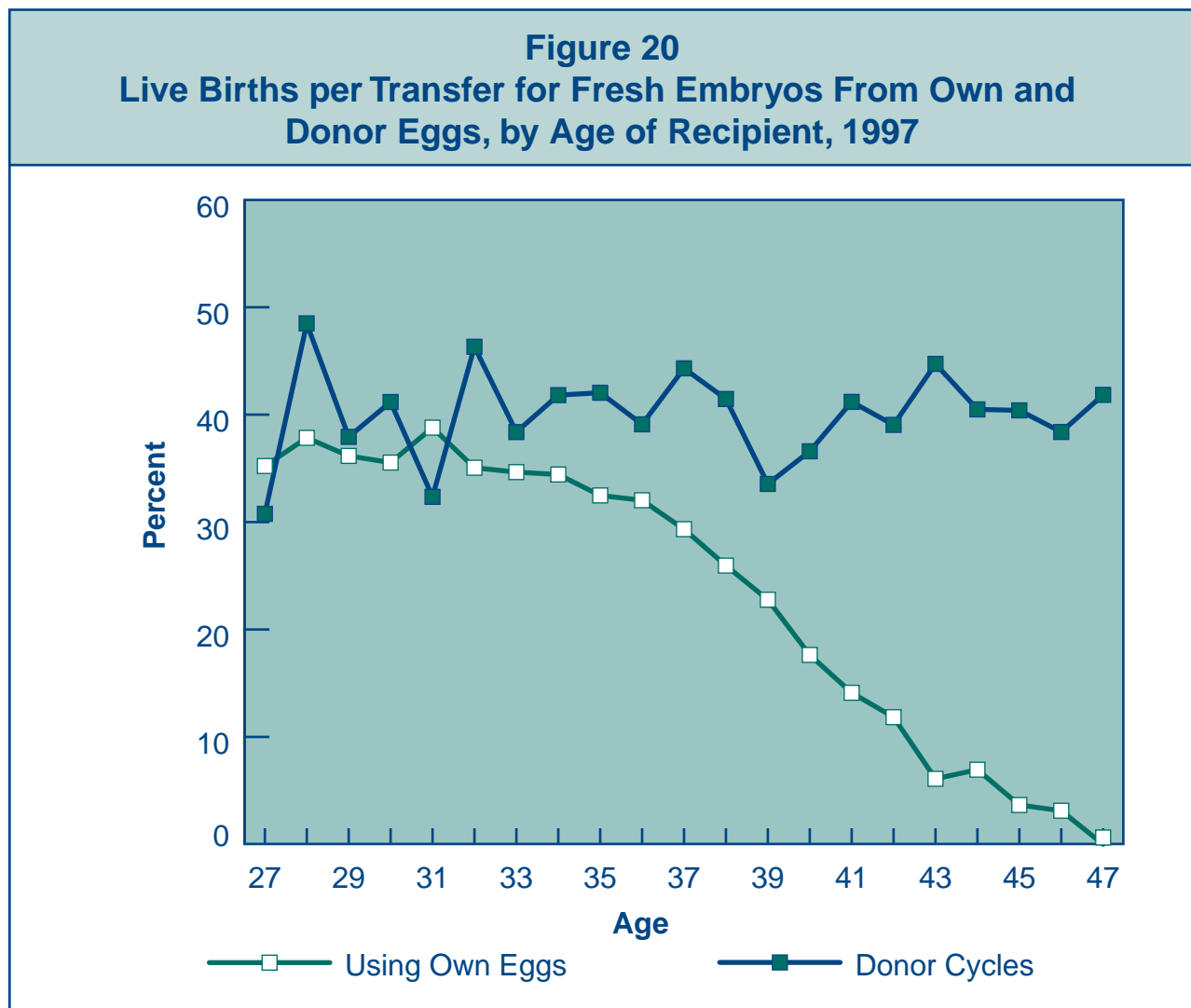
As shown in Figure 12, eggs produced by women in older age groups form embryos that are less likely to implant and more likely to miscarry if they do implant. As a result, ART using donor eggs is much more common among older women than among younger women. Donor eggs were used in approximately 9% of all ART cycles carried out in 1997, or 6,643 cycles. Figure 19 shows the percentage of ART cycles using donor eggs in 1997 according to the woman's age. Donor eggs were used in less than 5% of cycles among women younger than age 37. The percentage of cycles carried out with donor eggs then increased sharply. Among women older than age 46, more than 70% of all ART cycles used donor eggs.

Figure 19
Percentage of ART Cycles Using Donor Eggs,
by Age of Recipient, 1997



What are the success rates for ART when donor eggs are used?

Figure 20 compares success rates for ART using donor eggs with those for ART using a woman's own eggs among women of different ages. The likelihood of a fertilized egg implanting is related to the age of the woman who produced the egg. Egg donors are typically in their twenties or early thirties. Thus, the live birth per transfer rate for cycles using embryos from donor eggs varies only slightly across all age groups. In contrast, this rate for cycles using embryos from the woman's own eggs declines steadily as women get older.



A microscopic view of cells, likely from a blood smear, showing various cell types and structures. The image is in grayscale and serves as a background for the text.

1997

Fertility

Clinic

Tables

Introduction to Fertility Clinic Tables

In this section, each clinic's data are presented in a one-page table that includes individual program characteristics, the types of ART used, patient diagnoses, and success rates that each clinic reported and verified for 1997. Clinics are listed in alphabetical order by state, city, and clinic. The first table in this section is the national summary of data from all clinics.

Many people considering ART will want to use this report to find the “best” clinic. However, comparisons between clinics must be made with caution. Many factors contribute to the success of an ART procedure. Some factors are related to the training and experience of the ART clinic and laboratory professionals and the quality of services they provide. Other factors are related to the patients themselves, such as their age and the cause of their infertility. Some clinics may be more willing than others to accept patients with low chances of success or may specialize in different ART treatments that attract particular types of patients. These and other factors to consider when interpreting clinic data are discussed below.

Important Factors to Consider When Using These Tables to Assess a Clinic

- *These statistics are for 1997.* Data for cycles started in 1997 could not be published until 1999 because the final outcomes of pregnancies conceived in December 1997 were not known until October 1998. Additional time was then required to collect and analyze the data and prepare the report. Many factors that contribute to a clinic's success rate may have changed, for better or for worse, in the 2 years since these procedures were performed. Personnel may be different. Equipment and training may or may not have been updated. As a result, success rates for 1997 may differ from current rates.
- *No reported success rate is absolute.* A clinic's success rates will vary from year to year even if all determining factors remain the same. However, the more cycles that a clinic carries out, the less the rate is likely to vary. Conversely, clinics that carry out fewer cycles are likely to have more variability in success rates from year to year. As an extreme example, if a clinic reports only one ART cycle in a given category, as is sometimes the case in the data presented here, the clinic's success rate in that category would be either 0% or 100%. For further detail, see the explanation of confidence intervals on page 381.
- *Some clinics see more than the average number of patients with difficult infertility problems.* Some clinics are willing to offer ART to most potential users, even those who have a low probability of success. Others discourage such patients or encourage them to use donor eggs, a practice that results in higher success rates among older women. Clinics that accept a higher percentage of women who have had multiple previous unsuccessful ART cycles will generally have lower success rates than clinics that do not. In contrast, clinics that offer ART procedures to patients who might have become pregnant with less technologically advanced treatment will have higher success rates than clinics that do not.

A related issue is that success rates shown in this report are presented in terms of cycles, as required by law, rather than in terms of women. As a result, women who had more than one ART cycle in 1997 are represented in multiple cycles. If a woman who received several ART cycles at a given clinic either never had a successful cycle or had a successful cycle only after numerous attempts, the clinic's success rates would be lowered.

-
- *Cancellation rates affect a clinic's success rate.* Some clinics are more likely than others to cancel a cycle if a woman produces only a small number of eggs. Cancellation rates for fresh, nondonor cycles vary among clinics from less than 1% to approximately 30%. A high cancellation rate tends to lower the live birth per cycle rate but may increase the live birth per retrieval and live birth per transfer rates.
 - *Success rates for unstimulated (or "natural") cycles are included with those for stimulated cycles.* In an unstimulated cycle, the woman ovulates naturally rather than through the daily injections required by stimulated cycles. Unstimulated cycles are less expensive because they require no daily injections and fewer ultrasounds and blood tests. However, women who use natural or mild stimulation produce only one or two follicles, thus reducing the potential number of embryos for transfer. As a result, unstimulated cycles have lower success rates, and clinics that carry out a relatively high proportion of unstimulated cycles will have lower success rates than those that do not. Nationally, fewer than 1% of ART cycles in 1997 were unstimulated. However, in a very few clinics, more than 25% of cycles were unstimulated.
 - *Success rates for GIFT and ZIFT are reported together with those for IVF.* Because success rates for GIFT may be higher than rates for IVF, clinics that do more GIFT procedures will have higher success rates. However, many women are not suitable candidates for GIFT or ZIFT. As mentioned on page 10, GIFT and ZIFT are more invasive than IVF, and many clinics perform very few GIFT and ZIFT procedures.
 - *Live births resulting from extra embryos from a stimulated cycle that were frozen and transferred at a later date are counted only under frozen cycles.* Clinics that have very good live birth rates with frozen embryos would have higher ART success rates if live births from frozen embryos were included as a success for the original stimulated cycle. Consumers should look at rates for both fresh and frozen cycles when assessing a clinic's success rates.
 - *The number of embryos transferred varies from clinic to clinic.* In 1997, the average number of embryos that a clinic transferred to women younger than age 35 ranged from 1.0 to 6.2 for fresh nondonor cycles. The American Society for Reproductive Medicine and the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology discourage the transfer of a large number of embryos because it increases the likelihood of multiple gestations. Multiple gestations, in turn, increase both the probability of premature birth and its related problems and the need for multifetal pregnancy reductions.

In addition, success rates can be affected by many other factors, including

- The quality of eggs.
- The quality of sperm (including motility and ability to penetrate the egg).
- The skill and competence of the treatment team.
- The general health of the woman.
- Genetic factors.

We encourage consumers considering ART to contact clinics to discuss their specific medical situation and their potential for success using ART. Because clinics did not have the opportunity to

provide a narrative to explain their data, such a conversation could provide additional information to help people decide whether or not to use ART.

Although ART offers important options for the treatment of infertility, the decision to use ART involves many factors in addition to success rates. Going through repeated ART cycles requires substantial commitments of time, effort, money, and emotional energy. Therefore, consumers should carefully examine all related financial, psychological, and medical issues before beginning treatment. They will also want to consider the location of the clinic, the counseling and support services available, and the rapport that staff have with their patients.

An explanation of how to read a fertility clinic table begins on page 37.

SAMPLE CLINIC

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

1 Program Characteristics		2 Type of ART ^a		3 ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	72%	Tubal factor	37%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	28%	Endometriosis	18%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	13%
		With ICSI	16%	Other factors	13%
		Unstimulated	1%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

4 Type of Cycle	5 Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
4A Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	83	41	19	10
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	34.9	26.8	3/19	2/10
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	27.7	22.0	1/19	1/10
6 (95% confidence interval)	(18.1 - 37.3)	(9.3 - 34.6)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	28.4	23.1	1/15	1/8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	28.8	25.0	1/14	1/8
Cancellations per 100 cycles	2.4	4.9	4/19	2/10
Average number embryos transferred	5.2	5.6	6.8	7.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	27.6	1/11	1/3	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	20.7	1/11	0/3	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	44.8	2/9	1/1	0/1
4B Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	3	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/4	0/3		
Average number embryos transferred	1.0	1.7		
4C Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	1	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1		0/1	3/5
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	5.0		4.0	5.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

How to Read a Fertility Clinic Table

This section is provided to help consumers understand the information presented in the fertility clinic tables. The number before each heading refers to the number of the corresponding section in the sample clinic table on the opposite page. Technical terms are defined in the glossary in the appendix.

1. Program Characteristics

- **SART member**—323 of the 335 clinics reporting data from 1997 are SART members.
- **Single women and gestational carriers**—Clinics have varying policies regarding ART services for single (unmarried) women and gestational carriers (women who carry a child for another woman; sometimes referred to as *gestational surrogates*).
- **Donor egg program**— Some clinics have programs for ART using donor eggs.
- **Sharing of donor eggs**— Sharing of donor eggs refers to donor cycles in which eggs from a single donor are given to more than one woman. Policies regarding sharing of donor eggs vary from clinic to clinic.

2. Type of ART Used

In the fertility clinic tables, ART success rates are not broken down into IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT. (See glossary for definitions.) Because the percentages of GIFT and ZIFT are usually small, these three types of ART are combined. However, knowing the percentage of each type of procedure performed can be useful because carrying out a higher percentage of GIFT procedures may increase a clinic's success rate. This section also indicates the percentage of procedures that involved intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI), which not all clinics performed in 1997, and the percentage of cycles that were unstimulated.

3. ART Patient Diagnosis

Consumers may want to know what percentage of a particular clinic's patients have the same diagnosis as they do. (See the glossary for definitions of diagnoses.) In addition, patients' diagnoses may affect a clinic's success rates. However, the use of these diagnostic categories may vary from clinic to clinic, and the definitions are imprecise. Thus, these statistics should be applied with caution.

4. Success Rates by Type of Cycle

Success rates are given for the three types of cycles described in 4A-C below: cycles using fresh embryos from nondonor eggs, cycles using frozen embryos from nondonor eggs, and cycles using donor eggs. The success rates indicate the average chance of success for the given procedure at the clinic in 1997 for each of four age groups. Success rates are calculated as either the number of pregnancies or the number of live births from ART for every hundred cycles started, egg retrievals, or embryo transfers at the clinic in 1997. For example, if a clinic started a total of 50 cycles in 1997, and 15 live births resulted, the average success rate for cycles started at that clinic per 100 cycles would be

$$\frac{15 \text{ live births}}{50 \text{ cycles}} = \frac{30 \text{ live births}}{100 \text{ cycles}}$$

Thus, the success rate for live births per 100 cycles is 30.

When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in a given category, the rates are shown as fractions rather than in terms of 100 cycles. For example, the sample clinic carried out only four frozen cycles using donor eggs among women younger than age 35. Of these four cycles, two—or 50 per 100 cycles—were successful. However, because of the small number of cycles, 50 live births per 100 cycles is not a reliable success rate, so the success rate is presented as 2/4.

When no cycles were performed in a category, no rates or embryo transfer averages could be calculated, so these spaces are blank. (For an example, see frozen embryo cycles among women aged 38–40 and older than 40 in the sample clinic table.)

4A. Cycles Using Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs

This section includes IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT cycles that used a woman's own eggs. Cycles that used frozen embryos or donor eggs are not included here.

- **Pregnancies per 100 cycles**

(Number of pregnancies divided by number of cycles started, expressed in terms of 100 cycles)

A stimulated cycle is started when a woman begins taking fertility drugs; an unstimulated cycle is started when egg production begins being monitored. The number of cycles that a clinic starts is not the same as the number of patients that it treats because some women start more than one cycle in a year. Because some pregnancies end in a miscarriage, induced abortion, or stillbirth, this rate is usually higher than the live birth rate.

- **Live births per 100 cycles**

(Number of live births divided by number of cycles started, expressed in terms of 100 cycles)

This number represents the cycles that resulted in a live birth out of all ART cycles started. One live birth may include one or more children born alive (i.e., a multiple birth is counted as one live birth).

- **Live births per 100 retrievals**

(Number of live births divided by number of egg retrievals, expressed in terms of 100 retrievals)

This number represents the cycles that resulted in a live birth out of all cycles in which an egg retrieval was performed. The number of egg retrievals a clinic performs is often smaller than the number of cycles started because some cycles are canceled before the woman has an egg retrieved. As a result, this rate is usually higher than the live birth per cycle started rate.

- **Live births per 100 transfers**

(Number of live births divided by number of embryo transfers, expressed in terms of 100 transfers)

This number represents the cycles that resulted in a live birth out of all cycles in which one or more embryos were transferred into the woman's uterus, or in the case of GIFT and ZIFT, egg and sperm or embryos were transferred into the woman's fallopian tubes. A clinic may carry out more egg retrievals than embryo transfers because not every retrieval results in egg fertil-

ization and embryo transfer. For this reason, live birth rates based on transfers will be higher than those reported for egg retrievals and for cycles started.

- **Cancellations per 100 cycles**

(Number of cycles canceled divided by the total number of cycles, expressed in terms of 100 cycles)

This number refers to the cycles that were stopped before an egg was retrieved. A cycle may be canceled if a woman's ovaries do not respond to fertility medications and thus produce an insufficient number of follicles. Cycles are also canceled because of illness or other medical or personal reasons.

- **Average number of embryos transferred**

(Average number of embryos per embryo transfer procedure)

The average number of embryos transferred varies from clinic to clinic. The American Society for Reproductive Medicine and the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology have practice guidelines that address this issue.

- **Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies**

(Number of pregnancies with two fetuses divided by the total number of pregnancies, expressed in terms of 100 pregnancies)

A gestation with two or more fetuses is counted as one pregnancy.

- **Triplet or greater gestations per 100 pregnancies**

(Number of pregnancies with three or more fetuses divided by the total number of pregnancies, expressed in terms of 100 pregnancies)

Multiple gestations can be associated with increased risk for mothers and babies (e.g., higher caesarean-section rates, prematurity, and low birth weight) and the possibility for multifetal reduction.

A gestation with two or more fetuses is counted as one pregnancy.

- **Multiple live births per 100 live births**

(Number of deliveries resulting in the birth of more than one living baby divided by the total number of live births, expressed in terms of 100 live births)

A delivery of one or more living babies is counted as one live birth.

4B. Cycles Using Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs

Frozen (cryopreserved) cycles are those in which previously frozen embryos are thawed and then transferred. Because frozen cycles use embryos formed from a previous stimulated cycle, no stimulation or retrieval is involved. As a result, these cycles are usually less expensive and less invasive than cycles using fresh embryos. In addition, freezing some of the embryos from a retrieval procedure may increase a woman's overall chances of having a child from a single retrieval.

4C. Cycles Using Donor Eggs

Older women, women with premature ovarian failure (early menopause), women whose ovaries have been removed, and women with a genetic concern about using their own eggs may consider using eggs that are donated by a young and healthy woman. Embryos donated by couples who previously had ART may also be available. Many clinics provide services for donor egg and embryo cycles. Live birth rates do not vary much by the recipient's age when donor eggs or embryos are used. (See Figure 20 on page 29.)

5. Age of Woman

Because a woman's fertility declines with age, clinics report lower success rates for older women attempting to become pregnant with their own eggs. For this reason, rates are reported separately for women younger than age 35, for women aged 35–37 years, for women aged 38–40 years, and for women older than age 40. The sample clinic profile illustrates the decline in ART success rates among older women: 100 cycles started at this clinic in women younger than age 35 resulted in 24.6 live births, whereas 100 cycles in women older than age 40 resulted in only 6.9 live births.

6. 95% Confidence Interval

The tables show 95% confidence intervals for live births per 100 cycles unless fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category. The 95% confidence interval tells us how reliable a clinic's success rate is. In general, the more cycles that a clinic performs, the narrower the range of its confidence interval and the more likely the clinic would be to have the same success rate if it treated other similar groups of patients under similar clinical conditions.

Even though one clinic's success rate may appear higher than another's based on the confidence intervals, ***confidence intervals are only one indication that the success rate may be better. Other factors must also be considered*** when comparing rates from two clinics. For example, some clinics see more than the average number of patients with difficult infertility problems, while others discourage patients with a low probability of success. For further information on important factors to consider when using the tables to assess a clinic, refer to pages 33 to 35.

For a more detailed explanation and examples of confidence intervals, see page 381 in the Appendix.

1997 National Summary

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
Total clinics	335	IVF	93%	Tubal factor	27%
SART member?	96%	GIFT	4%	Endometriosis	14%
Single women?	76%	ZIFT	2%	Uterine factor	2%
Gestational carriers?	37%	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%
Donor egg program?	78%			Male factor	16%
Sharing of donor eggs?	23%	With ICSI	35%	Other factors	10%
		Unstimulated	<1%	Unexplained	8%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	24,581	12,733	10,997	6,691
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	35.7	31.3	22.8	13.2
Live births per 100 cycles ^c	30.7	25.5	17.1	7.6
Live births per 100 retrievals ^c	33.8	29.6	20.9	9.9
Live births per 100 transfers ^c	35.9	31.4	22.5	10.9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	9.3	14.0	18.3	22.9
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	30.7	26.4	21.8	15.3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	13.7	11.3	6.8	2.8
Multiple births per 100 live births ^c	43.0	36.8	28.4	19.0
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4,862	2,144	1,385	774
Live births per 100 transfers ^c	21.3	18.6	14.5	10.0
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.6
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	547	480	846	2,625
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^c	40.8	41.9	36.6	40.2
Number of frozen transfers	177	134	213	958
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^c	16.4	22.4	19.3	23.6
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.7

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

ART PROGRAM OF ALABAMA BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	23%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	20%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	19%
		With ICSI	55%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	9%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	133	38	35	7
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	33.1	26.3	28.6	1/7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	28.6	21.1	14.3	1/7
(95% confidence interval)	(20.9 - 36.2)	(8.1 - 34.0)	(2.7 - 25.9)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	33.0	27.6	17.9	1/6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	35.8	29.6	18.5	1/5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	13.5	23.7	20.0	1/7
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	3.3	3.5	4.6
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	20.5	3/10	0/10	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	9.1	0/10	0/10	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	23.7	3/8	0/5	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	15	5	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/15	0/5	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	2.2	3.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	2	1	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/2	1/2	1/1	1/1
Number of frozen transfers	2	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/2			0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.8	3.5	4.0	3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA AT BIRMINGHAM
BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	72%	Tubal factor	37%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	28%	Endometriosis	18%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	13%
		With ICSI	16%	Other factors	13%
		Unstimulated	1%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	83	41	19	10
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	34.9	26.8	3/19	2/10
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	27.7	22.0	1/19	1/10
(95% confidence interval)	(18.1 - 37.3)	(9.3 - 34.6)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	28.4	23.1	1/15	1/8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	28.8	25.0	1/14	1/8
Cancellations per 100 cycles	2.4	4.9	4/19	2/10
Average number embryos transferred	5.2	5.6	6.8	7.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	27.6	1/11	1/3	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	20.7	1/11	0/3	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	34.8	2/9	1/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	3	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/4	0/3		
Average number embryos transferred	1.0	1.7		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	1	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1		0/1	3/5
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	5.0		4.0	5.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MOBILE, ALABAMA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	95%	Tubal factor	24%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	5%	Endometriosis	18%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	52%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	45%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	25	12	7	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	32.0	2/12	1/7	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	24.0	2/12	1/7	
(95% confidence interval)	(7.3 - 40.7)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	27.3	2/11	1/5	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	6/19	2/10	1/5	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	12.0	1/12	2/7	
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.1	2.4	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/8	0/2	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/8	0/2	1/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/6	0/2	1/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	5	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/5			
Average number embryos transferred	4.0			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/1	
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			5.0	

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
IVF AND ART PROGRAM
MOBILE, ALABAMA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	58%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	18%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	71%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	30	10	4	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	40.0	3/10	0/4	1/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	26.7	2/10	0/4	1/4
(95% confidence interval)	(10.8 - 42.5)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	26.7	2/10	0/4	1/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	28.6	2/9	0/4	1/4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	0/10	0/4	0/4
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	4.4	4.0	4.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/12	1/3		0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/12	1/3		0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/8	2/2		0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	0	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1		0/1	
Average number embryos transferred	2.0		3.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

FERTILITY TREATMENT CENTER CHANDLER, ARIZONA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	37%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	15%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	25%
		With ICSI	14%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	1%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	36	29	18	12
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	41.7	20.7	3/18	2/12
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	36.1	20.7	3/18	2/12
(95% confidence interval)	(20.4 - 51.8)	(5.9 - 35.4)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	38.2	28.6	3/17	2/10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	39.4	30.0	3/15	2/10
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.6	27.6	1/18	2/12
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	4.2	3.9	6.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/15	1/6	0/3	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/15	2/6	1/3	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/13	3/6	1/3	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	16	5	3	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	5/16	0/5	0/3	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	4.4	5.0	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	1	2	7
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	1/1	1/2	3/7
Number of frozen transfers	0	2	0	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		1/2		0/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	3.3	4.5	4.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**WEST VALLEY FERTILITY CENTER
GLENDALE, ARIZONA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	No	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	32%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	8%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	48%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	4%
		With ICSI	39%	Other factors	8%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	17	4	2	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	8/17	2/4	0/2	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	7/17	2/4	0/2	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	7/17	2/4	0/2	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	7/17	2/4	0/2	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/17	0/4	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	4.0	5.0	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/8	0/2		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/8	0/2		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/7	0/2		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/2			
Average number embryos transferred	3.5			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

ARIZONA INSTITUTE OF REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, LTD.
PHOENIX, ARIZONA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	28%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	32%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	9%
		With ICSI	59%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	2%	Unexplained	13%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	18	8	20	8
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	8/18	4/8	15.0	1/8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	8/18	4/8	10.0	1/8
(95% confidence interval)			(0.0 - 23.1)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	8/18	4/8	2/14	1/6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	8/16	4/8	2/13	1/5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/18	0/8	30.0	2/8
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	3.6	3.9	3.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/8	0/4	0/3	1/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/8	0/4	0/3	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/8	0/4	0/2	1/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	12	8	3	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	5/12	4/8	1/3	1/3
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	3.4	3.0	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	4
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				1/4
Number of frozen transfers	0	2	0	10
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		0/2		6/10
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		5.0		3.9

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

IVF PHOENIX PHOENIX, ARIZONA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	76%	Tubal factor	39%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	12%	Endometriosis	2%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	12%	Uterine factor	6%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	2%
		With ICSI	32%	Other factors	30%
		Unstimulated	2%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	25	6	12	7
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	44.0	3/6	4/12	1/7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	24.0	3/6	3/12	1/7
(95% confidence interval)	(7.3 - 40.7)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	24.0	3/5	3/11	1/7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	25.0	3/5	3/9	1/7
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	1/6	1/12	0/7
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	5.2	5.6	4.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/11	1/3	2/4	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/11	0/3	0/4	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/6	1/3	1/3	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	10	1	0	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	5/10	0/1		0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	2.0		4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1			
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0			

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**SAMARITAN INSTITUTE OF REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
PHOENIX, ARIZONA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	88%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	4%	Endometriosis	8%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	4%
		With ICSI	33%	Other factors	26%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	20%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	36	27	18	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	55.6	22.2	4/18	1/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	50.0	14.8	3/18	1/5
(95% confidence interval)	(33.7 - 66.3)	(1.4 - 28.2)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	52.9	4/18	3/7	1/5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	52.9	4/18	3/7	1/5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.6	33.3	11/18	0/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	3.7	4.3	3.6
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	35.0	2/6	1/4	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	20.0	1/6	1/4	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	10/18	2/4	2/3	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	13	1	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	5/13	0/1	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.0	4.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	1	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/2	1/1		1/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	2	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		1/2		
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	2.7		4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

SOUTHWEST FERTILITY CENTER PHOENIX, ARIZONA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	37%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	29%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	10%	Other factors	5%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	5%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	27	12	5	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	29.6	4/12	1/5	1/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	25.9	4/12	1/5	1/4
(95% confidence interval)	(9.4 - 42.5)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	25.9	4/12	1/5	1/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	25.9	4/12	1/4	1/4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	0/12	0/5	0/4
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	3.8	4.5	5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	5/8	1/4	0/1	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/8	0/4	0/1	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/7	1/4	0/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	2	3	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/4	1/2	0/3	
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	4.5	4.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/1	1/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			4.0	4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

ARIZONA CENTER FOR FERTILITY STUDIES

SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	6%	Tubal factor	32%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	56%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	38%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	5%
		With ICSI	16%	Other factors	20%
		Unstimulated	<1%	Unexplained	18%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	89	53	39	20
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	33.7	15.1	35.9	0.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	27.0	13.2	15.4	0.0
(95% confidence interval)	(17.7 - 36.2)	(4.1 - 22.3)	(4.1 - 26.7)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	27.9	14.6	17.1	0/17
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.3	20.0	19.4	0/12
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3.4	9.4	10.3	
Average number embryos transferred	4.8	4.8	5.2	3.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	23.3	3/8	2/14	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	13.3	0/8	0/14	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	37.5	2/7	2/6	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d			0/1	
Average number embryos transferred			4.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	4	3	5	22
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/4	1/3	1/5	45.5
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/1	
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.5	6.0	5.7	5.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**MAYO CLINIC SCOTTSDALE
SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	5%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	21%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	5%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	58%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	11%
		With ICSI	63%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	7	4	2	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	4/7	2/4	0/2	0/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	4/7	2/4	0/2	0/3
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	4/7	2/4	0/2	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/7	2/4	0/2	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/7	0/4	0/2	2/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.5	3.0	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/4	0/2		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/4	0/2		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/4	0/2		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/1	0/1		
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	5.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY TUCSON, ARIZONA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	88%	Tubal factor	27%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	6%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	31%
		With ICSI	23%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	64	45	33	15
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	28.1	11.1	18.2	0/15
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	23.4	11.1	9.1	0/15
(95% confidence interval)	(13.1 - 33.8)	(1.9 - 20.3)	(0.0 - 18.9)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	25.0	12.8	12.0	0/15
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	28.3	14.3	13.6	0/14
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.3	13.3	24.2	0/15
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	4.6	3.9	4.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	6/18	1/5	0/6	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/18	0/5	1/6	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	7/15	1/5	0/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	26	5	5	8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	11.5	0/5	1/5	0/8
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	3.6	3.4	4.4
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	2	5	11
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/2	0/2	2/5	1/11
Number of frozen transfers	3	2	3	6
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/3	0/2	1/3	0/6
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.6	4.5	4.9	4.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

INTRAVAGINAL CULTURE FERTILIZATION PROGRAM

LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	50%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	23%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	9%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	16	6	0	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	2/16	0/6		
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	1/16	0/6		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	1/14	0/5		
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/12	0/3		
Cancellations per 100 cycles	2/16	1/6		
Average number embryos transferred	2.5	2.3		
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2			
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2			
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/1			
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY OF ARKANSAS FOR MEDICAL SCIENCES IVF LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	36%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	21%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	16%
		With ICSI	16%	Other factors	10%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	83	32	21	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	41.0	31.3	19.0	0/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	28.9	25.0	14.3	0/5
(95% confidence interval)	(19.2 - 38.7)	(10.0 - 40.0)	(0.0 - 29.3)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	32.0	26.7	3/16	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	32.4	29.6	3/15	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	9.6	6.3	23.8	2/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	29.4	3/10	1/4	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	14.7	3/10	0/4	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	25.0	5/8	1/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	44	7	3	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	9.1	0/7	0/3	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	3.1	1.7	1.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	1	4
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1		1/1	2/4
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0		3.0	3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

ALTA BATES IN VITRO FERTILIZATION PROGRAM BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	19%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	2%	Endometriosis	10%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	16%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	12%
		With ICSI	30%	Other factors	9%
		Unstimulated	1%	Unexplained	5%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	31	16	37	21
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	45.2	7/16	27.0	23.8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	41.9	5/16	27.0	9.5
(95% confidence interval)	(24.6 - 59.3)		(12.7 - 41.3)	(0.0 - 22.1)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	43.3	5/14	33.3	9.5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	43.3	5/14	34.5	9.5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3.2	2/16	18.9	0.0
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	4.1	4.3	5.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	5/14	0/7	6/10	0/5
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/14	2/7	1/10	1/5
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/13	1/5	7/10	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	5	2	3	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/5	0/2	0/3	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	2.5	2.0	3.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	4	18
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			2/4	10/18
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	7
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/7
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			5.3	3.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

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BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	19%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	3%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	40%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	12%
		With ICSI	38%	Other factors	22%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	26	22	37	33
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	46.2	13.6	13.5	12.1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	34.6	4.5	10.8	0.0
(95% confidence interval)	(16.3 - 52.9)	(0.0 - 13.2)	(0.8 - 20.8)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	34.6	5.0	11.4	0.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.6	5.0	11.4	0.0
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	9.1	5.4	18.2
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	3.8	4.0	3.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/12	0/3	1/5	0/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/12	2/3	0/5	0/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	6/9	1/1	1/4	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	18	2	6	10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/18	2/2	1/6	1/10
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.5	3.3	4.4
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	1	6	11
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	0/1	2/6	5/11
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	4.0	3.8	3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY ASSOCIATES

BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	22%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	14%
		With ICSI	33%	Other factors	16%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	87	52	74	80
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	39.1	34.6	35.1	12.5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	36.8	30.8	25.7	5.0
(95% confidence interval)	(26.6 - 46.9)	(18.2 - 43.3)	(15.7 - 35.6)	(0.2 - 9.8)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	39.5	34.0	28.8	6.7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	44.4	39.0	30.2	6.9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.9	9.6	10.8	25.0
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	3.5	3.9	3.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	38.2	5/18	7.7	1/10
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	17.6	0/18	3.8	0/10
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	59.4	4/16	2/19	1/4
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	21	8	23	6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	19.0	1/8	21.7	0/6
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	4.0	3.9	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	1	1	12
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/3	0/1	0/1	8/12
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	1	8
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		0/1	0/1	0/8
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.7	3.0	4.0	3.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

WEST COAST INFERTILITY MEDICAL CLINIC, INC.
BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	84%	Tubal factor	24%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	15%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	12%
		With ICSI	12%	Other factors	31%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	6%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	25	16	12	20
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	20.0	1/16	1/12	5.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	16.0	1/16	1/12	5.0
(95% confidence interval)	(1.6 - 30.4)			(0.0 - 14.6)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	17.4	1/16	1/12	1/16
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	18.2	1/14	1/11	1/13
Cancellations per 100 cycles	8.0	0/16	0/12	20.0
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	3.4	3.5	2.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/5	0/1	0/1	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/5	0/1	0/1	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/4	0/1	0/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	1	4	3
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/3	1/1	1/4	0/3
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0	8.0	6.8	6.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

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ENCINO, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	No	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	12%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	12%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	18%
		With ICSI	53%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	10	3	1	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	3/10	1/3	1/1	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	2/10	1/3	1/1	0/1
(95% confidence interval)				
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	2/10	1/3	1/1	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/9	1/2	1/1	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/10	0/3	0/1	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	5.3	4.5	3.0	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/3	0/1	1/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/3	1/1	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/2	1/1	1/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				0/1
Average number embryos transferred				4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			1/1	
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			6.0	

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

WEST COAST FERTILITY CENTERS FULLERTON, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	72%	Tubal factor	23%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	25%	Endometriosis	11%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	33%
		With ICSI	23%	Other factors	5%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	10%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	61	39	28	13
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	41.0	23.1	14.3	5/13
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	36.1	15.4	7.1	3/13
(95% confidence interval)	(24.0 - 48.1)	(4.1 - 26.7)	(0.0 - 16.7)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	39.3	17.6	9.1	3/9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	41.5	20.0	10.0	3/7
Cancellations per 100 cycles	8.2	12.8	21.4	4/13
Average number embryos transferred	4.7	4.1	4.2	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	28.0	0/9	1/4	3/5
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	20.0	3/9	0/4	0/5
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	40.9	3/6	1/2	2/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	6	4	4	9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/6	1/4	0/4	1/9
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	4.0	3.3	2.7
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	4	0	4	7
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/4		1/4	2/7
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				1/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.5		4.3	4.7

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**WERLIN-ZARUTSKIE FERTILITY CENTERS
IRVINE, CALIFORNIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	93%	Tubal factor	27%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	2%	Endometriosis	11%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	14%
		With ICSI	40%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	16%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	76	68	74	47
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	40.8	19.1	24.3	10.6
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	31.6	14.7	18.9	4.3
(95% confidence interval)	(21.1 - 42.0)	(6.3 - 23.1)	(10.0 - 27.8)	(0.0 - 10.0)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	32.9	15.9	23.3	5.9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	36.4	17.2	25.5	7.4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3.9	7.4	18.9	27.7
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.6
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	19.4	5/13	2/18	1/5
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	19.4	2/13	2/18	0/5
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	45.8	6/10	3/14	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	32	21	14	8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	21.9	14.3	1/14	0/8
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	3.8	4.5	4.1
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	3	3	18
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/3	3/3	1/3	4/18
Number of frozen transfers	1	0	3	4
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	1/1		3/3	1/4
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	5.5	6.0	5.2	4.7

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCES CENTER LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	79%	Tubal factor	9%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	13%	Endometriosis	7%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	5%	Uterine factor	5%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	44%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	4%
		With ICSI	49%	Other factors	8%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	23%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	48	23	26	25
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	37.5	43.5	26.9	12.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	37.5	39.1	7.7	4.0
(95% confidence interval)	(23.8 - 51.2)	(19.2 - 59.1)	(0.0 - 17.9)	(0.0 - 11.7)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	42.9	40.9	8.0	5.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	43.9	42.9	8.3	1/19
Cancellations per 100 cycles	12.5	4.3	3.8	20.0
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	4.5	4.0	3.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	6/18	3/10	0/7	0/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/18	2/10	0/7	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	10/18	4/9	0/2	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	10	9	4	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/10	3/9	1/4	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	5.0	4.8	6.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	1	11	13
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2	1/1	2/11	1/13
Number of frozen transfers	2	1	5	12
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/2	0/1	2/5	5/12
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	5.3	4.5	4.5	4.7

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**SCRIPPS CLINIC
LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	96%	Tubal factor	20%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	27%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	6%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	17%
		With ICSI	38%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	26	24	14	7
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	15.4	8.3	1/14	0/7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	11.5	8.3	0/14	0/7
(95% confidence interval)	(0.0 - 23.8)	(0.0 - 19.4)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	11.5	8.3	0/13	0/7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	11.5	8.7	0/10	0/4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	0.0	1/14	0/7
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	3.4	3.7	2.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/4	0/2	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/4	0/2	1/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/3	0/2		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	6	5	5	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/6	1/5	1/5	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	2.7	3.2	3.0	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/1	0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				1/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			3.0	3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

JANE L. FREDERICK, M.D., INC.
LAGUNA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	88%	Tubal factor	13%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	6%	Endometriosis	2%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	6%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	37%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	17%
		With ICSI	41%	Other factors	17%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	9%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	5	8	3	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	2/5	1/8	1/3	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	2/5	1/8	1/3	0/1
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	2/5	1/6	1/3	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/4	1/6	1/3	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/5	2/8	0/3	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	3.8	5.3	6.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2	0/1	1/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/2	0/1	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/2	0/1	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	8	2	0	4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/8	1/2		2/4
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	3.0		4.3
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	0	6
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1			3/6
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	2	5
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/2	1/5
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0		3.5	3.4

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

LOMA LINDA UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND IVF

LOMA LINDA, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	89%	Tubal factor	40%
Single women?	No	GIFT	4%	Endometriosis	7%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	3%
		With ICSI	44%	Other factors	15%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	10%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	26	16	11	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	30.8	4/16	2/11	0/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	30.8	3/16	1/11	0/2
(95% confidence interval)	(13.0 - 48.5)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	36.4	3/15	1/5	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	38.1	3/14	1/5	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	15.4	1/16	6/11	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.9	3.8	2.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/8	0/4	0/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/8	0/4	0/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/8	0/3	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	2	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/2	1/2		
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	1	2	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2	0/1	0/2	1/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0	5.0	3.5	3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**UNIVERSITY INFERTILITY ASSOCIATES
CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CARE
LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	51%	Tubal factor	15%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	47%	Endometriosis	15%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	19%
		With ICSI	16%	Other factors	<1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	37%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	59	64	42	35
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	42.4	31.3	31.0	20.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	33.9	25.0	26.2	5.7
(95% confidence interval)	(21.8 - 46.0)	(14.4 - 35.6)	(12.9 - 39.5)	(0.0 - 13.4)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	39.2	29.1	29.7	6.5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	39.2	29.6	31.4	6.7
Cancellations per 100 cycles	13.6	14.1	11.9	11.4
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	4.0	4.0	5.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	24.0	35.0	2/13	0/7
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	16.0	5.0	1/13	0/7
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	40.0	7/16	2/11	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	18	11	20	9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/18	2/11	5.0	0/9
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.5	3.2	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	2	12
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/2	5/12
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	4	9
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		1/1	1/4	3/9
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.0	3.7	3.7

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES FERTILITY CENTER

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	23%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	7%
		With ICSI	43%	Other factors	36%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	5%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	11	7	15	7
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	2/11	1/7	1/15	2/7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	2/11	1/7	0/15	2/7
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	2/11	1/7	0/14	2/7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/11	1/6	0/12	2/6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/11	0/7	1/15	0/7
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	3.0	4.1	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/2	0/1	0/1	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/2	0/1	0/1	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/2	0/1		0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	0	1	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1		0/1	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.0		5.0	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	4	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			2/4	2/5
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/1	1/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			5.8	4.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	92%	Tubal factor	20%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	4%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	7%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	37%
		With ICSI	20%	Other factors	27%
		Unstimulated	5%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	13	16	12	20
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	6/13	9/16	2/12	25.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	4/13	7/16	0/12	5.0
(95% confidence interval)				(0.0 - 14.6)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	4/13	7/16	0/12	5.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/13	7/16	0/12	5.0
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/13	0/16	0/12	0.0
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	4.1	4.2	4.9
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/6	6/9	0/2	1/5
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/6	2/9	0/2	0/5
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/4	5/7		0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	6	5	2	7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/6	1/5	0/2	0/7
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	2.6	2.0	3.6
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	4	16
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/1	4/4	7/16
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	2	23
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		0/1	0/2	17.4
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		3.5	3.5	3.2

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

BRIAN SU, M.D.
MONTEREY PARK, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	27%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	45%
		With ICSI	29%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	5%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	9	4	4	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	4/9	2/4	2/4	0/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	4/9	2/4	1/4	0/4
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	4/9	2/4	1/2	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/7	2/3	1/2	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/9	0/4	2/4	2/4
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	3.7	4.0	1.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/4	1/2	1/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/4	1/2	0/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/4	2/2	1/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/1		
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		5.0		

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

THE REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALTY INSTITUTE
NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	74%	Tubal factor	14%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	13%	Endometriosis	11%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	4%	Uterine factor	7%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	21%
		With ICSI	57%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	29%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	12	3	5	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	7/12	1/3	1/5	0/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	4/12	1/3	0/5	0/3
(95% confidence interval)				
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	4/12	1/3	0/4	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/12	1/3	0/4	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/12	0/3	1/5	2/3
Average number embryos transferred	5.9	8.3	6.0	2.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/7	0/1	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/7	0/1	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/4	0/1		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d		0/1		
Average number embryos transferred		2.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	2	2	8
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/3	0/2	1/2	2/8
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.7	4.5	4.0	5.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	92%	Tubal factor	20%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	4%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	7%
		With ICSI	42%	Other factors	5%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	29%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	65	29	29	33
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	32.3	41.4	27.6	18.2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	23.1	34.5	24.1	12.1
(95% confidence interval)	(12.8 - 33.3)	(17.2 - 51.8)	(8.6 - 39.7)	(1.0 - 23.3)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	25.0	38.5	30.4	16.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	26.8	45.5	31.8	17.4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.7	10.3	20.7	24.2
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	4.5	4.1	3.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	28.6	5/12	2/8	1/6
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	9.5	3/12	1/8	0/6
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	7/15	5/10	3/7	1/4
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	30	9	8	5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	20.0	1/9	2/8	0/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	3.8	3.1	3.6
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	3	1	16
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/3	2/3	0/1	8/16
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	1	11
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		0/1	0/1	2/11
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.3	3.0	4.0	4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**NORTHRIDGE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
NORTHRIDGE, CALIFORNIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	11%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	24%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	24%
		With ICSI	45%	Other factors	14%
		Unstimulated	6%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	27	7	12	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	33.3	3/7	0/12	0/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	29.6	3/7	0/12	0/5
(95% confidence interval)	(12.4 - 46.9)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	30.8	3/7	0/7	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	33.3	3/7	0/7	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3.7	0/7	5/12	5/5
Average number embryos transferred	4.9	5.3	2.3	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/9	0/3		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/9	0/3		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/8	0/3		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d		0/1		
Average number embryos transferred		5.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	3	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/1	2/3	2/5
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.0	3.7	3.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

SUSAN P. WILLMAN, M.D.
ORINDA, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	16%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	7%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	45%	Other factors	21%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	22%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	13	15	13	14
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	1/13	7/15	5/13	4/14
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	1/13	6/15	3/13	2/14
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	1/13	6/15	3/11	2/9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/12	6/15	3/11	2/8
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/13	0/15	2/13	5/14
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	5.6	5.7	5.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/1	1/7	0/5	1/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/1	0/7	1/5	1/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/1	1/6	1/3	2/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	7	2	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/7	0/2	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	4.0	3.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	10
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				3/10
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	2	4
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/2	0/4
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			4.5	4.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

NOVA IN VITRO FERTILIZATION PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	34%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	7%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	7%
		With ICSI	7%	Other factors	29%
		Unstimulated	1%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	28	27	26	16
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	35.7	40.7	26.9	0/16
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	35.7	25.9	23.1	0/16
(95% confidence interval)	(18.0 - 53.5)	(9.4 - 42.5)	(6.9 - 39.3)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	38.5	26.9	26.1	0/12
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	41.7	29.2	28.6	0/11
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.1	3.7	11.5	4/16
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	5.4	5.0	5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/10	1/11	4/7	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/10	3/11	1/7	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/10	3/7	3/6	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	2	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1	0/2	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	3.5	2.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	1	2	11
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1	1/1	0/2	2/11
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	4.0	3.5	3.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

HUNTINGTON REPRODUCTIVE CENTER PASADENA, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	90%	Tubal factor	19%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	8%	Uterine factor	6%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	30%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	20%
		With ICSI	68%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	1%	Unexplained	12%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	113	57	80	64
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	50.4	36.8	33.8	17.2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	43.4	29.8	25.0	10.9
(95% confidence interval)	(34.2 - 52.5)	(17.9 - 41.7)	(15.5 - 34.5)	(3.3 - 18.6)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	43.8	30.9	25.0	11.9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	44.1	30.9	25.3	11.9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.9	3.5	0.0	7.8
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	4.0	4.2	3.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	31.6	33.3	33.3	1/11
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	7.0	9.5	0.0	0/11
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	36.7	7/17	40.0	1/7
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	13	7	10	6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/13	1/7	2/10	0/6
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.1	3.9	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	7	4	9	43
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	4/7	1/4	4/9	46.5
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	5	6
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			2/5	1/6
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.9	3.5	3.3	3.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CARE

REDONDO BEACH, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	92%	Tubal factor	20%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	7%	Endometriosis	15%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	38%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	49%	Other factors	5%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	15%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	70	54	75	56
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	41.4	40.7	36.0	12.5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	40.0	38.9	29.3	5.4
(95% confidence interval)	(28.5 - 51.5)	(25.9 - 51.9)	(19.0 - 39.6)	(0.0 - 11.3)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	45.2	47.7	36.7	7.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	47.5	48.8	37.3	7.3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	11.4	18.5	20.0	23.2
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	4.1	4.2	5.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	24.1	31.8	18.5	0/7
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	13.8	13.6	7.4	0/7
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	35.7	28.6	31.8	0/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	11	11	12	11
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/11	3/11	1/12	0/11
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	4.0	4.6	3.9
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	0	7	28
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/3		2/7	35.7
Number of frozen transfers	1	0	1	14
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1		1/1	8/14
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.3		4.4	3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA FERTILITY MEDICAL CENTER

ROSEVILLE, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	97%	Tubal factor	36%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	<1%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	7%
		With ICSI	38%	Other factors	6%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	22%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	68	47	37	23
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	39.7	19.1	24.3	4.3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	36.8	8.5	16.2	0.0
(95% confidence interval)	(25.3 - 48.2)	(0.5 - 16.5)	(4.3 - 28.1)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	37.9	9.3	17.6	0.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	38.5	9.8	18.8	0.0
Cancellations per 100 cycles	2.9	8.5	8.1	4.3
Average number embryos transferred	4.9	4.4	5.8	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	22.2	1/9	0/9	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	18.5	2/9	2/9	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	40.0	2/4	1/6	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	10	2	6	4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/10	0/2	1/6	0/4
Average number embryos transferred	5.8	4.5	6.3	4.3
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	1	4	26
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1	1/1	2/4	50.0
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	5
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/5
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0	6.0	6.5	5.1

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA DAVIS ART PROGRAM SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	51%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	1%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	5%
		With ICSI	2%	Other factors	22%
		Unstimulated	2%	Unexplained	5%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	26	8	8	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	23.1	3/8	1/8	0/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	19.2	2/8	0/8	0/5
(95% confidence interval)	(4.1 - 34.4)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	22.7	2/7	0/6	0/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	22.7	2/7	0/6	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	15.4	1/8	2/8	1/5
Average number embryos transferred	4.6	5.0	5.3	1.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/6	0/3	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/6	1/3	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/5	1/2		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	10	1	4	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/10	1/1	0/4	
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	6.0	3.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	1	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/1	0/1	
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		1/1		0/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		6.0	4.0	4.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**IGO MEDICAL GROUP OF SAN DIEGO
SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	45%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	24%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	12%
		With ICSI	43%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	31	18	13	12
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	19.4	1/18	1/13	1/12
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	16.1	1/18	1/13	1/12
(95% confidence interval)	(3.2 - 29.1)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	17.9	1/16	1/10	1/5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	19.2	1/15	1/9	1/4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	9.7	2/18	3/13	7/12
Average number embryos transferred	5.3	4.0	3.7	3.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/6	0/1	0/1	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/6	0/1	0/1	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/5	0/1	0/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	6	0	2	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/6		0/2	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.8		4.5	1.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/1		0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.0		4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINE ASSOCIATES SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	14%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	39%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	11%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	11%
		With ICSI	50%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	25%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	9	5	5	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	4/9	2/5	0/5	1/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	3/9	2/5	0/5	0/1
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	3/9	2/5	0/5	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/8	2/3	0/4	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/9	0/5	0/5	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.8	4.3	5.8	6.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/4	1/2		0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/4	0/2		0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/3	1/2		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				1/2
Average number embryos transferred				3.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	0	0	4
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2			2/4
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0			4.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

SHARP FERTILITY CENTER SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	81%	Tubal factor	28%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	8%	Endometriosis	4%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	10%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	3%
		With ICSI	58%	Other factors	15%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	29%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	45	46	33	31
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	37.8	32.6	24.2	9.7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	33.3	28.3	12.1	6.5
(95% confidence interval)	(19.6 - 47.1)	(15.2 - 41.3)	(1.0 - 23.3)	(0.0 - 15.1)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	34.9	31.7	12.5	8.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.9	31.7	12.5	8.0
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.4	10.9	3.0	19.4
Average number embryos transferred	4.7	5.0	4.9	4.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	6/17	3/15	3/8	1/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/17	2/15	0/8	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	7/15	5/13	2/4	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	23	26	12	10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	21.7	15.4	2/12	0/10
Average number embryos transferred	4.6	4.4	5.1	5.1
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	2	3	11
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	0/2	0/3	2/11
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	10
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			1/1	1/10
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0	5.0	5.5	4.2

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**SMOTRICH CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE ENHANCEMENT
SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	13%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	17%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	30%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	10%
		With ICSI	28%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	30%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	9	5	2	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	0/9	1/5	0/2	0/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	0/9	1/5	0/2	0/2
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	0/9	1/4	0/2	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/9	1/4	0/2	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/9	1/5	0/2	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	4.7	5.3	6.0	3.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies		0/1		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies		0/1		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d		0/1		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1			
Average number embryos transferred	6.0			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	1	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1		0/1	0/5
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0		4.0	3.9

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**ASTARIE FERTILITY CENTER
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	84%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	25%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	3%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	13%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	50%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	14%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	33	27	30	25
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	33.3	37.0	20.0	12.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	30.3	37.0	20.0	0.0
(95% confidence interval)	(14.6 - 46.0)	(18.8 - 55.3)	(5.7 - 34.3)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	33.3	41.7	27.3	0/16
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.5	41.7	27.3	0/16
Cancellations per 100 cycles	9.1	11.1	26.7	36.0
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	4.0	3.1	3.6
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/11	0/10	0/6	0/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/11	4/10	0/6	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/10	4/10	0/6	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	3	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d			0/3	
Average number embryos transferred			3.7	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	2	0	13
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/2		7/13
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		3.5		3.9

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

PACIFIC FERTILITY CENTER-SAN FRANCISCO
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	24%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	64%	Other factors	<1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	29%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	207	168	149	76
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	47.8	41.1	31.5	14.5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	40.6	36.3	26.8	7.9
(95% confidence interval)	(33.9 - 47.3)	(29.0 - 43.6)	(19.7 - 34.0)	(1.8 - 14.0)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	40.6	36.5	26.8	7.9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	41.6	38.4	29.2	8.8
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	4.9	5.1	5.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	29.3	31.9	14.9	2/11
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	23.2	18.8	14.9	0/11
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	47.6	42.6	30.0	1/6
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	44	22	14	9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	11.4	27.3	2/14	2/9
Average number embryos transferred	4.7	5.1	4.6	5.8
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	8	17	66
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/3	5/8	12/17	62.1
Number of frozen transfers	3	2	3	25
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/3	0/2	0/3	12.0
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	6.2	5.5	5.5	5.1

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

SAN FRANCISCO CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	>99%	Tubal factor	20%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	<1%	Endometriosis	6%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	34%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	13%
		With ICSI	39%	Other factors	22%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	61	46	57	78
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	47.5	47.8	22.8	19.2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	44.3	41.3	17.5	7.7
(95% confidence interval)	(31.8 - 56.7)	(27.1 - 55.5)	(7.7 - 27.4)	(1.8 - 13.6)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	52.9	51.4	24.4	9.7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	52.9	51.4	25.0	10.2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	16.4	19.6	28.1	20.5
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.5	4.9	5.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	27.6	22.7	2/13	2/15
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	6.9	22.7	0/13	0/15
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	33.3	10/19	1/10	0/6
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	11	5	8	9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/11	1/5	3/8	0/9
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	5.4	5.4	3.3
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	4	10	42
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/2	1/4	4/10	35.7
Number of frozen transfers	1	3	0	24
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	1/1	0/3		29.2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.3	2.9	3.3	3.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

SIMON HENDERSON, M.D.
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	96%	Tubal factor	19%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	46%
		With ICSI	28%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	10%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	13	18	20	16
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	2/13	3/18	0.0	1/16
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	1/13	2/18	0.0	1/16
(95% confidence interval)				
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	1/13	2/14	0/16	1/10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/12	2/14	0/16	1/10
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/13	4/18		6/16
Average number embryos transferred	6.2	6.9	5.8	5.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2	0/3		0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2	0/3		0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/1	0/2		0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	3	0	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1	1/3		0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	3.0		4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/1	0/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			1/1	0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			3.0	5.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA SAN FRANCISCO IVF PROGRAM SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	>99%	Tubal factor	23%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	8%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	3%
		With ICSI	47%	Other factors	8%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	24%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	86	77	97	39
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	32.6	33.8	25.8	7.7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	29.1	24.7	19.6	5.1
(95% confidence interval)	(19.5 - 38.7)	(15.0 - 34.3)	(11.7 - 27.5)	(0.0 - 12.1)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	37.3	33.3	23.5	6.3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	42.4	35.8	26.0	6.7
Cancellations per 100 cycles	22.1	26.0	16.5	17.9
Average number embryos transferred	2.5	2.9	3.4	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	25.0	23.1	24.0	1/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	7.1	0.0	4.0	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	28.0	3/19	4/19	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	35	44	46	11
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	20.0	15.9	19.6	1/11
Average number embryos transferred	2.8	2.8	2.9	4.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	8	8	6	35
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	4/8	6/8	4/6	31.4
Number of frozen transfers	2	0	1	24
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	2/2		0/1	29.2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.2	2.5	2.1	2.4

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CARMELO S. SGARLATA, M.D.
SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	No	IVF	70%	Tubal factor	41%
Single women?	No	GIFT	23%	Endometriosis	28%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	9%
		With ICSI	10%	Other factors	6%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	8	12	7	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	2/8	2/12	2/7	0/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	1/8	2/12	2/7	0/3
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	1/7	2/9	2/6	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/7	2/9	2/6	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1/8	3/12	1/7	1/3
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.2	3.8	4.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/2	2/2	1/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2	0/2	0/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/1	1/2	1/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1			
Average number embryos transferred	2.0			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH INSTITUTE OF NORTHERN CALIFORNIA SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	89%	Tubal factor	20%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	9%	Endometriosis	23%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	2%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	14%
		With ICSI	25%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	8%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	73	37	76	45
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	38.4	24.3	13.2	13.3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	32.9	13.5	10.5	2.2
(95% confidence interval)	(22.1 - 43.7)	(2.5 - 24.5)	(3.6 - 17.4)	(0.0 - 6.5)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	35.8	14.7	14.0	3.1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	35.8	14.7	14.0	3.4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	8.2	8.1	25.0	28.9
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	4.4	4.3	4.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	21.4	2/9	3/10	1/6
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	14.3	1/9	0/10	0/6
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	41.7	2/5	3/8	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	3	3	3	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/3	1/3	0/3	
Average number embryos transferred	2.3	2.7	2.7	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	5	7
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/1	2/5	3/7
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		6.0	4.6	3.7

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER OF THE BAY AREA

SAN RAMON, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	80%	Tubal factor	19%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	18%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	38%
		With ICSI	22%	Other factors	8%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	62	48	37	20
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	35.5	39.6	32.4	35.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	29.0	31.3	24.3	30.0
(95% confidence interval)	(17.7 - 40.3)	(18.1 - 44.4)	(10.5 - 38.1)	(9.9 - 50.1)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	33.3	36.6	29.0	6/17
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.0	36.6	30.0	6/15
Cancellations per 100 cycles	12.9	14.6	16.2	15.0
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	4.2	5.0	6.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	31.8	5/19	3/12	2/7
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	13.6	3/19	1/12	0/7
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	9/18	8/15	3/9	1/6
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	19	13	12	4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/19	4/13	3/12	1/4
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	4.2	3.9	6.3
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	13	6	16	45
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	5/13	3/6	9/16	55.6
Number of frozen transfers	7	7	7	23
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	4/7	2/7	1/7	43.5
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**CENTER FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	85%	Tubal factor	14%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	9%	Endometriosis	6%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	14%
		With ICSI	55%	Other factors	23%
		Unstimulated	1%	Unexplained	7%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	90	68	100	137
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	38.9	33.8	31.0	12.4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	36.7	29.4	19.0	7.3
(95% confidence interval)	(26.7 - 46.6)	(18.6 - 40.2)	(11.3 - 26.7)	(2.9 - 11.7)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	38.4	32.8	21.1	9.2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	38.8	35.7	21.6	10.3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.4	10.3	10.0	20.4
Average number embryos transferred	4.1	4.1	4.6	3.9
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	40.0	43.5	6.5	1/17
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	14.3	4.3	3.2	0/17
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	48.5	50.0	3/19	1/10
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	39	25	17	15
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	15.4	12.0	1/17	2/15
Average number embryos transferred	4.1	3.6	2.7	3.8
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	5	11	51
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2	2/5	4/11	37.3
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	6	33
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		0/1	2/6	27.3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.5	3.7	3.9	3.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

PARKER-ROSENMAN-RODI GYN & INFERTILITY MEDICAL GROUP
SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	40%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	27%
		With ICSI	22%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	10	11	7	9
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	3/10	4/11	1/7	1/9
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	3/10	3/11	0/7	1/9
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	3/10	3/10	0/6	1/9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/8	3/10	0/4	1/9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/10	1/11	1/7	0/9
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	4.1	3.5	5.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/3	1/4	0/1	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/3	0/4	0/1	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/3	1/3		0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	5	0	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/5		2/2	
Average number embryos transferred	3.4		4.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

NORTH BAY FERTILITY CENTER, INC.
SANTA ROSA, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	14%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	5%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	33%
		With ICSI	31%	Other factors	9%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	22%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33-35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	33	25	27	18
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	36.4	40.0	7.4	4/18
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	30.3	32.0	7.4	4/18
(95% confidence interval)	(14.6 - 46.0)	(13.7 - 50.3)	(0.0 - 17.3)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	33.3	32.0	8.0	4/17
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.5	34.8	8.3	4/17
Cancellations per 100 cycles	9.1	0.0	7.4	1/18
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	5.4	4.7	6.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/12	3/10	2/2	2/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/12	1/10	0/2	0/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/10	4/8	2/2	1/4
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	3	1	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/2	2/3	0/1	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	5.5	3.7	5.0	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	11	5	5	47
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	3/11	5/5	2/5	40.4
Number of frozen transfers	2	0	1	6
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	1/2		0/1	3/6
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.3	2.8	4.3	2.9

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**VALLEY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH
SHERMAN OAKS, CALIFORNIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	17%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	25%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	25%
		With ICSI	55%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	5	5	0	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	3/5	0/5		0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	3/5	0/5		0/1
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	3/5	0/5		0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/5	0/5		0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/5	0/5		0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	5.2		5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/3			
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/3			
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/3			
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d		0/1		
Average number embryos transferred		2.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY IVF/ART PROGRAM
STANFORD, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	85%	Tubal factor	20%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	3%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	12%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	5%
		With ICSI	31%	Other factors	29%
		Unstimulated	<1%	Unexplained	7%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	64	56	80	60
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	39.1	30.4	22.5	10.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	31.3	21.4	10.0	3.3
(95% confidence interval)	(19.9 - 42.6)	(10.7 - 32.2)	(3.4 - 16.6)	(0.0 - 7.9)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	33.3	26.7	11.1	3.8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.5	27.9	11.6	4.0
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.3	19.6	10.0	11.7
Average number embryos transferred	4.6	4.6	5.0	4.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	40.0	6/17	3/18	2/6
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	8.0	0/17	0/18	0/6
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	35.0	5/12	3/8	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	5	0	3	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/5		0/3	
Average number embryos transferred	2.2		2.3	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**CENTER FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION-LOS ANGELES
TARZANA, CALIFORNIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	96%	Tubal factor	20%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	32%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	12%
		With ICSI	48%	Other factors	21%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33-35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	68	44	44	38
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	54.4	36.4	27.3	21.1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	48.5	34.1	13.6	10.5
(95% confidence interval)	(36.7 - 60.4)	(20.1 - 48.1)	(3.5 - 23.8)	(0.8 - 20.3)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	48.5	34.1	14.3	10.8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	50.0	35.7	15.4	12.1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	0.0	4.5	2.6
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	3.7	3.8	3.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	37.8	9/16	3/12	1/8
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	21.6	1/16	1/12	0/8
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	48.5	9/15	3/6	0/4
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	0	0	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/4			1/3
Average number embryos transferred	2.8			3.7
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	3	32
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			3/3	50.0
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			5.0	4.4

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

THE FERTILITY INSTITUTES TARZANA, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	88%	Tubal factor	34%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	4%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	2%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	36%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	10%
		With ICSI	39%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33-35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	39	14	27	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	41.0	4/14	29.6	0/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	35.9	4/14	25.9	0/4
(95% confidence interval)	(20.8 - 51.0)		(9.4 - 42.5)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	35.9	4/13	26.9	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	37.8	4/13	26.9	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	1/14	3.7	2/4
Average number embryos transferred	5.3	4.2	4.4	2.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/16	1/4	1/8	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/16	1/4	0/8	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	6/14	2/4	1/7	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	2	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/4	1/2	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	5.0	4.5	4.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	2	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			1/2	0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			5.0	6.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

INFERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY INSTITUTE TARZANA, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	83%	Tubal factor	39%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	19%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	17%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	25%	Other factors	5%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	7%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	18	17	11	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	10/18	3/17	5/11	1/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	9/18	2/17	4/11	1/2
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	9/15	2/14	4/10	1/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	9/15	2/14	4/10	1/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3/18	3/17	1/11	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/10	0/3	2/5	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/10	1/3	0/5	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/9	1/2	1/4	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	1	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1	0/1	0/1	
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	1.0	3.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	4
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				3/4
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				3.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**GREATER VALLEY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
THOUSAND OAKS, CALIFORNIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	97%	Tubal factor	18%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	35%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	6%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	21%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	25%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	10	10	7	6
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	4/10	2/10	4/7	0/6
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	4/10	2/10	3/7	0/6
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	4/8	2/7	3/7	0/6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/8	2/7	3/7	0/6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	2/10	3/10	0/7	0/6
Average number embryos transferred	4.6	5.3	3.7	6.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/4	0/2	2/4	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/4	0/2	0/4	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/4	0/2	2/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	0	0	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1			0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.0			5.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	1	0	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	1/1		1/5
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				1/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	8.0	6.0		5.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**PACIFIC COAST REPRODUCTIVE CENTER
TORRANCE, CALIFORNIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	35%
Single women?	No	GIFT	<1%	Endometriosis	12%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	36%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	23%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	65	37	27	30
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	49.2	35.1	37.0	20.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	46.2	32.4	29.6	20.0
(95% confidence interval)	(34.0 - 58.3)	(17.3 - 47.5)	(12.4 - 46.9)	(5.7 - 34.3)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	46.2	32.4	29.6	20.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	46.2	32.4	29.6	20.0
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Average number embryos transferred	5.1	4.9	5.3	5.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	28.1	3/13	3/10	2/6
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	28.1	5/13	4/10	0/6
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	46.7	5/12	6/8	2/6
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	8	5	2	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/8	0/5	1/2	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	6.0	6.0	7.0	4.3
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	0	3	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2		1/3	4/5
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	5.5		4.7	5.2

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

SAN ANTONIO FERTILITY CENTER UPLAND, CALIFORNIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	94%	Tubal factor	46%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	0%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	6%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	25%
		With ICSI	29%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	17%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	5	2	7	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	0/5	1/2	0/7	0/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	0/5	0/2	0/7	0/3
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	0/4	0/2	0/7	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/4	0/2	0/5	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1/5	0/2	0/7	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	5.0	5.0	1.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies		1/1		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies		0/1		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d				
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	3	1	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/3	0/1	0/1	
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.0	3.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1			0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0			5.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

COLORADO SPRINGS CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	95%	Tubal factor	24%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	29%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	9%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	26%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	11	8	0	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	2/11	1/8		0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	2/11	1/8		0/1
(95% confidence interval)				
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	2/11	1/7		0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/6	1/6		0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/11	1/8		0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	3.5		3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/2	0/1		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2	0/1		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/2	0/1		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	8	1	1	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/8	1/1	0/1	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.0	2.0	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				1/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				6.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

COLORADO REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY, P.C.
DENVER, COLORADO

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	89%	Tubal factor	23%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	11%	Endometriosis	18%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	23%
		With ICSI	19%	Other factors	27%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	57	23	30	12
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	36.8	13.0	40.0	1/12
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	35.1	4.3	30.0	0/12
(95% confidence interval)	(22.7 - 47.5)	(0.0 - 12.7)	(13.6 - 46.4)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	37.0	1/19	33.3	0/10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	40.0	1/17	34.6	0/9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.3	17.4	10.0	2/12
Average number embryos transferred	2.8	2.8	3.4	2.9
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	14.3	0/3	6/12	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	19.0	0/3	1/12	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	25.0	0/1	7/9	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	17	2	2	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/17	0/2	0/2	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	2.8	3.0	5.5	6.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	2	5	6
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2	1/2	1/5	2/6
Number of frozen transfers	3	0	3	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/3		0/3	0/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.2

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
DENVER, COLORADO**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	84%	Tubal factor	38%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	16%	Endometriosis	25%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	23%	Other factors	12%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	45	32	12	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	40.0	46.9	0/12	0/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	37.8	37.5	0/12	0/4
(95% confidence interval)	(23.6 - 51.9)	(20.7 - 54.3)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	37.8	44.4	0/10	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	37.8	44.4	0/8	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	15.6	2/12	4/4
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	4.0	4.0	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	8/18	4/15		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/18	1/15		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	10/17	3/12		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	2	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d		0/2	0/1	
Average number embryos transferred		2.0	2.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	2	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/2		1/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.0		3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

COLORADO CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE

ENGLEWOOD, COLORADO

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	21%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	17%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	15%
		With ICSI	31%	Other factors	<1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	33%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	204	139	125	89
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	68.6	51.8	42.4	30.3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	59.3	46.8	31.2	20.2
(95% confidence interval)	(52.6 - 66.1)	(38.5 - 55.1)	(23.1 - 39.3)	(11.9 - 28.6)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	63.7	59.1	41.9	33.3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	65.1	59.1	42.4	34.0
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.9	20.9	25.6	39.3
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.5	3.9	4.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	37.1	34.7	26.4	22.2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	17.9	9.7	7.5	3.7
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	52.1	41.5	33.3	5/18
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	31	11	13	11
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	38.7	3/11	1/13	0/11
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	4.3	4.2	4.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	9	16	30	45
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	6/9	11/16	43.3	57.8
Number of frozen transfers	4	1	6	20
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	2/4	1/1	2/6	40.0
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.6	3.7	3.9	3.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE FORT COLLINS, COLORADO

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	41%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	35%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	54%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	17	5	1	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	11/17	1/5	0/1	0/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	11/17	1/5	0/1	0/5
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	11/17	1/5	0/1	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	11/16	1/4	0/1	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/17	0/5	0/1	2/5
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	5.3	6.0	3.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	5/11	0/1		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	5/11	1/1		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	10/11	1/1		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	5	2	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/5	0/2		
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	2.5		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				4.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**CONCEPTIONS REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES
WOMEN'S HEALTH AND FERTILITY SPECIALISTS
LITTLETON, COLORADO**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	30%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	3%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	<1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	17%
		With ICSI	31%	Other factors	29%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33-35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	72	40	44	23
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	51.4	45.0	25.0	13.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	43.1	30.0	18.2	8.7
(95% confidence interval)	(31.6 - 54.5)	(15.8 - 44.2)	(6.8 - 29.6)	(0.0 - 20.2)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	46.3	32.4	20.5	2/19
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	46.3	33.3	20.5	2/18
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.9	7.5	11.4	17.4
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	4.1	3.9	4.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	37.8	4/18	2/11	1/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	13.5	3/18	0/11	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	51.6	4/12	2/8	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	15	12	11	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/15	0/12	0/11	1/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	4.3	4.3	3.3
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	2	14
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/1	1/2	5/14
Number of frozen transfers	1	0	0	11
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1			2/11
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**UNIVERSITY OF CONNECTICUT HEALTH CENTER
FARMINGTON, CONNECTICUT**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	>99%	Tubal factor	30%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	19%
		With ICSI	42%	Other factors	12%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	<1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	186	127	95	45
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	35.5	27.6	22.1	17.8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	29.6	24.4	14.7	4.4
(95% confidence interval)	(23.0 - 36.1)	(16.9 - 31.9)	(7.6 - 21.9)	(0.0 - 10.5)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	34.6	33.7	21.9	6.5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	37.2	36.5	24.1	6.9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	14.5	27.6	32.6	31.1
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	3.7	3.8	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	34.8	17.1	14.3	3/8
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	13.6	14.3	4.8	0/8
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	49.1	25.8	2/14	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	29	16	7	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	20.7	3/16	0/7	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.1	2.1	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	4	4	4	16
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/4	2/4	2/4	7/16
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/1	0/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.5	3.8	4.6	3.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

HARTFORD FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	33%
Single women?	No	GIFT	2%	Endometriosis	17%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	1%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	29%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	10%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	6%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	22	14	15	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	31.8	2/14	4/15	1/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	27.3	1/14	2/15	1/3
(95% confidence interval)	(8.7 - 45.9)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	28.6	1/12	2/12	1/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	28.6	1/12	2/12	1/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.5	2/14	3/15	1/3
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	4.3	3.7	3.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/7	0/2	0/4	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/7	1/2	0/4	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/6	1/1	0/2	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	5	1	1	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/5	0/1	0/1	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	2	3
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/1	1/2	1/3
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.0	4.5	5.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

YALE UNIVERSITY IVF PROGRAM NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	>99%	Tubal factor	40%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	15%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	7%
		With ICSI	18%	Other factors	10%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	162	86	75	66
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	24.7	16.3	14.7	4.5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	23.5	12.8	14.7	4.5
(95% confidence interval)	(16.9 - 30.0)	(5.7 - 19.8)	(6.7 - 22.7)	(0.0 - 9.6)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	25.5	13.8	17.7	5.8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	28.8	14.5	21.6	7.9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	8.0	7.0	17.3	21.2
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	30.0	4/14	2/11	0/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	10.0	3/14	0/11	1/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	34.2	4/11	1/11	1/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	10	6	1	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/10	0/6	0/1	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.8	5.0	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	3	0	10
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	0/3		1/10
Number of frozen transfers	1	0	0	5
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1			0/5
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.5	4.3		3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**MICHAEL B. DOYLE, M.D.
NORWALK, CONNECTICUT**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	32%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	6%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	37%	Other factors	30%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	82	51	25	22
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	39.0	37.3	36.0	18.2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	35.4	31.4	28.0	13.6
(95% confidence interval)	(25.0 - 45.7)	(18.6 - 44.1)	(10.4 - 45.6)	(0.0 - 28.0)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	35.4	31.4	28.0	14.3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	35.8	32.0	28.0	14.3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5
Average number embryos transferred	5.2	4.9	4.6	4.6
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	37.5	4/19	0/9	1/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	15.6	0/19	0/9	0/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	51.7	3/16	0/7	1/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	1	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1	0/1	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	5.0	4.0	3.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	2	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/2	1/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			5.0	5.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

NEW ENGLAND FERTILITY INSTITUTE

STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	27%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	5%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	7%
		With ICSI	40%	Other factors	31%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	120	65	67	44
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	55.0	47.7	52.2	27.3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	43.3	43.1	34.3	13.6
(95% confidence interval)	(34.5 - 52.2)	(31.0 - 55.1)	(23.0 - 45.7)	(3.5 - 23.8)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	44.1	45.9	37.1	16.7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	44.4	46.7	37.1	17.6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1.7	6.2	7.5	18.2
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.1	4.2	3.9
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	27.3	16.1	22.9	1/12
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	4.5	19.4	0.0	0/12
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	38.5	35.7	26.1	1/6
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	31	10	11	16
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	32.3	3/10	3/11	2/16
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	2.8	3.2	2.9
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	2	2	20
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/2	0/2	50.0
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		3.5	3.0	3.9

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

THE STAMFORD HOSPITAL STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	34%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	7%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	5%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	16%
		With ICSI	41%	Other factors	14%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	16	10	11	9
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	8/16	2/10	2/11	1/9
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	8/16	2/10	1/11	0/9
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	8/16	2/10	1/8	0/7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	8/16	2/9	1/8	0/6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/16	0/10	3/11	2/9
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.7	3.3	3.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/8	0/2	0/2	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/8	2/2	1/2	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/8	2/2	1/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	4	0	4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d		0/4		0/4
Average number embryos transferred		3.3		3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/1		
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		1/1		
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		3.5		

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**THE CENTER FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION-DELAWARE, P.A.
NEWARK, DELAWARE**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	97%	Tubal factor	25%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	<1%	Endometriosis	21%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	2%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	29%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	4%	Unexplained	20%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	110	59	61	36
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	16.4	11.9	3.3	5.6
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	11.8	10.2	1.6	2.8
(95% confidence interval)	(5.8 - 17.9)	(2.5 - 17.9)	(0.0 - 4.8)	(0.0 - 8.1)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	13.8	14.3	2.9	3.6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	14.9	16.2	3.2	4.5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	14.5	28.8	42.6	22.2
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	3.7	3.2	3.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	5/18	2/7	1/2	1/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/18	1/7	0/2	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	7/13	1/6	0/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	25	9	4	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	16.0	0/9	0/4	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	2.8	3.0	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	1	3	7
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/2	0/1	1/3	2/7
Number of frozen transfers	1	1	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1	0/1		0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0	4.0	2.7	4.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES OF DELAWARE WILMINGTON, DELAWARE

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	No	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	24%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	28%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	48%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	0%
		With ICSI	48%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	13	5	7	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	2/13	1/5	1/7	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	0/13	1/5	1/7	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	0/10	1/4	1/5	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/10	1/3	1/4	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3/13	1/5	2/7	
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.3	3.5	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2	0/1	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2	0/1	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d		0/1	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	3	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/3			
Average number embryos transferred	3.0			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

COLUMBIA HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN ART PROGRAM

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	32%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	23%
		With ICSI	35%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	78	67	64	58
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	25.6	20.9	14.1	10.3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	20.5	19.4	9.4	3.4
(95% confidence interval)	(11.6 - 29.5)	(9.9 - 28.9)	(2.2 - 16.5)	(0.0 - 8.1)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	21.6	22.0	11.8	4.8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	22.2	23.6	14.3	5.4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.1	11.9	20.3	27.6
Average number embryos transferred	5.0	4.3	3.9	4.6
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	40.0	2/14	1/9	2/6
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	15.0	3/14	1/9	0/6
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	9/16	5/13	1/6	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	20	6	5	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	10.0	2/6	1/5	
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	4.3	4.8	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	9	5	15
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	3/9	3/5	5/15
Number of frozen transfers	2	1	1	10
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/2	0/1	0/1	3/10
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	5.5	4.3	4.1

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	19%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	3%
		With ICSI	45%	Other factors	36%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	6%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	53	59	51	51
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	22.6	22.0	9.8	5.9
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	18.9	15.3	7.8	5.9
(95% confidence interval)	(8.3 - 29.4)	(6.1 - 24.4)	(0.5 - 15.2)	(0.0 - 12.3)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	18.9	17.3	9.5	7.3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	19.6	18.4	9.8	8.1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	11.9	17.6	19.6
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	3.7	4.0	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	5/12	0/13	2/5	0/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/12	1/13	0/5	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/10	1/9	2/4	0/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	2	0	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1	0/2		0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.5		3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	2	0	8
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/2		6/8
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.0		4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER OF
WALTER REED ARMY MEDICAL CENTER
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	>99%	Tubal factor	44%
Single women?	No	GIFT	<1%	Endometriosis	6%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	23%	Other factors	17%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	228	78	88	36
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	33.8	29.5	19.3	16.7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	28.5	24.4	14.8	8.3
(95% confidence interval)	(22.6 - 34.4)	(14.8 - 33.9)	(7.4 - 22.2)	(0.0 - 17.4)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	34.6	31.7	20.3	11.1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.8	33.3	21.7	11.1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	17.5	23.1	27.3	25.0
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	23.4	26.1	4/17	1/6
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	14.3	17.4	1/17	0/6
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	36.9	9/19	4/13	1/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	3	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1	0/3	1/2	
Average number embryos transferred	5.0	2.0	5.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

BOCA FERTILITY
BOCA RATON, FLORIDA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	50%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	19%
		With ICSI	14%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	23	10	16	9
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	34.8	6/10	3/16	3/9
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	21.7	5/10	3/16	2/9
(95% confidence interval)	(4.9 - 38.6)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	22.7	5/10	3/15	2/7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	5/18	5/10	3/14	2/7
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.3	0/10	1/16	2/9
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	4.1	4.4	3.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/8	2/6	1/3	0/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/8	0/6	0/3	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/5	2/5	1/3	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	5	4	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/5	0/4		
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	3.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**PALM BEACH FERTILITY CENTER
BOCA RATON, FLORIDA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	43%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	15%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	5%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	19%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	20	10	4	8
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	30.0	2/10	0/4	0/8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	25.0	2/10	0/4	0/8
(95% confidence interval)	(6.0 - 44.0)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	5/18	2/8	0/2	0/6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	5/14	2/8	0/1	0/6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	10.0	2/10	2/4	2/8
Average number embryos transferred	4.6	3.6	2.0	3.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/6	0/2		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/6	0/2		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/5	0/2		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	2	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/1	0/2	0/1	
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	4.0	5.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	1	6
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1		0/1	1/6
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	5.0		4.0	4.4

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

THE CENTER FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION-FLORIDA

CLEARWATER, FLORIDA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	34%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	20%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	12%
		With ICSI	29%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	89	35	39	15
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	34.8	28.6	15.4	3/15
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	29.2	25.7	12.8	2/15
(95% confidence interval)	(19.8 - 38.7)	(11.2 - 40.2)	(2.3 - 23.3)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	31.7	29.0	15.6	2/10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	33.8	31.0	18.5	2/10
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.9	11.4	17.9	5/15
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	25.8	3/10	1/6	0/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	19.4	3/10	0/6	1/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	42.3	6/9	1/5	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/4	0/1		
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	3.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	1	0	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/2	1/1		0/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/1	
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.5	5.0	3.0	5.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

SPECIALISTS IN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & SURGERY, P.A.
FORT MYERS, FLORIDA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	96%	Tubal factor	51%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	5%
		With ICSI	38%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	9%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	34	10	5	6
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	41.2	5/10	3/5	2/6
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	38.2	5/10	3/5	1/6
(95% confidence interval)	(21.9 - 54.6)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	40.6	5/9	3/4	1/6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	41.9	5/9	3/3	1/6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.9	1/10	1/5	0/6
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	4.0	4.3	6.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	9/14	2/5	1/3	1/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/14	0/5	0/3	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	8/13	1/5	0/3	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	7	4	4	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/7	2/4	0/4	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	3.5	2.3	6.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	3	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2	2/3		
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/1	
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	3.0	2.0	

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA/PARK AVENUE WOMEN'S CENTER
GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	28%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	21%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	34%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	24%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	30	16	8	8
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	60.0	2/16	1/8	1/8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	60.0	1/16	1/8	1/8
(95% confidence interval)	(42.5 - 77.5)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	60.0	1/14	1/8	1/8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	60.0	1/14	1/8	1/8
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	2/16	0/8	0/8
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/18	1/2	1/1	1/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/18	0/2	0/1	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/18	1/1	1/1	1/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	1	2	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/4	0/1	0/2	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	3.0	2.5	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	5	0	4	16
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/5		1/4	3/16
Number of frozen transfers	1	0	0	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1			0/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.2		3.3	2.7

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF NORTHWEST FLORIDA
GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	41%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	17%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	31%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	73%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	23	16	9	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	34.8	1/16	1/9	0/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	30.4	1/16	1/9	0/4
(95% confidence interval)	(11.6 - 49.2)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	7/19	1/13	1/7	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	7/17	1/11	1/7	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	17.4	3/16	2/9	2/4
Average number embryos transferred	5.1	5.4	4.9	7.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/8	0/1	1/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/8	0/1	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/7	0/1	1/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	11	8	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/11	2/8	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	5.3	6.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/1	
Number of frozen transfers	3	0	2	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/3		1/2	1/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.7		4.3	3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

FLORIDA INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	97%	Tubal factor	28%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	2%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	<1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	37%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	47%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	12%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	117	50	40	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	39.3	44.0	30.0	0/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	32.5	38.0	25.0	0/3
(95% confidence interval)	(24.0 - 41.0)	(24.5 - 51.5)	(11.6 - 38.4)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	35.5	42.2	26.3	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	38.4	44.2	27.0	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	8.5	10.0	5.0	1/3
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.5	4.7	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	41.3	27.3	1/12	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	8.7	0.0	1/12	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	52.6	5/19	2/10	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	56	17	8	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	32.1	6/17	0/8	2/3
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.0	5.6	4.3
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	1	7	19
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2	1/1	2/7	9/19
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	6	12
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		1/1	2/6	5/12
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	4.0	4.1	4.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**IVF FLORIDA/NORTHWEST CENTER FOR
INFERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY
MARGATE, FLORIDA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	36%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	19%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	43%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	13%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	168	92	75	24
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	48.8	40.2	24.0	12.5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	41.1	34.8	16.0	12.5
(95% confidence interval)	(33.6 - 48.5)	(25.1 - 44.5)	(7.7 - 24.3)	(0.0 - 25.7)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	43.9	39.5	19.7	15.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	44.5	40.5	20.3	15.0
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.5	12.0	18.7	16.7
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.2	3.3	2.9
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	32.9	29.7	4/18	1/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	18.3	13.5	0/18	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	50.7	37.5	2/12	1/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	16	9	6	6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/16	2/9	0/6	1/6
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	4.0	3.8	3.8
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	8	2	8	37
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/8	1/2	4/8	37.8
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.5	3.5	3.1	3.4

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

FERTILITY & IVF CENTER OF MIAMI MIAMI, FLORIDA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	87%	Tubal factor	16%
Single women?	No	GIFT	8%	Endometriosis	7%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	32%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	7%
		With ICSI	50%	Other factors	12%
		Unstimulated	1%	Unexplained	22%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	68	32	22	12
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	23.5	18.8	13.6	0/12
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	17.6	18.8	9.1	0/12
(95% confidence interval)	(8.6 - 26.7)	(5.2 - 32.3)	(0.0 - 21.1)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	18.5	20.0	10.0	0/11
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	18.8	23.1	2/18	0/10
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.4	6.3	9.1	1/12
Average number embryos transferred	5.7	5.4	6.0	5.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	8/16	4/6	1/3	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/16	1/6	0/3	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	6/12	5/6	1/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	8	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/8	0/1		
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	9.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	2	4
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/2	1/4
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				1/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			7.0	6.2

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

SOUTH FLORIDA INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MIAMI, FLORIDA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	73%	Tubal factor	23%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	24%	Endometriosis	11%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	6%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	12%
		With ICSI	35%	Other factors	3%
		Unstimulated	<1%	Unexplained	19%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	94	34	49	28
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	50.0	29.4	20.4	25.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	38.3	29.4	6.1	25.0
(95% confidence interval)	(28.5 - 48.1)	(14.1 - 44.7)	(0.0 - 12.8)	(9.0 - 41.0)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	41.4	31.3	6.7	33.3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	42.9	34.5	7.3	7/17
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.4	5.9	8.2	25.0
Average number embryos transferred	4.7	4.1	4.2	4.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	23.4	2/10	1/10	1/7
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	23.4	1/10	1/10	0/7
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	50.0	1/10	1/3	1/7
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	13	1	0	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	5/13	0/1		0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.7	6.0		3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	1	13
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1		0/1	5/13
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0		5.0	4.4

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

ARNOLD PALMER HOSPITAL FERTILITY CENTER

ORLANDO, FLORIDA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	31%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	16%
		With ICSI	40%	Other factors	7%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	14%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	68	28	19	19
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	30.9	39.3	4/19	0/19
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	22.1	28.6	3/19	0/19
(95% confidence interval)	(12.2 - 31.9)	(11.8 - 45.3)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	30.0	34.8	3/13	0/9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	32.6	34.8	3/12	0/8
Cancellations per 100 cycles	26.5	17.9	6/19	10/19
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	3.8	4.0	3.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	33.3	4/11	0/4	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	19.0	1/11	0/4	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	8/15	5/8	0/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	17	8	2	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/17	1/8	0/2	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	2.8	3.0	1.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	5	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1		2/5	4/5
Number of frozen transfers	1	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1			
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0		3.2	3.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CENTER FOR INFERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, P.A.
ORLANDO, FLORIDA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	36%
Single women?	No	GIFT	<1%	Endometriosis	17%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	<1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	12%
		With ICSI	31%	Other factors	8%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	128	71	48	12
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	38.3	42.3	18.8	3/12
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	32.0	32.4	6.3	0/12
(95% confidence interval)	(23.9 - 40.1)	(21.5 - 43.3)	(0.0 - 13.1)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	38.3	40.4	7.9	0/10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	42.3	41.8	8.6	0/9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	16.4	19.7	20.8	2/12
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	3.1	3.4	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	30.6	30.0	0/9	0/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	18.4	13.3	0/9	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	48.8	52.2	0/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	16	12	6	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/16	2/12	0/6	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.7	2.5	2.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	1	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/1	0/1	1/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		5.0	4.0	3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY CENTER ORLANDO, FLORIDA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	97%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	2%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	27%
		With ICSI	34%	Other factors	16%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	21	7	5	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	52.4	4/7	4/5	1/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	47.6	4/7	3/5	0/5
(95% confidence interval)	(26.3 - 69.0)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	10/18	4/6	3/5	0/5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	10/15	4/6	3/5	0/5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	14.3	1/7	0/5	0/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	4.0	4.6	6.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/11	1/4	0/4	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	6/11	1/4	2/4	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	7/10	2/4	1/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	3	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/3			
Average number embryos transferred	4.0			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	2	4
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/1	1/2	3/4
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				1/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		3.0	3.0	4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY PLANTATION, FLORIDA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	85%	Tubal factor	41%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	5%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	11%
		With ICSI	49%	Other factors	11%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	31	13	16	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	35.5	2/13	3/16	0/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	19.4	2/13	3/16	0/5
(95% confidence interval)	(5.4 - 33.3)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	20.0	2/11	3/13	0/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	20.7	2/10	3/12	0/4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3.2	2/13	3/16	1/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.8	5.1	4.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/11	0/2	3/3	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/11	0/2	0/3	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/6	0/2	3/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	6	0	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/6		1/2	
Average number embryos transferred	2.7		4.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	0	1	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/2		0/1	1/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.5		4.0	3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF FORT LAUDERDALE PLANTATION, FLORIDA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	43%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	25%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	4%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	7%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	21%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	11	7	4	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	4/11	3/7	1/4	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	4/11	3/7	1/4	0/1
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	4/11	3/6	1/4	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/10	3/4	1/3	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/11	1/7	0/4	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	3.5	4.0	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/4	1/3	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/4	0/3	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/4	1/3	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	0	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/1		0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	4.0		2.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				1/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGIES PROGRAM
UNIVERSITY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL
TAMPA, FLORIDA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	72%	Tubal factor	30%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	14%	Endometriosis	7%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	<1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	13%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	2%
		With ICSI	26%	Other factors	31%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	19%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	107	62	35	23
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	32.7	25.8	28.6	8.7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	29.0	24.2	28.6	8.7
(95% confidence interval)	(20.4 - 37.6)	(13.5 - 34.9)	(13.6 - 43.5)	(0.0 - 20.2)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	31.6	34.9	33.3	2/17
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	31.6	35.7	33.3	2/17
Cancellations per 100 cycles	8.4	30.6	14.3	26.1
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.7	3.5	3.9
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	28.6	6/16	2/10	1/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	37.1	4/16	3/10	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	58.1	10/15	4/10	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	8	3	3	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/8	0/3	0/3	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.3	3.3	1.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	4	2	15
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/3	1/4	1/2	7/15
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.7

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

GENETICS & IVF OF FLORIDA WEST PALM BEACH, FLORIDA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	No	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	45%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	3%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	0%
		With ICSI	19%	Other factors	16%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	10%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	7	10	3	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	0/7	0/10	1/3	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	0/7	0/10	1/3	0/1
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	0/5	0/7	1/3	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/4	0/6	1/2	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	2/7	3/10	0/3	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	1.5	4.0	5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies			0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies			0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d			0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	2	2	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	2.0	3.0	2.5	2.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/1	
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/1	
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			3.0	

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

EMORY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	20%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	17%
		With ICSI	49%	Other factors	7%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	105	36	15	6
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	36.2	19.4	3/15	0/6
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	31.4	13.9	2/15	0/6
(95% confidence interval)	(22.5 - 40.3)	(2.6 - 25.2)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	45.8	20.0	2/10	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	50.0	25.0	2/10	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	31.4	30.6	5/15	3/6
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.5	3.4	4.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	50.0	0/7	1/3	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2.6	0/7	0/3	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	48.5	0/5	1/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	16	5	3	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/16	4/5	1/3	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	2.4	2.3	7.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	1	2	4
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2	0/1	2/2	2/4
Number of frozen transfers	1	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1			
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY ASSOCIATES

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	15%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	19%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	7%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	30%
		With ICSI	55%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	9%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	421	192	175	81
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	34.0	31.3	24.0	7.4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	31.1	24.5	18.9	3.7
(95% confidence interval)	(26.7 - 35.5)	(18.4 - 30.6)	(13.1 - 24.7)	(0.0 - 7.8)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	38.2	32.2	24.3	5.9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	39.3	33.3	26.2	6.4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	18.5	24.0	22.3	37.0
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	3.6	3.5	3.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	28.7	21.7	26.2	1/6
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	9.1	8.3	2.4	1/6
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	38.2	31.9	33.3	1/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	101	67	33	14
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	19.8	6.0	12.1	1/14
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.2	3.2	3.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	12	21	21	58
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	6/12	33.3	28.6	29.3
Number of frozen transfers	6	8	9	31
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	2/6	0/8	1/9	9.7
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.7	3.2	3.1	3.2

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

AUGUSTA REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY ASSOCIATES

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	12%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	23%
		With ICSI	28%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	10%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	57	10	6	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	28.1	0/10	2/6	0/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	24.6	0/10	2/6	0/3
(95% confidence interval)	(13.4 - 35.7)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	26.9	0/7	2/6	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	29.8	0/6	2/5	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	8.8	3/10	0/6	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	2.3	3.8	3.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	5/16		0/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/16		0/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/14		0/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	12	1	2	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/12	0/1	0/2	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	1.9	1.0	2.5	2.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	1	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1	0/1		
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	3.0		

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF GEORGIA
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	58%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	13%
		With ICSI	5%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	33	13	4	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	18.2	1/13	0/4	0/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	15.2	1/13	0/4	0/5
(95% confidence interval)	(2.9 - 27.4)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	22.7	1/10	0/3	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	5/17	1/8	0/2	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	33.3	3/13	1/4	2/5
Average number embryos transferred	4.1	4.1	4.0	2.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/6	1/1		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/6	0/1		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/5	1/1		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	5	1	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/5	0/1	0/1	
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	6.0	2.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**PACIFIC IVF INSTITUTE
HONOLULU, HAWAII**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	28%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	30%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	<1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	7%
		With ICSI	28%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	61	39	55	46
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	41.0	28.2	21.8	8.7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	39.3	23.1	18.2	8.7
(95% confidence interval)	(27.1 - 51.6)	(9.9 - 36.3)	(8.0 - 28.4)	(0.6 - 16.8)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	46.2	23.7	24.4	14.3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	46.2	25.0	26.3	15.4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	14.8	2.6	25.5	39.1
Average number embryos transferred	4.6	4.8	4.7	4.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	44.0	4/11	2/12	2/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	12.0	2/11	3/12	0/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	50.0	6/9	4/10	1/4
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	12	15	7	5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/12	4/15	4/7	3/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	4.5	4.7	4.2
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	1	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1		0/1	0/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	6
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/1	0/6
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0		3.5	3.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

TRIPLER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER
TRIPLER AMC, HAWAII

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	57%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	9%
		With ICSI	29%	Other factors	9%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	31	6	13	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	61.3	4/6	8/13	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	48.4	2/6	7/13	0/1
(95% confidence interval)	(30.8 - 66.0)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	50.0	2/6	7/12	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	51.7	2/6	7/11	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3.2	0/6	1/13	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.0	4.4	2.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/19	1/4	1/8	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/19	0/4	2/8	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/15	0/2	1/7	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	3	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/2	1/3		
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	5.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

RUSH-COPLEY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AURORA, ILLINOIS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	22%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	20%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	30%
		With ICSI	21%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	16	12	8	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	3/16	2/12	0/8	0/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	2/16	2/12	0/8	0/3
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	2/12	2/11	0/5	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/11	2/9	0/4	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4/16	1/12	3/8	1/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	4.1	2.0	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/3	1/2		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/3	0/2		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/2	1/2		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1			
Average number embryos transferred	5.0			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**IVF ILLINOIS, INC.
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	>99%	Tubal factor	30%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	8%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	23%
		With ICSI	40%	Other factors	12%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	317	174	136	112
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	29.3	29.9	19.9	10.7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	27.1	24.1	16.2	8.0
(95% confidence interval)	(22.2 - 32.0)	(17.8 - 30.5)	(10.0 - 22.4)	(3.0 - 13.1)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	29.7	28.0	19.3	10.8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	31.7	29.8	21.4	13.2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	8.5	13.8	16.2	25.9
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.3	2.9	2.6
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	32.3	25.0	29.6	1/12
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	8.6	0.0	3.7	0/12
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	40.7	26.2	40.9	1/9
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	29	11	4	9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	13.8	1/11	1/4	1/9
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.1
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	4	5	7	24
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/4	1/5	1/7	25.0
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	2.8	3.4	3.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY
PRENTICE WOMEN'S HOSPITAL
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	20%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	12%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	15%
		With ICSI	40%	Other factors	31%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	74	44	33	13
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	41.9	40.9	21.2	0/13
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	33.8	31.8	18.2	0/13
(95% confidence interval)	(23.0 - 44.6)	(18.1 - 45.6)	(5.0 - 31.3)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	35.7	33.3	18.8	0/11
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	37.3	34.1	20.0	0/10
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.4	4.5	3.0	2/13
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	4.6	5.0	4.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	38.7	6/18	1/7	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	12.9	3/18	0/7	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	52.0	6/14	1/6	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	31	14	7	13
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	19.4	2/14	1/7	0/13
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	4.2	5.3	5.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	1	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/1	0/1	3/5
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		5.0	4.0	5.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

RUSH CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CARE CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	86%	Tubal factor	19%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	6%	Endometriosis	24%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	7%	Uterine factor	10%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	24%
		With ICSI	24%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	8%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	89	45	38	61
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	29.2	40.0	10.5	0.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	23.6	31.1	5.3	0.0
(95% confidence interval)	(14.8 - 32.4)	(17.6 - 44.6)	(0.0 - 12.4)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	26.3	35.0	7.1	0.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	29.6	37.8	8.7	0.0
Cancellations per 100 cycles	10.1	11.1	26.3	
Average number embryos transferred	4.6	4.8	4.0	3.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	19.2	5/18	0/4	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	15.4	3/18	0/4	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	19.0	8/14	0/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	8	1	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/8	0/1	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	9.0	1.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/1		0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		2.0		3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO HOSPITALS CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	28%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	11%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	16%
		With ICSI	22%	Other factors	6%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	24%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	64	29	32	14
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	26.6	13.8	18.8	1/14
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	21.9	13.8	6.3	0/14
(95% confidence interval)	(11.7 - 32.0)	(1.2 - 26.3)	(0.0 - 14.6)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	24.1	14.8	8.7	0/12
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	24.6	15.4	10.0	0/11
Cancellations per 100 cycles	9.4	6.9	28.1	2/14
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	3.7	4.9	4.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/17	1/4	2/6	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/17	1/4	0/6	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/14	2/4	1/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	6	4	3	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/6	1/4	1/3	
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	5.0	2.7	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	4	2	8
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	2/4	0/2	2/8
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	1	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		0/1	0/1	0/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	3.8	3.7	3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

MIDWEST FERTILITY CENTER DOWNERS GROVE, ILLINOIS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	22%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	34%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	14%
		With ICSI	8%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	72	16	18	14
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	22.2	3/16	4/18	1/14
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	19.4	1/16	4/18	0/14
(95% confidence interval)	(10.3 - 28.6)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	22.6	1/10	4/15	0/8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	27.5	1/8	4/13	0/6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	13.9	6/16	3/18	6/14
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	1.9	3.5	2.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/16	0/3	1/4	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/16	0/3	0/4	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/14	0/1	1/4	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/2	0/1		
Average number embryos transferred	2.5	2.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	1	2	4
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	0/1	1/2	0/4
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	6.0	5.0	2.5	3.2

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CENTER FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION GLENVIEW, ILLINOIS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	18%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	<1%	Endometriosis	17%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	30%
		With ICSI	47%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	19%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	598	233	186	57
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	26.9	18.5	8.1	5.3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	21.7	12.9	6.5	3.5
(95% confidence interval)	(18.4 - 25.0)	(8.6 - 17.2)	(2.9 - 10.0)	(0.0 - 8.3)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	24.6	16.0	9.0	5.4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	30.7	18.1	10.4	6.5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	11.7	19.3	28.5	35.1
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	3.8	4.0	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	32.9	23.3	2/15	0/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	13.7	11.6	0/15	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	40.8	26.7	2/12	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	158	62	30	9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	28.5	22.6	13.3	1/9
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	3.8	4.0	4.2
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	15	7	15	24
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	6/15	5/7	7/15	41.7
Number of frozen transfers	9	3	4	13
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	1/9	0/3	1/4	4/13
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

ADVANCED FERTILITY CENTER OF CHICAGO GURNEE, ILLINOIS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	50%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	15%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	4%
		With ICSI	21%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	12%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	11	2	8	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	5/11	1/2	2/8	1/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	5/11	0/2	2/8	0/3
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	5/10	0/2	2/8	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	5/10	0/2	2/6	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1/11	0/2	0/8	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	3.0	3.7	4.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/5	0/1	1/2	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/5	0/1	0/2	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/5		1/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1			1/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0			3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

HIGHLAND PARK HOSPITAL IVF CENTER

HIGHLAND PARK, ILLINOIS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	20%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	12%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	<1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	17%
		With ICSI	73%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	24%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	149	81	58	50
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	34.9	34.6	29.3	10.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	29.5	29.6	24.1	6.0
(95% confidence interval)	(22.2 - 36.9)	(19.7 - 39.6)	(13.1 - 35.2)	(0.0 - 12.6)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	37.0	35.3	29.8	12.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	37.3	35.3	30.4	13.6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	20.1	16.0	19.0	50.0
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	4.7	5.6	5.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	21.2	39.3	6/17	3/5
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	36.5	14.3	1/17	0/5
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	56.8	45.8	7/14	1/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	11	8	5	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/11	0/8	0/5	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.6	4.6	4.2	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	2	11
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/1	0/2	8/11
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				1/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.0	3.0	5.1

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

HINSDALE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTION HINSDALE, ILLINOIS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	32%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	31%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	18%
		With ICSI	7%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	9%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	50	26	14	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	28.0	15.4	1/14	0/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	26.0	15.4	1/14	0/4
(95% confidence interval)	(13.8 - 38.2)	(1.5 - 29.3)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	28.9	4/16	1/10	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	33.3	4/16	1/9	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	10.0	38.5	4/14	1/4
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	3.8	4.3	3.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/14	2/4	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/14	0/4	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	7/13	1/4	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	12	4	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/12	0/4		
Average number embryos transferred	4.6	3.8		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

OAK BROOK FERTILITY CENTER
OAK BROOK, ILLINOIS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	33%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	19%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	2%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	36%
		With ICSI	51%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	20	12	14	13
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	40.0	5/12	4/14	1/13
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	40.0	5/12	2/14	0/13
(95% confidence interval)	(18.5 - 61.5)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	8/19	5/11	2/11	0/10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	8/18	5/11	2/10	0/7
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.0	1/12	3/14	3/13
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	4.0	2.8	2.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/8	4/5	1/4	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/8	0/5	0/4	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/8	4/5	0/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/2	0/1		
Average number embryos transferred	2.0	3.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	0	11
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1			3/11
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				1/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0			3.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REENA JABAMONI, M.D.
OAK BROOK, ILLINOIS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	10%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	15%
		With ICSI	27%	Other factors	10%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	5%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	20	11	2	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	20.0	3/11	1/2	0/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	20.0	3/11	1/2	0/4
(95% confidence interval)	(2.5 - 37.5)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	20.0	3/10	1/2	0/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/19	3/10	1/2	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	1/11	0/2	0/4
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	2.9	6.0	3.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/4	1/3	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/4	0/3	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/4	1/3	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	1	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d		0/1	1/1	
Average number embryos transferred		3.0	1.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/1		
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.0		

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CENTER, LTD.
ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	94%	Tubal factor	35%
Single women?	No	GIFT	5%	Endometriosis	27%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	63%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	6%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	35	6	20	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	34.3	3/6	10.0	1/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	28.6	3/6	10.0	0/2
(95% confidence interval)	(13.6 - 43.5)		(0.0 - 23.1)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	31.3	3/6	2/19	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.5	3/6	2/18	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	8.6	0/6	5.0	1/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	4.2	3.4	2.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/12	0/3	1/2	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/12	1/3	0/2	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/10	1/3	0/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	2	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/2	0/2	0/1	
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	5.0	3.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND FERTILITY CENTER ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	31%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	20%
		With ICSI	39%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	97	31	22	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	42.3	22.6	9.1	0/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	35.1	22.6	4.5	0/5
(95% confidence interval)	(25.6 - 44.5)	(7.9 - 37.3)	(0.0 - 13.2)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	37.0	25.9	1/14	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	38.2	28.0	1/13	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.2	12.9	36.4	3/5
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	3.0	2.2	2.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	31.7	2/7	0/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	4.9	0/7	0/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	38.2	2/7	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	14	7	1	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/14	1/7	0/1	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	2.4	3.0	2.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

RUSH NORTH SHORE CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CARE SKOKIE, ILLINOIS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	93%	Tubal factor	17%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	6%	Endometriosis	23%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	5%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	20%
		With ICSI	28%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	8%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	20	22	15	11
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	30.0	22.7	3/15	3/11
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	25.0	22.7	1/15	1/11
(95% confidence interval)	(6.0 - 44.0)	(5.2 - 40.2)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	5/16	5/18	1/13	1/10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	5/14	5/15	1/12	1/8
Cancellations per 100 cycles	20.0	18.2	2/15	1/11
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	3.5	2.8	4.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/6	2/5	0/3	0/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/6	0/5	0/3	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/5	2/5	0/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	3	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/3			
Average number embryos transferred	4.0			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	0	3
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/1		0/3
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.0		5.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY ASSOCIATES, S.C.
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	41%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	14%
		With ICSI	53%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	42	21	13	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	16.7	28.6	2/13	0/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	16.7	28.6	2/13	0/3
(95% confidence interval)	(5.4 - 27.9)	(9.2 - 47.9)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	17.9	6/18	2/12	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	18.9	6/17	2/11	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.1	14.3	1/13	1/3
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	3.2	4.6	5.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/7	2/6	0/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/7	0/6	0/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/7	1/6	0/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	3	1	0	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/3	0/1		0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.7	3.0		1.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY
DEPARTMENT OF OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	No	IVF	75%	Tubal factor	23%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	23%	Endometriosis	8%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	48%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	16%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	3%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	47	10	13	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	8.5	2/10	0/13	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	6.4	2/10	0/13	
(95% confidence interval)	(0.0 - 13.4)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	6.7	2/10	0/12	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	6.7	2/10	0/12	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.3	0/10	1/13	
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	4.8	3.3	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/4	0/2		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/4	0/2		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/3	0/2		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	3	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/3			
Average number embryos transferred	3.0			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

MIDWEST REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE: CHAMPAIGN/URBANA URBANA, ILLINOIS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	33%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	21%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	24%
		With ICSI	37%	Other factors	6%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	45	15	8	8
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	28.9	5/15	2/8	0/8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	24.4	4/15	1/8	0/8
(95% confidence interval)	(11.9 - 37.0)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	26.8	4/13	1/7	0/7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	30.6	4/13	1/7	0/7
Cancellations per 100 cycles	8.9	2/15	1/8	1/8
Average number embryos transferred	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.9
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/13	2/5	0/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/13	0/5	0/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/11	2/4	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/4	0/1		
Average number embryos transferred	2.0	2.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

ASSOCIATED FERTILITY & GYNECOLOGY FORT WAYNE, INDIANA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	30%
Single women?	No	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	5%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	25%
		With ICSI	50%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	8%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	55	5	10	6
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	23.6	0/5	5/10	0/6
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	21.8	0/5	3/10	0/6
(95% confidence interval)	(10.9 - 32.7)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	24.5	0/4	3/7	0/5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	26.7	0/3	3/6	0/5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	10.9	1/5	3/10	1/6
Average number embryos transferred	2.8	2.7	3.0	2.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/13		1/5	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/13		0/5	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/12		1/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	9	5	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/9	0/5	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	1.8	1.6	2.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				1/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

ADVANCED FERTILITY GROUP INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	94%	Tubal factor	26%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	33%
		With ICSI	21%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	9%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	150	53	36	24
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	24.7	22.6	8.3	8.3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	22.0	18.9	8.3	4.2
(95% confidence interval)	(15.4 - 28.6)	(8.3 - 29.4)	(0.0 - 17.4)	(0.0 - 12.2)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	27.0	22.2	12.5	1/11
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	27.5	22.2	13.0	1/11
Cancellations per 100 cycles	18.7	15.1	33.3	54.2
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	4.3	3.0	3.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	27.0	2/12	0/3	1/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2.7	2/12	0/3	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	33.3	4/10	0/3	1/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	37	12	8	6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0.0	1/12	0/8	1/6
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.5	3.1	4.2
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	9	0	4	3
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	4/9		0/4	0/3
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				1/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.4		5.0	4.2

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

INDIANA UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	95%	Tubal factor	37%
Single women?	No	GIFT	5%	Endometriosis	29%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	31%
		With ICSI	19%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	23	10	6	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	26.1	2/10	0/6	1/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	26.1	2/10	0/6	1/3
(95% confidence interval)	(8.1 - 44.0)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	6/18	2/8	0/4	1/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	6/18	2/8	0/4	1/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	21.7	2/10	2/6	1/3
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	3.9	3.5	6.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/6	0/2		0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/6	0/2		0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/6	0/2		0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	3	1	2	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/3	0/1	1/2	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	11.0	4.5	5.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

MIDWEST REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	85%	Tubal factor	22%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	4%	Endometriosis	27%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	10%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	31%
		With ICSI	37%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	285	107	98	49
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	45.3	33.6	24.5	6.1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	39.6	27.1	19.4	2.0
(95% confidence interval)	(34.0 - 45.3)	(18.7 - 35.5)	(11.6 - 27.2)	(0.0 - 6.0)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	42.5	30.5	23.8	3.3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	43.3	32.6	25.7	3.6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.7	11.2	18.4	38.8
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	3.1	2.9	2.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	33.3	19.4	29.2	0/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	6.2	5.6	8.3	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	38.1	31.0	5/19	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	64	23	18	6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	28.1	21.7	6/18	0/6
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	2.8	3.1	3.3
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	3	4	18
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/3	2/3	2/4	8/18
Number of frozen transfers	5	1	4	7
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	1/5	1/1	0/4	3/7
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY ASSOCIATES

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	46%	Tubal factor	15%
Single women?	No	GIFT	31%	Endometriosis	23%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	23%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	31%
		With ICSI	31%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	23%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	9	1	3	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	4/9	1/1	1/3	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	3/9	1/1	0/3	
(95% confidence interval)				
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	3/7	1/1	0/3	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/6	1/1	0/3	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	2/9	0/1	0/3	
Average number embryos transferred	2.8	4.0	2.3	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/4	0/1	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/4	0/1	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/3	0/1		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CENTER FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTION SOUTH BEND, INDIANA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	No	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	48%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	20%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	58	8	9	10
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	29.3	6/8	1/9	1/10
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	22.4	5/8	1/9	0/10
(95% confidence interval)	(11.7 - 33.1)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	25.0	5/8	1/7	0/9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	26.0	5/8	1/6	0/7
Cancellations per 100 cycles	10.3	0/8	2/9	1/10
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	4.0	3.5	2.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	6/17	3/6	1/1	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/17	0/6	0/1	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	6/13	3/5	1/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

MCFARLAND CLINIC, P.C.
ASSISTED REPRODUCTION
AMES, IOWA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	96%	Tubal factor	31%
Single women?	No	GIFT	3%	Endometriosis	15%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	30%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	10%
		With ICSI	44%	Other factors	14%
		Unstimulated	1%	Unexplained	<1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	84	22	16	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	36.9	27.3	3/16	0/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	36.9	22.7	3/16	0/2
(95% confidence interval)	(26.6 - 47.2)	(5.2 - 40.2)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	39.7	25.0	3/14	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	41.3	25.0	3/14	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.1	9.1	2/16	2/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.7	3.0	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	35.5	2/6	0/3	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	19.4	0/6	1/3	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	51.6	1/5	1/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	22	9	6	4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	18.2	2/9	1/6	0/4
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.0	3.5	3.8
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CARE IOWA CITY, IOWA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	88%	Tubal factor	31%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	7%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	11%	Uterine factor	<1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	9%
		With ICSI	46%	Other factors	11%
		Unstimulated	<1%	Unexplained	9%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	154	46	33	24
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	40.3	37.0	21.2	16.7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	34.4	34.8	15.2	16.7
(95% confidence interval)	(26.9 - 41.9)	(21.0 - 48.5)	(2.9 - 27.4)	(1.8 - 31.6)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	36.3	42.1	18.5	4/17
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	37.9	45.7	20.0	4/15
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.2	17.4	18.2	29.2
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.6	3.3	3.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	21.0	2/17	0/7	2/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	9.7	2/17	2/7	0/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	34.0	2/16	2/5	2/4
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	74	28	13	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	25.7	25.0	2/13	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	3.4	3.5	4.3
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	1	1	6
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1	0/1	1/1	2/6
Number of frozen transfers	2	0	4	16
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	1/2		1/4	3/16
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	3.0	2.8	3.4

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

MID-IOWA FERTILITY, P.C.
WEST DES MOINES, IOWA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	37%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	1%
		With ICSI	33%	Other factors	12%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	8%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	54	15	13	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	16.7	3/15	1/13	1/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	14.8	3/15	1/13	1/2
(95% confidence interval)	(5.3 - 24.3)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	16.0	3/13	1/9	1/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	18.2	3/11	1/9	1/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.4	2/15	4/13	1/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.7	3.6	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	5/9	0/3	0/1	1/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/9	0/3	0/1	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/8	0/3	0/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	18	1	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/18	0/1	0/1	
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	4.0	2.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	0	1	3
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2		1/1	0/3
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				1/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.5		4.0	3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPRODUCTIVE RESOURCE CENTER OF GREATER KANSAS CITY OVERLAND PARK, KANSAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	89%	Tubal factor	12%
Single women?	No	GIFT	8%	Endometriosis	1%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	34%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	28%	Other factors	23%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	24%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	141	62	49	8
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	46.8	32.3	18.4	4/8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	41.8	29.0	10.2	2/8
(95% confidence interval)	(33.7 - 50.0)	(17.7 - 40.3)	(1.7 - 18.7)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	49.6	40.9	16.1	2/8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	53.2	42.9	16.7	2/8
Cancellations per 100 cycles	15.6	29.0	36.7	0/8
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	2.9	3.3	3.9
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	31.8	20.0	1/9	1/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	10.6	5.0	0/9	0/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	45.8	4/18	1/5	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	7	8	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/7	4/8	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	2.3	2.5	2.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	6	4	5	13
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/6	2/4	4/5	7/13
Number of frozen transfers	1	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1			0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.7	3.3	2.4	2.7

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE WICHITA, KANSAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	92%	Tubal factor	40%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	3%	Endometriosis	26%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	3%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	32%	Other factors	8%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	75	37	19	18
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	46.7	40.5	6/19	3/18
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	41.3	29.7	5/19	2/18
(95% confidence interval)	(30.2 - 52.5)	(15.0 - 44.5)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	43.1	36.7	5/16	2/17
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	44.9	36.7	5/15	2/13
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.0	18.9	3/19	1/18
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	3.4	3.7	3.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	40.0	5/15	1/6	0/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	11.4	1/15	0/6	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	45.2	4/11	1/5	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	25	3	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	32.0	2/3	1/2	
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	3.0	3.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	0	0	3
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/2			3/3
Number of frozen transfers	2	1	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/2	0/1		0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.5	3.0		5.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

FERTILITY & ENDOCRINE ASSOCIATES

LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	No	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	43%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	7%
		With ICSI	19%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	5%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	75	30	8	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	17.3	13.3	1/8	1/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	16.0	13.3	1/8	1/5
(95% confidence interval)	(7.7 - 24.3)	(1.2 - 25.5)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	16.2	14.3	1/8	1/5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	16.7	15.4	1/8	1/5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1.3	6.7	0/8	0/5
Average number embryos transferred	4.1	4.0	3.8	4.6
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/13	0/4	0/1	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/13	1/4	0/1	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/12	1/4	0/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	9	7	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/9	0/7	1/2	
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.4	5.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY
LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	59%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	11%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	0%
		With ICSI	13%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	7%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	10	2	3	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	0/10	0/2	0/3	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	0/10	0/2	0/3	0/1
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	0/9		0/1	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/8		0/1	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1/10	2/2	2/3	1/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.3		6.0	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies				
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies				
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d				
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	6	1	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/6	0/1	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.0	1.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				1.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**FERTILITY PROGRAM
UNIVERSITY OB/GYN ASSOCIATES
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	>99%	Tubal factor	26%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	<1%	Endometriosis	8%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	7%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	21%
		With ICSI	42%	Other factors	5%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	7%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	116	40	25	15
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	49.1	30.0	28.0	0/15
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	41.4	27.5	16.0	0/15
(95% confidence interval)	(32.4 - 50.3)	(13.7 - 41.3)	(1.6 - 30.4)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	45.3	32.4	4/19	0/10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	46.6	33.3	4/18	0/9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	8.6	15.0	24.0	5/15
Average number embryos transferred	2.6	3.3	3.4	2.9
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	26.3	4/12	1/7	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	5.3	1/12	0/7	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	33.3	4/11	1/4	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	19	12	3	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/19	4/12	1/3	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	2.2	2.8	2.0	4.7
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	1	0	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/2	0/1		1/5
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	4.0		3.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

THE CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND ADVANCED REPRODUCTION METAIRIE, LOUISIANA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	85%	Tubal factor	30%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	9%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	6%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	16%
		With ICSI	27%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	14%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	12	8	3	10
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	2/12	0/8	1/3	0/10
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	2/12	0/8	0/3	0/10
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	2/12	0/8	0/3	0/10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/10	0/5	0/2	0/9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/12	0/8	0/3	0/10
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	4.2	4.5	2.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/2		0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2		0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/2			
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	9	5	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/9	0/5		
Average number embryos transferred	2.7	2.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/1	
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			2.0	

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

FERTILITY AND LASER CENTER METAIRIE, LOUISIANA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	78%	Tubal factor	26%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	3%	Endometriosis	19%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	<1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	18%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	33%
		With ICSI	20%	Other factors	<1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	6%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	79	37	22	10
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	26.6	21.6	9.1	1/10
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	20.3	21.6	9.1	0/10
(95% confidence interval)	(11.4 - 29.1)	(8.4 - 34.9)	(0.0 - 21.1)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	23.9	25.8	2/17	0/8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	24.6	27.6	2/15	0/6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	15.2	16.2	22.7	2/10
Average number embryos transferred	5.1	5.2	4.7	4.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	28.6	3/8	1/2	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	23.8	2/8	0/2	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	8/16	5/8	1/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	7	1	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/7	0/1	0/1	
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	4.0	3.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	0	0	3
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2			0/3
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		0/1		0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	5.5	3.0		5.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF NEW ORLEANS
NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	95%	Tubal factor	22%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	4%	Endometriosis	17%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	43%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	1%
		With ICSI	21%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	13%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	89	34	21	9
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	23.6	20.6	0.0	1/9
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	21.3	20.6	0.0	1/9
(95% confidence interval)	(12.8 - 29.9)	(7.0 - 34.2)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	25.7	25.0	0/14	1/6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	28.4	26.9	0/13	1/6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	16.9	17.6		3/9
Average number embryos transferred	4.1	3.5	3.9	2.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	19.0	0/7		1/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	14.3	2/7		0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	6/19	2/7		1/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	4	2	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/4	0/4	0/2	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	2.0	2.5	1.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**TULANE UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL AND CLINIC
NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	86%	Tubal factor	31%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	14%	Endometriosis	0%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	31%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	38%
		With ICSI	21%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	6	1	3	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	1/6	1/1	1/3	1/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	1/6	1/1	1/3	1/4
(95% confidence interval)				
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	1/6	1/1	1/3	1/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/6	1/1	1/3	1/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/6	0/1	0/3	1/4
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	6.0	5.0	3.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/1	0/1	1/1	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/1	1/1	1/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1			
Average number embryos transferred	2.0			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	1	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1			
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0			

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CENTER FOR FERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	39%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	10%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	30%
		With ICSI	39%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	43	17	6	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	30.2	7/17	1/6	2/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	25.6	4/17	0/6	2/5
(95% confidence interval)	(12.5 - 38.6)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	28.2	4/16	0/3	2/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	28.2	4/16	0/3	2/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	9.3	1/17	3/6	2/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	4.2	3.7	4.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/13	2/7	0/1	1/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/13	0/7	0/1	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	7/11	0/4		1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	4	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/2	0/4		
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	2.5		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1			
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	2	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/2	
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0		3.5	

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGY
UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND MEDICAL SYSTEM
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	46%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	2%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	22%
		With ICSI	37%	Other factors	7%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	58	17	15	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	36.2	9/17	4/15	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	24.1	8/17	4/15	
(95% confidence interval)	(13.1 - 35.2)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	24.6	8/15	4/13	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	24.6	8/15	4/13	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1.7	2/17	2/15	
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.9	3.9	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	33.3	3/9	0/4	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	14.3	3/9	0/4	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	7/14	5/8	0/4	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/2	0/1		
Average number embryos transferred	2.5	2.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	1	0	7
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1	0/1		4/7
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	3.0		3.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**GBMC FERTILITY CENTER
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	95%	Tubal factor	27%
Single women?	No	GIFT	<1%	Endometriosis	23%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	3%	Uterine factor	<1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	35%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	1%
		With ICSI	38%	Other factors	10%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	181	107	119	52
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	37.0	24.3	20.2	15.4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	29.8	17.8	15.1	9.6
(95% confidence interval)	(23.2 - 36.5)	(10.5 - 25.0)	(8.7 - 21.6)	(1.6 - 17.6)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	32.3	20.0	18.0	12.2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.6	21.3	18.4	12.8
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.7	11.2	16.0	21.2
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	4.1	4.1	4.6
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	28.4	11.5	20.8	0/8
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	9.0	15.4	4.2	0/8
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	40.7	6/19	4/18	0/5
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	94	29	33	9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	19.1	13.8	12.1	0/9
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	2.9	3.0	2.8
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	1	3	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2	1/1	2/3	2/5
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/1	0/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.5	5.0	4.8	3.4

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

HELIX CENTER FOR ART BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	21%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	11%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	9%
		With ICSI	35%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	35%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	46	10	14	7
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	23.9	3/10	3/14	0/7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	23.9	1/10	2/14	0/7
(95% confidence interval)	(11.6 - 36.2)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	30.6	1/7	2/12	0/5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	30.6	1/7	2/11	0/4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	21.7	3/10	2/14	2/7
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	5.0	3.8	2.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/11	0/3	1/3	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	5/11	0/3	0/3	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	7/11	0/1	0/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	5	3	2	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/5	1/3	0/2	1/2
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	5.0	2.0	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/1	1/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			3.0	6.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**THE JOHNS HOPKINS MEDICAL INSTITUTE
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	97%	Tubal factor	42%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	3%	Endometriosis	27%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	1%
		With ICSI	16%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	10%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	55	26	38	30
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	25.5	0.0	21.1	13.3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	16.4	0.0	18.4	10.0
(95% confidence interval)	(6.6 - 26.1)		(6.1 - 30.7)	(0.0 - 20.7)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	20.5	0/17	20.0	14.3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	21.4	0/17	21.2	14.3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	20.0		7.9	30.0
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	3.8	4.1	3.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	5/14		2/8	0/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/14		2/8	0/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/9		3/7	0/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	8	3	1	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/8	0/3	0/1	1/3
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	3.3	3.0	4.7
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	2	6
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1		1/2	1/6
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0		3.5	3.7

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

MID-ATLANTIC FERTILITY CENTERS BETHESDA, MARYLAND

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	93%	Tubal factor	16%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	6%	Endometriosis	15%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	6%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	15%
		With ICSI	29%	Other factors	5%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	25%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	72	58	42	13
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	30.6	22.4	16.7	1/13
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	26.4	15.5	9.5	0/13
(95% confidence interval)	(16.2 - 36.6)	(6.2 - 24.8)	(0.6 - 18.4)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	29.7	15.8	9.8	0/13
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	35.8	18.0	14.3	0/10
Cancellations per 100 cycles	11.1	1.7	2.4	0/13
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	3.0	3.6	3.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	27.3	3/13	2/7	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	18.2	1/13	0/7	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	10/19	4/9	2/4	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	17	6	0	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/17	1/6		1/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	3.7		3.3
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	2	3	10
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/2	1/3	2/10
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/1	1/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.0	3.0	3.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

SHADY GROVE FERTILITY CENTERS ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	>99%	Tubal factor	25%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	21%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	23%	Other factors	23%
		Unstimulated	<1%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	311	191	131	91
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	31.8	27.7	19.8	7.7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	26.0	22.5	14.5	4.4
(95% confidence interval)	(21.2 - 30.9)	(16.6 - 28.4)	(8.5 - 20.5)	(0.2 - 8.6)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	28.5	27.6	18.3	5.4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	30.1	28.9	19.2	5.7
Cancellations per 100 cycles	8.7	18.3	20.6	18.7
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	32.3	24.5	15.4	1/7
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	10.1	5.7	3.8	0/7
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	43.2	27.9	4/19	1/4
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	20	13	7	6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0.0	0/13	0/7	0/6
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	4.2	3.3	3.7
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	4	5	4	18
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/4	1/5	2/4	4/18
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0	4.0	3.3	2.9

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

FERTILITY CENTER OF MARYLAND TOWSON, MARYLAND

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	91%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	No	GIFT	5%	Endometriosis	31%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	3%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	15%
		With ICSI	19%	Other factors	<1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	13%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	108	53	29	21
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	30.6	26.4	17.2	4.8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	26.9	20.8	13.8	4.8
(95% confidence interval)	(18.5 - 35.2)	(9.8 - 31.7)	(1.2 - 26.3)	(0.0 - 13.9)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	27.1	22.4	17.4	1/18
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	27.6	23.4	17.4	1/17
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.9	7.5	20.7	14.3
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.8	3.6	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	27.3	4/14	2/5	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	15.2	0/14	0/5	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	37.9	3/11	1/4	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	47	14	7	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	21.3	3/14	0/7	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	3.9	3.9	2.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	0	4
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1			3/4
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0			3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

BRIGHAM & WOMEN'S HOSPITAL CENTER FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTION BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	95%	Tubal factor	20%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	4%	Endometriosis	15%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	19%	Other factors	13%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	16%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	341	168	180	95
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	34.9	31.0	23.3	14.7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	27.9	22.6	18.9	7.4
(95% confidence interval)	(23.1 - 32.6)	(16.3 - 28.9)	(13.2 - 24.6)	(2.1 - 12.6)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	28.5	24.2	20.0	7.8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	30.3	25.9	21.0	8.1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	2.3	6.5	5.6	5.3
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	4.0	4.3	4.6
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	34.5	17.3	11.9	2/14
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	10.9	7.7	9.5	0/14
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	44.2	26.3	20.6	2/7
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	31	15	6	4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	19.4	6/15	0/6	1/4
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.0	4.0	3.3
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	8	5	2	6
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	3/8	0/5	2/2	1/6
Number of frozen transfers	6	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/6			0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.5	4.2	5.0	5.4

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

FAULKNER CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	14%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	22%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	5%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	38%
		With ICSI	27%	Other factors	3%
		Unstimulated	4%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	61	20	18	31
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	8.2	20.0	2/18	9.7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	4.9	10.0	1/18	3.2
(95% confidence interval)	(0.0 - 10.3)	(0.0 - 23.1)		(0.0 - 9.4)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	6.3	2/12	1/12	1/18
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	6.7	2/11	1/12	1/17
Cancellations per 100 cycles	21.3	40.0	6/18	41.9
Average number embryos transferred	2.5	2.8	2.5	2.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/5	2/4	1/2	0/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/5	0/4	0/2	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/3	0/2	1/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	3	1	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/4	0/3	0/1	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	2.3	2.0	1.0	2.3
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	2	6	21
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	2/2	0/6	14.3
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	3.5	2.3	3.1

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL HOSPITAL VINCENT IVF UNIT

BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	22%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	<1%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	37%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	36%	Other factors	16%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	100	47	65	21
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	40.0	34.0	18.5	4.8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	34.0	19.1	18.5	4.8
(95% confidence interval)	(24.7 - 43.3)	(7.9 - 30.4)	(9.0 - 27.9)	(0.0 - 13.9)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	37.8	21.4	24.0	1/17
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	39.5	23.1	26.1	1/14
Cancellations per 100 cycles	10.0	10.6	23.1	19.0
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	3.1	3.6	2.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	25.0	4/16	3/12	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	10.0	1/16	2/12	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	35.3	2/9	4/12	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	12	3	3	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/12	0/3	2/3	1/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	2.0	2.7	5.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		0/1		0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		1.0		3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

BOSTON IVF BROOKLINE, MASSACHUSETTS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	86%	Tubal factor	22%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	14%	Endometriosis	10%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	15%
		With ICSI	25%	Other factors	10%
		Unstimulated	<1%	Unexplained	15%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	837	491	500	371
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	31.5	29.7	19.4	12.4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	27.7	24.6	15.4	5.9
(95% confidence interval)	(24.7 - 30.8)	(20.8 - 28.5)	(12.2 - 18.6)	(3.5 - 8.3)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	29.8	27.5	18.5	7.1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	32.0	29.5	20.3	7.7
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.9	10.4	16.8	16.7
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.8	3.8	4.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	34.1	21.9	24.7	13.0
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	12.9	11.6	3.1	0.0
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	46.1	33.9	26.0	4.5
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	121	68	28	22
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	24.0	29.4	25.0	13.6
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	2.9	2.6	3.2
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	20	16	38	60
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	55.0	6/16	10.5	26.7
Number of frozen transfers	10	3	9	18
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/10	0/3	0/9	2/18
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	3.3	2.9	2.9

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

NEW ENGLAND FERTILITY AND ENDOCRINOLOGY ASSOCIATES

BROOKLINE, MASSACHUSETTS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	94%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	6%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	0%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	94%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	4	7	5	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	0/4	1/7	0/5	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	0/4	1/7	0/5	0/1
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	0/4	1/7	0/5	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/4	1/6	0/3	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/4	0/7	0/5	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	1.0	1.2	1.0	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies		0/1		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies		0/1		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d		0/1		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

HALLMARK HEALTH FERTILITY SERVICES
THE MALDEN HOSPITAL
MALDEN, MASSACHUSETTS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	91%	Tubal factor	45%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	9%	Endometriosis	3%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	26%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	13%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	8	8	3	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	3/8	1/8	1/3	0/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	1/8	1/8	0/3	0/3
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	1/8	1/7	0/2	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/7	1/6	0/2	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/8	1/8	1/3	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	4.1	3.8	4.5	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/3	0/1	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/3	0/1	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/1	0/1		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	5	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/4	1/5		
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	2.8		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

FERTILITY CENTER OF NEW ENGLAND, INC.
READING, MASSACHUSETTS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	23%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	<1%	Endometriosis	17%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	7%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	20%
		With ICSI	28%	Other factors	5%
		Unstimulated	1%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	317	228	232	194
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	27.4	19.7	13.8	5.2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	23.3	16.7	10.3	3.1
(95% confidence interval)	(18.7 - 28.0)	(11.8 - 21.5)	(6.4 - 14.3)	(0.7 - 5.5)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	24.3	18.2	11.3	3.6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	26.7	20.2	13.1	4.7
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.1	8.3	8.6	14.4
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	3.2	3.0	2.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	23.0	28.9	21.9	0/10
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	9.2	2.2	3.1	0/10
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	33.8	31.6	25.0	0/6
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	76	29	20	11
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	22.4	17.2	10.0	0/11
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.4	3.7	2.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	4	5	12	45
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/4	1/5	2/12	46.7
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	2	4
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			1/2	0/4
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.8	3.2	3.3	2.9

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

BAYSTATE IVF SPRINGFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	41%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	10%
		With ICSI	42%	Other factors	9%
		Unstimulated	<1%	Unexplained	5%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	142	68	74	26
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	34.5	30.9	20.3	23.1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	33.1	23.5	17.6	15.4
(95% confidence interval)	(25.4 - 40.8)	(13.4 - 33.6)	(8.9 - 26.2)	(1.5 - 29.3)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	36.4	29.1	19.1	4/18
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	41.2	32.0	22.0	4/17
Cancellations per 100 cycles	9.2	19.1	8.1	30.8
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	3.3	3.5	4.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	30.6	23.8	5/15	3/6
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	12.2	23.8	0/15	0/6
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	38.3	6/16	5/13	2/4
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	55	21	4	6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	23.6	19.0	0/4	0/6
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.2	3.3	4.2
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

BOSTON REGIONAL CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE STONEHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	95%	Tubal factor	28%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	2%	Endometriosis	12%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	11%
		With ICSI	18%	Other factors	15%
		Unstimulated	8%	Unexplained	9%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	214	116	74	63
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	25.2	24.1	18.9	9.5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	21.5	19.8	14.9	3.2
(95% confidence interval)	(16.0 - 27.0)	(12.6 - 27.1)	(6.8 - 23.0)	(0.0 - 7.5)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	22.8	21.7	16.2	3.3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	25.1	23.5	18.3	3.9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.6	8.6	8.1	4.8
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.2	3.4	3.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	33.3	21.4	4/14	0/6
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	9.3	0.0	1/14	0/6
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	34.8	13.0	3/11	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	55	19	8	9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	21.8	1/19	0/8	1/9
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	4.2	5.0	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	1	3	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	0/1	1/3	0/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/1	0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	6.0	3.0	3.5	4.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**THE REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER OF BOSTON
DEACONESS WALTHAM HOSPITAL
WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	97%	Tubal factor	24%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	3%	Endometriosis	10%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	34%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	12%
		With ICSI	36%	Other factors	6%
		Unstimulated	<1%	Unexplained	13%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	387	231	219	136
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	41.1	31.2	28.8	18.4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	35.9	24.7	19.6	9.6
(95% confidence interval)	(31.1 - 40.7)	(19.1 - 30.2)	(14.4 - 24.9)	(4.6 - 14.5)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	38.2	27.7	23.6	11.8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	40.2	29.1	25.1	13.4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.9	10.8	16.9	19.1
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	3.3	3.5	3.9
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	32.1	30.6	27.0	16.0
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	6.9	8.3	4.8	4.0
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	33.8	42.1	32.6	2/13
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	76	29	20	20
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.2	10.3	20.0	5.0
Average number embryos transferred	2.5	2.6	2.9	2.6
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	13	7	14	42
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	10/13	4/7	3/14	47.6
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.9

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN MEDICAL CENTER
ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	92%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	4%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	3%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	37%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	22%
		With ICSI	39%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	68	30	19	6
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	17.6	10.0	1/19	2/6
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	13.2	10.0	1/19	2/6
(95% confidence interval)	(5.2 - 21.3)	(0.0 - 20.7)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	15.8	12.0	1/15	2/5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	16.7	12.0	1/15	2/5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	16.2	16.7	4/19	1/6
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.8	4.8	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/12	1/3	1/1	1/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/12	0/3	0/1	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	6/9	1/3	0/1	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	17	11	7	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/17	1/11	0/7	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.4	4.4	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
OAKWOOD HOSPITAL
DEARBORN, MICHIGAN**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	>99%	Tubal factor	22%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	<1%	Endometriosis	11%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	56%
		With ICSI	21%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	117	53	59	46
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	21.4	24.5	5.1	8.7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	17.9	20.8	3.4	4.3
(95% confidence interval)	(11.0 - 24.9)	(9.8 - 31.7)	(0.0 - 8.0)	(0.0 - 10.2)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	24.4	30.6	6.5	10.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	27.6	32.4	8.0	2/17
Cancellations per 100 cycles	26.5	32.1	47.5	56.5
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.4	2.9	3.9
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	20.0	3/13	1/3	0/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	24.0	1/13	1/3	0/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	42.9	2/11	2/2	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	18	2	3	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/18	0/2	0/3	
Average number embryos transferred	2.6	3.5	2.7	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	0	1	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2		0/1	1/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	1.5		2.0	6.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

HUTZEL HOSPITAL DETROIT, MICHIGAN

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	94%	Tubal factor	26%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	4%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	31%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	4%
		With ICSI	30%	Other factors	17%
		Unstimulated	1%	Unexplained	6%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	64	35	30	11
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	31.3	34.3	43.3	1/11
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	26.6	22.9	10.0	1/11
(95% confidence interval)	(15.7 - 37.4)	(8.9 - 36.8)	(0.0 - 20.7)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	28.3	33.3	12.5	1/6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	29.3	34.8	13.0	1/5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.3	31.4	20.0	5/11
Average number embryos transferred	4.1	4.4	5.1	2.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	20.0	2/12	2/13	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	20.0	2/12	0/13	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	6/17	3/8	0/3	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	3	3	0	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/3	0/3		0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	1.7		2.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	0	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1			1/5
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	5.0			5.2

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

HURLEY MEDICAL CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE FLINT, MICHIGAN

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	45%	Tubal factor	38%
Single women?	No	GIFT	13%	Endometriosis	7%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	26%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	15%	Ovulatory dysfunction	45%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	7%
		With ICSI	44%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	67	30	10	19
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	41.8	43.3	4/10	1/19
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	35.8	33.3	4/10	0/19
(95% confidence interval)	(24.3 - 47.3)	(16.5 - 50.2)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	41.4	35.7	4/10	0/16
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	42.1	35.7	4/8	0/15
Cancellations per 100 cycles	13.4	6.7	0/10	3/19
Average number embryos transferred	5.4	5.8	6.6	4.9
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	28.6	4/13	0/4	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3.6	1/13	0/4	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	29.2	4/10	0/4	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	9	10	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/9	1/10		
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	3.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

GRAND RAPIDS FERTILITY/SPECTRUM HEALTH EAST

GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	79%	Tubal factor	32%
Single women?	No	GIFT	12%	Endometriosis	7%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	<1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	9%
		With ICSI	25%	Other factors	28%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	57	23	6	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	35.1	43.5	1/6	2/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	28.1	34.8	1/6	1/5
(95% confidence interval)	(16.4 - 39.7)	(15.3 - 54.2)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	32.0	38.1	1/5	1/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	33.3	8/19	1/5	1/4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	12.3	8.7	1/6	1/5
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	4.7	3.8	5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	30.0	3/10	0/1	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	10.0	1/10	0/1	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	6/16	3/8	0/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	23	7	1	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	21.7	0/7	0/1	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	5.7	5.1	3.0	6.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	5	4	1	4
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/5	2/4	1/1	3/4
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.4	4.0	6.0	4.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

MICHIGAN REPRODUCTIVE & IVF CENTER

GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	54%	Tubal factor	27%
Single women?	No	GIFT	20%	Endometriosis	18%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	23%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	31%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	47%	Other factors	9%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	7%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	150	54	41	16
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	56.7	44.4	26.8	3/16
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	49.3	38.9	17.1	2/16
(95% confidence interval)	(41.3 - 57.3)	(25.9 - 51.9)	(5.6 - 28.6)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	51.0	40.4	17.9	2/12
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	51.7	41.2	17.9	2/11
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3.3	3.7	4.9	4/16
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	3.7	3.7	4.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	27.1	29.2	3/11	1/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	14.1	12.5	0/11	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	41.9	38.1	0/7	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	13	2	5	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/13	1/2	0/5	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.0	3.0	2.7
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	5	4	4	15
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	3/5	4/4	2/4	4/15
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.6	3.3	4.0	3.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

WEST MICHIGAN REPRODUCTIVE INSTITUTE, P.C.
GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	92%	Tubal factor	40%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	5%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	20%
		With ICSI	30%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	49	22	19	10
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	30.6	13.6	5/19	2/10
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	24.5	9.1	3/19	2/10
(95% confidence interval)	(12.4 - 36.5)	(0.0 - 21.1)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	29.3	2/19	3/15	2/8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	30.0	2/18	3/12	2/6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	16.3	13.6	4/19	2/10
Average number embryos transferred	5.3	5.6	5.3	4.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/15	0/3	1/5	1/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/15	1/3	0/5	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/12	0/2	1/3	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	9	3	2	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/9	0/3	0/2	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	5.6	6.7	5.0	6.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	3	3
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/1	0/3	1/3
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.0	4.3	6.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

INFERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY CENTER OF LANSING, P.C. LANSING, MICHIGAN

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	46%	Tubal factor	36%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	20%	Endometriosis	23%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	32%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	4%
		With ICSI	46%	Other factors	8%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	43	22	9	15
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	37.2	36.4	0/9	2/15
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	37.2	27.3	0/9	1/15
(95% confidence interval)	(22.8 - 51.7)	(8.7 - 45.9)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	43.2	6/16	0/7	1/9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	43.2	6/15	0/7	1/8
Cancellations per 100 cycles	14.0	27.3	2/9	6/15
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	3.5	2.7	4.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	5/16	2/8		0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/16	0/8		0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/16	2/6		0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	3	0	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/2	1/3		0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	4.0		4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	0	0	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/3			1/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.7			2.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY
CENTER FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGY
LANSING, MICHIGAN**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	0%	Tubal factor	0%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	20%	Endometriosis	20%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	80%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	40%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	40%
		With ICSI	60%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	2	1	2	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	0/2	1/1	0/2	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	0/2	1/1	0/2	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	0/2	1/1	0/2	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/2	1/1		
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/2	0/1	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	6.0		
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies		0/1		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies		0/1		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d		0/1		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

ELR.S.T. IVF ROCHESTER HILLS, MICHIGAN

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	54%	Tubal factor	15%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	13%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	34%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	38%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	19%
		With ICSI	49%	Other factors	<1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	10%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	109	61	47	22
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	44.0	32.8	36.2	9.1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	33.9	26.2	25.5	9.1
(95% confidence interval)	(25.1 - 42.8)	(15.2 - 37.3)	(13.1 - 38.0)	(0.0 - 21.1)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	33.9	27.6	26.1	2/19
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	35.2	27.6	26.7	2/17
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	4.9	2.1	13.6
Average number embryos transferred	5.3	4.2	4.4	3.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	27.1	25.0	2/17	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	8.3	10.0	0/17	1/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	40.5	7/16	2/12	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	6	3	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/6	0/3		
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	1.7		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	7	13	36
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/3	4/7	2/13	33.3
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.3	6.3	4.6	5.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

BEAUMONT CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE

ROYAL OAK, MICHIGAN

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	18%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	22%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	34%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	5%
		With ICSI	44%	Other factors	5%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	15%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	76	40	26	26
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	42.1	47.5	26.9	15.4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	35.5	40.0	23.1	15.4
(95% confidence interval)	(24.8 - 46.3)	(24.8 - 55.2)	(6.9 - 39.3)	(1.5 - 29.3)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	39.7	42.1	6/18	4/19
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	40.3	43.2	6/18	4/17
Cancellations per 100 cycles	10.5	5.0	30.8	26.9
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.6	3.5	4.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	15.6	1/19	0/7	1/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	12.5	2/19	1/7	1/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	22.2	3/16	1/6	1/4
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	8	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/8	0/1		
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	3.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	1	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	0/1		0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0	3.0		3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

HENRY FORD REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE TROY, MICHIGAN

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	57%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	10%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	2%
		With ICSI	23%	Other factors	13%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	39	17	15	20
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	35.9	2/17	5/15	15.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	35.9	2/17	3/15	10.0
(95% confidence interval)	(20.8 - 51.0)			(0.0 - 23.1)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	40.0	2/7	3/9	2/12
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	41.2	2/6	3/9	2/11
Cancellations per 100 cycles	10.3	10/17	6/15	40.0
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	3.8	3.9	3.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	6/14	1/2	1/5	1/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/14	1/2	0/5	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	8/14	2/2	1/3	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	12	3	2	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/12	1/3	0/2	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	3.7	4.5	1.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

ANN ARBOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE YPSILANTI, MICHIGAN

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	39%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	9%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	51%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	39%
		With ICSI	34%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	<1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	168	71	47	21
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	34.5	28.2	17.0	33.3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	28.6	21.1	8.5	23.8
(95% confidence interval)	(21.7 - 35.4)	(11.6 - 30.6)	(0.5 - 16.5)	(5.6 - 42.0)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	33.1	29.4	12.9	5/13
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	35.0	31.3	14.8	5/12
Cancellations per 100 cycles	13.7	28.2	34.0	38.1
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.5	3.0	4.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	20.7	10.0	2/8	1/7
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	19.0	20.0	0/8	1/7
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	41.7	6/15	2/4	2/5
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	30	11	5	4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	23.3	2/11	1/5	0/4
Average number embryos transferred	2.7	2.7	2.0	2.8
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	4	1	14	12
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/4	1/1	9/14	3/12
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	2	4
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			1/2	0/4
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	4.0	3.8	3.4

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	32%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	4%
		With ICSI	43%	Other factors	8%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	13%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	94	61	36	16
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	47.9	36.1	38.9	3/16
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	42.6	34.4	30.6	2/16
(95% confidence interval)	(32.6 - 52.5)	(22.5 - 46.3)	(15.5 - 45.6)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	46.0	42.0	33.3	2/13
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	46.5	42.9	33.3	2/13
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.4	18.0	8.3	3/16
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	31.1	45.5	6/14	1/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	8.9	4.5	0/14	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	37.5	38.1	6/11	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	3	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/4	1/3	0/1	
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	1.3	4.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	4	5	10	11
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/4	4/5	3/10	8/11
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/1	
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**THE MIDWEST CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH, P.A.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	34%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	11%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	9%
		With ICSI	23%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	19%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	159	64	49	18
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	46.5	53.1	26.5	2/18
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	40.3	43.8	20.4	2/18
(95% confidence interval)	(32.6 - 47.9)	(31.6 - 55.9)	(9.1 - 31.7)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	45.7	48.3	26.3	2/12
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	46.7	48.3	28.6	2/12
Cancellations per 100 cycles	11.9	9.4	22.4	6/18
Average number embryos transferred	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	29.7	17.6	1/13	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	5.4	8.8	0/13	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	37.5	28.6	1/10	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	44	30	17	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	22.7	26.7	3/17	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	2.7	2.7	2.9	2.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	7	3	2	9
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	3/7	2/3	1/2	5/9
Number of frozen transfers	3	1	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/3	1/1		0/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.4	2.3	3.0	2.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**MAYO CLINIC ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGIES
ROCHESTER, MINNESOTA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	32%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	10%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	35%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	37%	Other factors	8%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	6%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	99	51	30	15
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	49.5	45.1	30.0	0/15
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	45.5	39.2	23.3	0/15
(95% confidence interval)	(35.6 - 55.3)	(25.8 - 52.6)	(8.2 - 38.5)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	50.0	50.0	29.2	0/9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	50.6	50.0	29.2	0/9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	9.1	21.6	20.0	6/15
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.5	3.7	2.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	32.7	39.1	4/9	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	18.4	8.7	0/9	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	51.1	40.0	3/7	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	65	19	22	5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	35.4	8/19	31.8	1/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	3.5	3.2	3.6
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/1		1/1
Number of frozen transfers	7	1	4	14
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/7	1/1	1/4	6/14
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.6	4.0	3.5	3.1

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI MEDICAL CENTER
JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	33%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	36%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	9%
		With ICSI	35%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	95	15	21	15
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	23.2	5/15	14.3	2/15
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	20.0	4/15	0.0	1/15
(95% confidence interval)	(12.0 - 28.0)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	21.6	4/11	0/17	1/11
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	23.8	4/11	0/17	1/9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.4	4/15	19.0	4/15
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.7	2.8	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	36.4	0/5	0/3	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0.0	0/5	0/3	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/19	0/4		0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	0	1	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/2		0/1	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	2.5		3.0	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			1/1	0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			5.0	5.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALISTS
SAINT LUKE'S HOSPITAL
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	54%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	20%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	1%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	19%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	69	17	21	9
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	34.8	4/17	19.0	1/9
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	31.9	4/17	9.5	0/9
(95% confidence interval)	(20.9 - 42.9)		(0.0 - 22.1)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	36.1	4/15	2/16	0/7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	40.7	4/13	2/12	0/6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	11.6	2/17	23.8	2/9
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	4.5	4.0	5.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	25.0	0/4	0/4	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	8.3	1/4	0/4	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	22.7	1/4	0/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	4	0	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/4	0/4		0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	2.5		4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI-COLUMBIA
COLUMBIA, MISSOURI**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	75%	Tubal factor	14%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	25%	Endometriosis	10%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	45%
		With ICSI	13%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	28%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	14	2	6	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	4/14	2/2	1/6	0/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	3/14	0/2	0/6	0/2
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	3/14	0/2	0/4	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/14	0/2	0/4	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/14	0/2	2/6	1/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.5	3.5	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/4	0/2	1/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/4	0/2	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/3			
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d		0/1		
Average number embryos transferred		4.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	2	1	1	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/2	0/1	0/1	
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0	3.0	3.0	

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE ASSOCIATES

KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	No	IVF	97%	Tubal factor	32%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	22%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	8%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	32%
		With ICSI	59%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	25	6	0	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	28.0	1/6		0/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	20.0	1/6		0/3
(95% confidence interval)	(4.3 - 35.7)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	20.0	1/6		0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	20.0	1/5		
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	0/6		1/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	4.6		
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/7	1/1		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/7	0/1		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/5	1/1		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	0	0	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/2			0/1
Average number embryos transferred	6.0			2.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

RESEARCH MEDICAL CENTER ART PROGRAM KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	29%	Tubal factor	0%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	55%	Endometriosis	61%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	16%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	32%
		With ICSI	10%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	19	10	1	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	5/19	4/10	0/1	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	4/19	4/10	0/1	0/1
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	4/19	4/10	0/1	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/18	4/7	0/1	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/19	0/10	0/1	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	4.3	5.0	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/5	0/4		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/5	0/4		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/4	0/4		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

INFERTILITY & IVF CENTER SAINT LOUIS, MISSOURI

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	82%	Tubal factor	13%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	18%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	38%
		With ICSI	48%	Other factors	8%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	5%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	23	3	6	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	4.3	0/3	1/6	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	4.3	0/3	0/6	0/1
(95% confidence interval)	(0.0 - 12.7)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	4.8	0/2	0/3	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4.8	0/1	0/3	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	8.7	1/3	3/6	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.0	3.3	1.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/1		0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/1		0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/1			
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	2	3	5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/2	1/2	1/3	0/5
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	2.5	3.3	3.4
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	3	5	4
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/3	0/5	0/4
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.0	3.6	4.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

INFERTILITY CENTER OF SAINT LOUIS

SAINT LOUIS, MISSOURI

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	32%	Tubal factor	7%
Single women?	No	GIFT	23%	Endometriosis	0%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	46%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	65%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	11%
		With ICSI	62%	Other factors	17%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	119	48	30	25
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	37.0	35.4	26.7	20.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	31.9	25.0	13.3	4.0
(95% confidence interval)	(23.6 - 40.3)	(12.8 - 37.3)	(1.2 - 25.5)	(0.0 - 11.7)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	32.8	26.7	14.8	4.8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	33.6	27.9	17.4	1/18
Cancellations per 100 cycles	2.5	6.3	10.0	16.0
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	4.7	5.9	4.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	29.5	1/17	2/8	0/5
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	9.1	2/17	0/8	0/5
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	36.8	3/12	1/4	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	8	5	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/8	2/5	0/1	
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	4.2	3.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	2	9	12
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/3	0/2	4/9	3/12
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	5.3	4.0	5.2	4.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY AND BARNES JEWISH HOSPITAL
CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND INFERTILITY
SAINT LOUIS, MISSOURI**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	40%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	<1%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	11%
		With ICSI	16%	Other factors	14%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	67	47	36	19
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	31.3	27.7	16.7	1/19
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	28.4	25.5	13.9	1/19
(95% confidence interval)	(17.6 - 39.2)	(13.1 - 38.0)	(2.6 - 25.2)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	31.1	35.3	19.2	1/14
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	35.8	40.0	20.0	1/13
Cancellations per 100 cycles	9.0	27.7	27.8	5/19
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.2	3.8	3.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	38.1	5/13	2/6	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	9.5	1/13	0/6	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	6/19	5/12	1/5	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	14	5	4	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/14	1/5	0/4	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	3.2	3.0	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	4	1	3
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		2/4	0/1	1/3
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.5	4.0	3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY/INFERTILITY OMAHA, NEBRASKA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	69%	Tubal factor	35%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	3%	Endometriosis	20%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	28%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	34%
		With ICSI	24%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	5%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	195	112	63	34
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	34.9	16.1	25.4	23.5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	33.3	10.7	17.5	11.8
(95% confidence interval)	(26.7 - 39.9)	(5.0 - 16.4)	(8.1 - 26.8)	(0.9 - 22.6)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	37.6	12.2	22.9	14.3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	38.2	12.4	22.9	15.4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	11.3	12.5	23.8	17.6
Average number embryos transferred	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	32.4	5/18	1/16	1/8
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	22.1	3/18	2/16	0/8
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	49.2	5/12	2/11	0/4
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	13	11	1	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/13	1/11	0/1	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	5.1	4.0	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	11	11	10	14
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/11	0/11	4/10	2/14
Number of frozen transfers	2	0	1	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/2		0/1	0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.5	4.7	4.8	5.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA IVF PROGRAM

OMAHA, NEBRASKA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	56%	Tubal factor	27%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	4%	Endometriosis	21%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	40%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	39%
		With ICSI	35%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	96	45	20	11
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	28.1	22.2	15.0	1/11
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	26.0	15.6	15.0	1/11
(95% confidence interval)	(17.3 - 34.8)	(5.0 - 26.1)	(0.0 - 30.6)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	28.1	21.9	3/17	1/8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	30.1	25.9	3/16	1/5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.3	28.9	15.0	3/11
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	3.2	3.3	3.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	18.5	3/10	1/3	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	14.8	0/10	0/3	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	28.0	2/7	1/3	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	27	4	2	6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	25.9	0/4	0/2	2/6
Average number embryos transferred	4.9	2.8	4.0	3.3
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	3	3	12
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/2	2/3	2/3	3/12
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	6.0	4.0	4.3	4.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

FERTILITY CENTER OF LAS VEGAS LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	30%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	8%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	36%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	9%
		With ICSI	9%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	15%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	66	17	14	11
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	25.8	5/17	3/14	0/11
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	22.7	4/17	0/14	0/11
(95% confidence interval)	(12.6 - 32.8)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	25.9	4/14	0/11	0/10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	39.5	4/11	0/10	0/8
Cancellations per 100 cycles	12.1	3/17	3/14	1/11
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	3.5	4.1	4.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/17	2/5	1/3	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	6/17	2/5	0/3	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	7/15	3/4		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	1	6
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/1	0/1	4/6
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		3.0	2.0	4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF FERTILITY LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	37%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	28%
		With ICSI	21%	Other factors	7%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	5%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	24	5	12	12
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	16.7	0/5	2/12	2/12
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	8.3	0/5	2/12	1/12
(95% confidence interval)	(0.0 - 19.4)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	8.3	0/5	2/12	1/11
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	8.3	0/5	2/11	1/10
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	0/5	0/12	1/12
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.2	4.3	3.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/4		1/2	1/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/4		0/2	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/2		0/2	1/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	10	3	3	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/10	0/3	0/3	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	5.0	3.3	3.7
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	0	6
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/1		3/6
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.0		4.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

NORTHERN NEVADA FERTILITY CENTER RENO, NEVADA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	90%	Tubal factor	36%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	10%	Endometriosis	8%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	6%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	29%
		With ICSI	27%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	8%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	53	42	33	27
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	43.4	28.6	24.2	22.2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	32.1	23.8	21.2	14.8
(95% confidence interval)	(19.5 - 44.6)	(10.9 - 36.7)	(7.3 - 35.2)	(1.4 - 28.2)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	34.0	25.0	24.1	16.7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.0	25.6	25.0	17.4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.7	4.8	12.1	11.1
Average number embryos transferred	5.1	5.8	5.5	6.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	34.8	3/12	2/8	0/6
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	21.7	3/12	0/8	0/6
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	12/17	5/10	2/7	0/4
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	8	0	1	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/8		0/1	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.0		3.0	1.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	3	1	11
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		2/3	1/1	6/11
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		5.7	5.0	5.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

DARTMOUTH-HITCHCOCK MEDICAL CENTER
LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	77%	Tubal factor	28%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	20%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	3%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	31%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	8	9	12	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	3/8	2/9	2/12	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	3/8	2/9	1/12	0/1
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	3/8	2/8	1/9	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/8	2/8	1/9	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/8	1/9	3/12	1/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	3.9	3.9	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/3	1/2	0/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/3	1/2	0/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/3	1/2	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/1	1/1		
Average number embryos transferred	5.0	5.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPRODUCTIVE GYNECOLOGISTS, P.C.
KENNEDY HEALTH SYSTEM
CHERRY HILL, NEW JERSEY

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	28%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	15%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	35%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	12%
		With ICSI	36%	Other factors	5%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	5%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	42	17	20	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	26.2	4/17	10.0	0/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	23.8	4/17	10.0	0/5
(95% confidence interval)	(10.9 - 36.7)		(0.0 - 23.1)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	30.3	4/12	2/14	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	30.3	4/12	2/14	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	21.4	5/17	30.0	5/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	4.1	3.2	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	5/11	0/4	1/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/11	0/4	0/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/10	0/4	1/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	10	1	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/10	0/1	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	2.0	2.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

NORTH JERSEY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND FERTILITY

CLIFTON, NEW JERSEY

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	23%
Single women?	No	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	33%
		With ICSI	12%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	16%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	76	29	17	7
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	28.9	20.7	4/17	1/7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	27.6	13.8	3/17	1/7
(95% confidence interval)	(17.6 - 37.7)	(1.2 - 26.3)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	27.6	13.8	3/17	1/7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	28.0	13.8	3/16	1/6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	0.0	0/17	0/7
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.5	3.4	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	13.6	1/6	0/4	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0.0	1/6	0/4	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	14.3	2/4	0/3	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	3	0	0	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/3			0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.0			3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	1	1	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2	0/1	0/1	1/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & FERTILITY

EDISON, NEW JERSEY

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	50%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	0%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	50%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	0%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	2	0	0	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	1/2			
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	1/2			
(95% confidence interval)				
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	1/2			
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/2			
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/2			
Average number embryos transferred	2.0			
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/1			
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/1			
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/1			
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

NORTH HUDSON IVF ENGLEWOOD CLIFFS, NEW JERSEY

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	24%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	28%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	6%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	28%
		With ICSI	18%	Other factors	7%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	22	18	6	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	18.2	5/18	3/6	0/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	13.6	4/18	3/6	0/4
(95% confidence interval)	(0.0 - 28.0)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	14.3	4/17	3/6	0/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/15	4/14	3/5	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.5	1/18	0/6	0/4
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	3.4	4.8	5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/4	0/5	1/3	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/4	0/5	0/3	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/3	0/4	1/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	3	3	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/3	1/3	2/3	1/5
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	5.3	5.3	4.3	4.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
HASBROUCK HEIGHTS, NEW JERSEY**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	38%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	5%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	35%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	10%
		With ICSI	53%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	12%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	35	26	24	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	22.9	30.8	20.8	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	22.9	23.1	12.5	0/1
(95% confidence interval)	(8.9 - 36.8)	(6.9 - 39.3)	(0.0 - 25.7)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	28.6	6/19	3/19	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	29.6	6/19	3/18	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	20.0	26.9	20.8	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	5.3	4.8	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/8	5/8	1/5	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/8	0/8	1/5	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/8	4/6	0/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	11	3	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/4	0/11	0/3	
Average number embryos transferred	5.0	4.3	3.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1			0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	5.0			5.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

PRINCETON CENTER FOR INFERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
LAWRENCEVILLE, NEW JERSEY

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	94%	Tubal factor	41%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	2%	Endometriosis	8%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	2%	Uterine factor	5%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	14%
		With ICSI	29%	Other factors	10%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	6%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	15	15	11	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	3/15	5/15	1/11	1/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	3/15	3/15	1/11	0/4
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	3/14	3/15	1/7	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/7	3/13	1/7	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1/15	0/15	4/11	1/4
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.9	2.9	3.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/3	2/5	0/1	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/3	0/5	0/1	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/3	0/3	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	8	3	3	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/8	0/3	0/3	
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	4.0	3.7	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	0	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1			1/2
Number of frozen transfers	1	0	0	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1			1/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0			2.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

EAST COAST INFERTILITY AND IVF, P.C.
LITTLE SILVER, NEW JERSEY

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	32%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	32%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	5%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	5%
		With ICSI	38%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	45	34	32	13
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	51.1	47.1	46.9	2/13
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	44.4	41.2	40.6	2/13
(95% confidence interval)	(29.9 - 59.0)	(24.6 - 57.7)	(23.6 - 57.6)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	46.5	43.8	50.0	2/11
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	46.5	45.2	50.0	2/11
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.4	5.9	18.8	2/13
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	4.6	4.0	3.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	30.4	7/16	3/15	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	8.7	2/16	5/15	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	40.0	7/14	7/13	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	0	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/1		0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	5.0		4.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	3
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				2/3
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				5.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

THE INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SCIENCE
LIVINGSTON, NEW JERSEY

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	20%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	10%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	30%
		With ICSI	34%	Other factors	10%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	516	294	245	103
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	61.6	55.4	46.9	29.1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	53.7	44.2	36.3	16.5
(95% confidence interval)	(49.4 - 58.0)	(38.5 - 49.9)	(30.3 - 42.3)	(9.3 - 23.7)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	57.3	49.2	43.4	21.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	60.2	51.0	44.5	22.4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.4	10.2	16.3	21.4
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	3.4	3.6	3.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	39.6	35.6	27.0	16.7
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	13.5	13.5	11.3	0.0
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	48.7	49.2	37.1	3/17
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	63	29	13	8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	54.0	37.9	4/13	4/8
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	3.3	3.5	2.8
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	24	23	24	64
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	75.0	60.9	50.0	62.5
Number of frozen transfers	0	4	2	8
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		2/4	1/2	4/8
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.9	2.6	3.1	2.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

COOPER CENTER FOR IVF, P.C.
MARLTON, NEW JERSEY

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	33%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	10%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	25%
		With ICSI	30%	Other factors	6%
		Unstimulated	1%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	250	156	139	156
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	26.8	30.1	20.9	6.4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	24.0	21.8	16.5	4.5
(95% confidence interval)	(18.7 - 29.3)	(15.3 - 28.3)	(10.4 - 22.7)	(1.2 - 7.7)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	29.3	28.3	21.3	6.6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	42.0	33.7	29.1	12.3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	18.0	23.1	22.3	32.1
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.1	3.5	4.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	29.9	19.1	31.0	2/10
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	13.4	10.6	10.3	1/10
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	35.0	26.5	26.1	1/7
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	129	56	34	25
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	49.6	28.6	14.7	20.0
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.3	4.2	3.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	7	4	3	29
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	4/7	0/4	2/3	58.6
Number of frozen transfers	5	5	4	47
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	1/5	3/5	1/4	34.0
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.5	3.7	3.9	3.7

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

DELAWARE VALLEY INSTITUTE OF FERTILITY AND GENETICS
MARLTON, NEW JERSEY

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	97%	Tubal factor	50%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	4%
		With ICSI	28%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	11%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	12	12	3	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	1/12	5/12	0/3	0/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	1/12	5/12	0/3	0/5
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	1/11	5/10	0/1	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/10	5/10	0/1	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1/12	2/12	2/3	2/5
Average number embryos transferred	4.1	4.5	3.0	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/1	0/5		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/1	1/5		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/1	1/5		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	8	3	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/8	0/3		
Average number embryos transferred	4.6	4.3		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

SOUTH JERSEY FERTILITY CENTER, P.A.
MARLTON, NEW JERSEY

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	92%	Tubal factor	47%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	5%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	3%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	3%
		With ICSI	33%	Other factors	10%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	<1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	64	47	25	11
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	40.6	25.5	32.0	4/11
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	37.5	19.1	28.0	4/11
(95% confidence interval)	(25.6 - 49.4)	(7.9 - 30.4)	(10.4 - 45.6)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	39.3	21.4	33.3	4/11
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	40.7	21.4	35.0	4/9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.7	10.6	16.0	0/11
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.3	3.8	4.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	19.2	4/12	2/8	1/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	26.9	2/12	1/8	0/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	45.8	4/9	3/7	1/4
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	13	6	2	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/13	1/6	0/2	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	2.6	2.8	1.0	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

DIAMOND INSTITUTE FOR INFERTILITY AND MENOPAUSE
MILLBURN, NEW JERSEY

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	>99%	Tubal factor	35%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	10%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	35%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	10%
		With ICSI	48%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	7%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	106	46	53	47
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	23.6	19.6	17.0	6.4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	21.7	19.6	11.3	4.3
(95% confidence interval)	(13.9 - 29.5)	(8.1 - 31.0)	(2.8 - 19.9)	(0.0 - 10.0)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	23.2	23.1	13.6	6.7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	24.0	23.7	14.0	6.9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.6	15.2	17.0	36.2
Average number embryos transferred	5.2	4.8	4.6	3.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	16.0	2/9	0/9	0/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	28.0	1/9	0/9	1/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	43.5	3/9	0/6	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	13	2	5	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/13	0/2	0/5	1/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	1.0	3.4	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	3	2	14
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	3/3	1/3	1/2	6/14
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	5.3	5.0	4.5	4.9

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY MORRISTOWN, NEW JERSEY

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	15%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	35%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	15%
		With ICSI	31%	Other factors	8%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	15%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	10	8	3	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	5/10	3/8	1/3	0/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	5/10	3/8	1/3	0/5
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	5/9	3/7	1/1	0/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	5/8	3/6	1/1	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1/10	1/8	2/3	1/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	5.0	4.0	3.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/5	0/3	1/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/5	0/3	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/5	0/3	1/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

JERSEY SHORE MEDICAL CENTER IVF PROGRAM
NEPTUNE, NEW JERSEY

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	39%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	17%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	0%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	44%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	12	2	2	6
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	2/12	0/2	0/2	0/6
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	2/12	0/2	0/2	0/6
(95% confidence interval)				
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	2/9	0/2		0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/9	0/2		0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3/12	0/2	2/2	3/6
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.5		5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/2			
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2			
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/2			
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/1	
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			3.0	

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

ROBERT WOOD JOHNSON MEDICAL SCHOOL ART PROGRAM

NEW BRUNSWICK, NEW JERSEY

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	24%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	2%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	17%
		With ICSI	36%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	11%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	162	79	49	21
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	30.2	29.1	10.2	14.3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	23.5	22.8	6.1	4.8
(95% confidence interval)	(16.9 - 30.0)	(13.5 - 32.0)	(0.0 - 12.8)	(0.0 - 13.9)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	26.4	26.1	7.5	1/17
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	29.0	28.6	7.7	1/17
Cancellations per 100 cycles	11.1	12.7	18.4	19.0
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	3.6	3.9	6.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	32.7	30.4	2/5	1/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	16.3	8.7	1/5	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	52.6	7/18	1/3	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	41	13	8	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	17.1	1/13	1/8	1/2
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	2.9	2.4	2.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	5	3	1	8
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/5	1/3	0/1	5/8
Number of frozen transfers	0	2	1	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		0/2	0/1	
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.2	2.8	1.5	2.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**IVF NEW JERSEY
SOMERSET, NEW JERSEY**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	21%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	7%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	31%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	1%	Unexplained	46%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	41	29	19	14
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	41.5	37.9	6/19	4/14
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	36.6	31.0	4/19	3/14
(95% confidence interval)	(21.8 - 51.3)	(14.2 - 47.9)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	40.5	40.9	4/16	3/12
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	44.1	9/19	4/15	3/11
Cancellations per 100 cycles	9.8	24.1	3/19	2/14
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	4.4	4.1	4.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/17	4/11	2/6	1/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/17	1/11	1/6	0/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	8/15	5/9	1/4	0/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	6	0	2	6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/6		1/2	1/6
Average number embryos transferred	3.0		5.0	4.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	9	4	15	34
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	6/9	3/4	5/15	44.1
Number of frozen transfers	1	2	3	15
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	1/1	0/2	0/3	6/15
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.8	3.7	3.1	3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**CENTER FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION OF NEW JERSEY
WESTWOOD, NEW JERSEY**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	32%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	12%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	33%
		With ICSI	39%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	8%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	70	23	18	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	44.3	43.5	6/18	0/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	37.1	30.4	5/18	0/3
(95% confidence interval)	(25.8 - 48.5)	(11.6 - 49.2)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	38.8	7/18	5/15	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	41.9	7/18	5/12	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.3	21.7	3/18	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	29.0	2/10	1/6	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	19.4	0/10	0/6	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	50.0	2/7	1/5	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	15	8	2	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/15	1/8	0/2	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.8	3.5	3.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	2	5	10
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2	0/2	0/5	2/10
Number of frozen transfers	3	0	2	4
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/3		0/2	0/4
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE OF NEW MEXICO

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	36%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	18%
		With ICSI	17%	Other factors	10%
		Unstimulated	1%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	38	26	19	6
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	44.7	46.2	7/19	2/6
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	42.1	42.3	6/19	2/6
(95% confidence interval)	(26.4 - 57.8)	(23.3 - 61.3)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	44.4	55.0	6/17	2/5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	47.1	55.0	6/17	2/5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.3	23.1	2/19	1/6
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.6	3.8	3.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/17	2/12	3/7	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/17	3/12	0/7	1/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	6/16	2/11	2/6	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	8	2	2	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/8	0/2	0/2	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	5.5	1.5	3.3
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	0	2	6
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/2		2/2	5/6
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.5		3.5	3.7

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

SOUTHWEST FERTILITY SERVICES ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	80%	Tubal factor	18%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	12%	Endometriosis	20%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	24%	Other factors	18%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	25%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	17	3	14	17
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	3/17	1/3	2/14	1/17
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	3/17	0/3	2/14	0/17
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	3/15	0/3	2/13	0/11
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/15	0/3	2/13	0/11
Cancellations per 100 cycles	2/17	0/3	1/14	6/17
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	4.3	3.4	4.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/3	0/1	1/2	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/3	0/1	0/2	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/3		1/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	3	6	1	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/3	0/6	0/1	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	3.8	3.0	1.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	2	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/2	0/5
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	2	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		0/1	0/2	0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		2.0	3.0	3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

ALBANY IVF, FERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY

ALBANY, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	50%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	17%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	17%
		With ICSI	20%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	17%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	2	1	1	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	0/2	0/1	0/1	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	0/2	0/1	0/1	0/1
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	0/2	0/1	0/1	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/2	0/1	0/1	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/2	0/1	0/1	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	4.0	5.0	2.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies				
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies				
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d				
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**LEADING INSTITUTE FOR FERTILITY ENHANCEMENT (LIFE)
ALBANY, NEW YORK**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	53%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	21%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	0%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	5%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	4	5	8	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	2/4	1/5	2/8	1/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	1/4	1/5	1/8	0/1
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	1/4	1/3	1/3	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/4	1/2	1/3	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/4	2/5	5/8	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	3.5	4.3	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2	1/1	0/2	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2	0/1	0/2	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/1	1/1	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1			
Average number embryos transferred	0.0			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

WOMEN'S HEALTH CENTER OF ALBANY MEDICAL CENTER

ALBANY, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	97%	Tubal factor	55%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	3%	Endometriosis	11%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	18%
		With ICSI	26%	Other factors	11%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	17	8	5	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	3/17	2/8	1/5	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	3/17	2/8	1/5	0/1
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	3/16	2/8	1/4	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/16	2/7	1/4	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1/17	0/8	1/5	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.8	5.9	5.8	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/3	0/2	1/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/3	1/2	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/3	1/2	1/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	0	2	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/4		0/2	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.0		4.5	2.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

BROOKLYN IVF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	39%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	10%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	11%
		With ICSI	30%	Other factors	13%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	59	20	26	26
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	16.9	10.0	15.4	11.5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	15.3	10.0	11.5	7.7
(95% confidence interval)	(6.1 - 24.4)	(0.0 - 23.1)	(0.0 - 23.8)	(0.0 - 17.9)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	18.8	2/13	3/17	8.7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	19.6	2/13	3/16	9.5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	18.6	35.0	34.6	11.5
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.5	3.8	5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/10	0/2	0/4	2/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/10	0/2	0/4	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/9	0/2	0/3	2/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	28	4	1	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	7.1	1/4	0/1	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.5	4.0	5.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				1/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

THE FERTILITY INSTITUTE AT THE BROOKLYN HOSPITAL

BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	42%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	27%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	0%
		With ICSI	90%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	9%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	40	11	17	12
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	22.5	1/11	3/17	2/12
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	17.5	1/11	3/17	2/12
(95% confidence interval)	(5.7 - 29.3)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	17.9	1/8	3/16	2/12
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	17.9	1/8	3/16	2/12
Cancellations per 100 cycles	2.5	3/11	1/17	0/12
Average number embryos transferred	5.0	5.0	4.4	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/9	0/1	0/3	1/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/9	0/1	1/3	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/7	0/1	1/3	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	29	5	10	5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3.4	1/5	3/10	1/5
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	3.0	3.8	5.4
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			1/1	0/1
Number of frozen transfers	1	2	0	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1	1/2		0/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	1.5	4.0	3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

MONTEFIORE'S FERTILITY & HORMONE CENTER
DOBBS FERRY, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	31%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	8%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	34%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	5%
		With ICSI	33%	Other factors	17%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 88–85.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	151	90	76	47
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	39.7	27.8	22.4	8.5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	35.8	24.4	17.1	4.3
(95% confidence interval)	(28.1 - 43.4)	(15.6 - 33.3)	(8.6 - 25.6)	(0.0 - 10.0)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	41.2	30.1	25.5	5.9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	44.6	30.1	27.1	6.5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	13.2	18.9	32.9	27.7
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	2.8	3.0	2.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	30.0	40.0	4/17	0/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	20.0	8.0	2/17	0/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	44.4	54.5	5/13	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	21	17	8	8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	14.3	2/17	2/8	2/8
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	2.4	2.1	2.4
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	5	0	1	7
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/5		1/1	4/7
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	0	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		1/1		0/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.6	1.0	3.0	3.1

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**GARDEN CITY CENTER FOR ART, YK YING, M.D.
GARDEN CITY, NEW YORK**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	39%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	29%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	11%
		With ICSI	28%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 88–85.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	21	21	9	10
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	52.4	42.9	4/9	2/10
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	52.4	38.1	4/9	2/10
(95% confidence interval)	(31.0 - 73.7)	(17.3 - 58.9)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	11/18	40.0	4/9	2/6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	11/18	8/19	4/9	2/6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	14.3	4.8	0/9	4/10
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	3.0	3.2	4.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/11	3/9	0/4	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/11	1/9	0/4	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/11	3/8	0/4	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	6	4	1	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/6	3/4	0/1	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	2.3	4.0	3.0	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		0/1		
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		2.0		

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

NORTH SHORE UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL MANHASSET, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	32%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	3%
		With ICSI	49%	Other factors	17%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	6%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 88–85.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	125	75	57	26
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	44.0	36.0	24.6	50.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	38.4	30.7	21.1	30.8
(95% confidence interval)	(29.9 - 46.9)	(20.2 - 41.1)	(10.5 - 31.6)	(13.0 - 48.5)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	40.7	35.4	25.0	32.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	40.7	35.9	25.5	33.3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.6	13.3	15.8	3.8
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	3.9	4.1	5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	34.5	22.2	2/14	1/13
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	20.0	11.1	0/14	0/13
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	58.3	39.1	1/12	0/8
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	29	20	18	5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	13.8	10.0	3/18	2/5
Average number embryos transferred	4.7	4.6	5.8	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

ADVANCED FERTILITY SERVICES, P.C.
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	28%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	6%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	12%
		With ICSI	64%	Other factors	3%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	29%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 88–85.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	207	80	77	53
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	25.6	20.0	18.2	7.5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	22.2	18.8	14.3	5.7
(95% confidence interval)	(16.6 - 27.9)	(10.2 - 27.3)	(6.5 - 22.1)	(0.0 - 11.9)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	22.2	18.8	14.3	5.9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	23.5	19.5	15.3	6.0
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.8
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	28.3	8/16	1/14	0/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	5.7	0/16	0/14	0/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	32.6	8/15	1/11	0/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	43	9	14	14
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	16.3	1/9	0/14	1/14
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	4.1	3.9	3.8
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	7	8	18	52
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	3/7	2/8	5/18	23.1
Number of frozen transfers	4	1	3	20
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/4	0/1	0/3	35.0
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.2	4.4	3.9	4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**BROOKLYN/CENTRAL PARK WEST FERTILITY CENTER
NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	22%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	5%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	60%
		With ICSI	25%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 88-85.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	24	6	13	12
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	29.2	3/6	2/13	1/12
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	25.0	1/6	1/13	1/12
(95% confidence interval)	(7.7 - 42.3)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	26.1	1/6	1/10	1/11
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	27.3	1/6	1/10	1/11
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.2	0/6	3/13	1/12
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	3.5	3.7	2.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/7	0/3	0/2	1/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/7	0/3	0/2	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/6	0/1	0/1	1/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	8	2	4	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/8	0/2	0/4	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	3.0	2.0	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	2	2	8
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/2	1/2	3/8
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/1	0/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		3.5	4.0	4.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & INFERTILITY

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	20%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	6%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	45%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	4%
		With ICSI	54%	Other factors	8%
		Unstimulated	1%	Unexplained	16%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 88–85.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	436	315	341	243
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	52.1	47.0	31.1	25.5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	46.8	39.4	24.0	12.3
(95% confidence interval)	(42.1 - 51.5)	(34.0 - 44.8)	(19.5 - 28.6)	(8.2 - 16.5)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	52.0	45.6	30.4	16.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	53.0	46.6	32.0	16.6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	10.1	13.7	20.8	22.6
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.5	3.7	3.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	33.5	28.4	25.5	16.1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	16.7	20.9	8.5	6.5
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	48.0	44.4	25.6	20.0
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	69	38	35	18
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	31.9	28.9	17.1	2/18
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	7	4	15	37
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/7	2/4	6/15	54.1
Number of frozen transfers	1	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1			
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**COLUMBIA PRESBYTERIAN MEDICAL CENTER
NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	14%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	5%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	51%
		With ICSI	42%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	5%	Unexplained	19%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 88-85.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	50	16	33	47
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	32.0	3/16	0.0	2.1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	24.0	2/16	0.0	2.1
(95% confidence interval)	(12.2 - 35.8)			(0.0 - 6.3)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	29.3	2/14	0.0	3.4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	31.6	2/14	0.0	3.7
Cancellations per 100 cycles	18.0	2/16		38.3
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	3.4	3.7	3.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	6/16	1/3		0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/16	0/3		1/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	9/12	1/2		1/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	9	4	6	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/9	0/4	0/6	
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	2.5	4.3	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	8	3	10	88
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	4/8	1/3	4/10	30.7
Number of frozen transfers	6	2	0	30
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	1/6	1/2		16.7
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	5.5	3.4	4.6	3.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

LILLIAN D. NASH, M.D.
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	49%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	15%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	33%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 88-85.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	32	15	11	8
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	18.8	2/15	0/11	1/8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	18.8	2/15	0/11	0/8
(95% confidence interval)	(5.2 - 32.3)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	22.2	2/12	0/7	0/6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	23.1	2/12	0/5	0/5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	15.6	3/15	4/11	2/8
Average number embryos transferred	4.9	4.0	3.8	4.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/6	0/2		0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/6	0/2		0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/6	0/2		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1			
Average number embryos transferred	6.0			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/1	
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			5.0	

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**NEW YORK FERTILITY INSTITUTE
NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	17%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	5%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	44%
		With ICSI	45%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	9%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 88–85.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	27	12	25	60
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	33.3	7/12	24.0	11.7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	22.2	5/12	16.0	6.7
(95% confidence interval)	(6.5 - 37.9)		(1.6 - 30.4)	(0.4 - 13.0)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	23.1	5/12	19.0	8.9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	23.1	5/12	20.0	10.3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3.7	0/12	16.0	25.0
Average number embryos transferred	5.4	4.7	4.6	2.9
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/9	2/7	2/6	0/7
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/9	0/7	1/6	1/7
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/6	1/5	0/4	0/4
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	6	2	1	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/6	0/2	0/1	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	7.0	5.0	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	2	11
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1		2/2	6/11
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	6.0		4.0	4.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

NEW YORK MEDICAL SERVICES FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	47%	Tubal factor	21%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	5%	Endometriosis	6%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	38%	Uterine factor	14%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	48%
		With ICSI	44%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 88–85.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	27	14	27	23
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	37.0	8/14	18.5	8.7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	22.2	5/14	3.7	8.7
(95% confidence interval)	(6.5 - 37.9)		(0.0 - 10.8)	(0.0 - 20.2)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	22.2	5/14	3.8	10.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	22.2	5/14	3.8	2/19
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	0/14	3.7	13.0
Average number embryos transferred	4.9	4.9	4.2	2.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/10	0/8	0/5	1/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/10	0/8	0/5	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/6	0/5	0/1	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	9	0	3	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/9		0/3	
Average number embryos transferred	4.2		4.7	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**NEW YORK UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER
NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	18%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	5%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	4%
		With ICSI	34%	Other factors	7%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	32%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 88–85.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	219	170	211	218
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	57.5	47.1	32.2	17.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	50.7	38.8	25.6	11.5
(95% confidence interval)	(44.1 - 57.3)	(31.5 - 46.1)	(19.7 - 31.5)	(7.2 - 15.7)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	55.8	44.0	35.8	16.2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	57.5	44.6	36.2	17.0
Cancellations per 100 cycles	9.1	11.8	28.4	29.4
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.6	3.8	3.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	34.9	32.5	20.6	13.5
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	22.2	16.3	7.4	2.7
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	53.2	50.0	22.2	20.0
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	35	21	13	16
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	31.4	28.6	3/13	3/16
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.5	3.6	4.2
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	15	13	20	77
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	6/15	5/13	55.0	46.8
Number of frozen transfers	3	1	1	23
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/3	1/1	0/1	30.4
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.8	3.1	2.9	3.1

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

OFFICES FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NEW YORK, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	No	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	18%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	5%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	45%
		With ICSI	50%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	9%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 88–85.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	41	23	34	29
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	29.3	47.8	23.5	13.8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	22.0	43.5	23.5	10.3
(95% confidence interval)	(9.3 - 34.6)	(23.2 - 63.7)	(9.3 - 37.8)	(0.0 - 21.4)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	22.0	43.5	25.0	10.7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	22.5	45.5	25.8	11.1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	0.0	5.9	3.4
Average number embryos transferred	4.6	5.6	5.0	5.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	5/12	3/11	1/8	0/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/12	1/11	2/8	0/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/9	3/10	2/8	0/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	24	5	14	10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	20.8	1/5	4/14	0/10
Average number embryos transferred	4.1	4.8	4.1	4.6
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	2	1	16
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	1/2	1/1	5/16
Number of frozen transfers	5	1	4	33
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/5	0/1	2/4	18.2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CAPITAL REGION GENETICS & IVF AT BELLEVUE HOSPITAL NISKAYUNA, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	No	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	26%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	19%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	5%
		With ICSI	26%	Other factors	32%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. nn–nn.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	19	9	7	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	4/19	4/9	1/7	1/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	4/19	4/9	1/7	1/3
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	4/19	4/9	1/7	1/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/17	4/8	1/6	1/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/19	0/9	0/7	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	3.0	3.0	2.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/4	1/4	0/1	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/4	0/4	0/1	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/4	1/4	0/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	9	5	2	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/9	1/5	0/2	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	2.8	2.5	3.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		1/1		
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		3.0		

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

LONG ISLAND IVF ASSOCIATES PORT JEFFERSON, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	71%	Tubal factor	36%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	13%	Endometriosis	20%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	15%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	14%
		With ICSI	35%	Other factors	5%
		Unstimulated	<1%	Unexplained	6%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 88–85.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	275	118	118	80
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	35.3	38.1	23.7	10.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	28.4	28.0	17.8	6.3
(95% confidence interval)	(23.0 - 33.7)	(19.9 - 36.1)	(10.9 - 24.7)	(0.9 - 11.6)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	32.1	32.0	25.0	8.3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	36.3	35.5	29.6	9.4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	11.6	12.7	28.8	25.0
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	4.3	4.4	4.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	24.7	26.7	14.3	0/8
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	8.2	13.3	7.1	0/8
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	33.3	42.4	19.0	0/5
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	70	37	21	12
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	22.9	18.9	23.8	2/12
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.0	2.8	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	1	5	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2	1/1	2/5	3/5
Number of frozen transfers	2	0	4	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/2		0/4	0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.5	4.0	3.6	3.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND INFERTILITY

ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	47%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	12%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	9%
		With ICSI	38%	Other factors	6%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 88–85.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	28	23	13	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	32.1	30.4	2/13	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	28.6	21.7	2/13	0/1
(95% confidence interval)	(11.8 - 45.3)	(4.9 - 38.6)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	28.6	22.7	2/13	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.8	5/16	2/8	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	4.3	0/13	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.2	3.1	5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/9	5/7	0/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/9	0/7	0/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/8	3/5	0/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	3	1	1	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/3	0/1	0/1	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	3.0	3.0	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				1/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				6.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**STRONG INFERTILITY AND IVF CENTER
ROCHESTER, NEW YORK**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	33%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	<1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	14%
		With ICSI	36%	Other factors	10%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	96	53	28	21
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	45.8	30.2	10.7	0.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	43.8	26.4	10.7	0.0
(95% confidence interval)	(33.8 - 53.7)	(14.5 - 38.3)	(0.0 - 22.2)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	53.8	37.8	3/13	0/10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	53.8	40.0	3/13	0/9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	18.8	30.2	53.6	50.0
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	4.1	4.8	5.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	29.5	5/16	1/3	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	11.4	2/16	0/3	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	42.9	6/14	1/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	16	5	5	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/16	0/5	2/5	1/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	4.0	6.0	3.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	4	1	4
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	2/4	1/1	2/4
Number of frozen transfers	0	2	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		1/2		1/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	3.0	4.0	3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

IVF PROGRAM CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL OF BUFFALO SNYDER, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	37%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	21%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	32%	Other factors	11%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	52	22	22	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	36.5	36.4	9.1	1/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	30.8	31.8	9.1	1/3
(95% confidence interval)	(18.2 - 43.3)	(12.4 - 51.3)	(0.0 - 21.1)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	33.3	7/19	2/16	1/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	33.3	7/18	2/14	1/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.7	13.6	27.3	1/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	3.2	3.4	5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	5/19	2/8	2/2	1/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/19	0/8	0/2	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/16	1/7	1/2	1/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	11	8	4	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/11	3/8	0/4	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	2.7	2.5	3.3	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**DIVISION OF REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY
STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK AT STONY BROOK
STONY BROOK, NEW YORK**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	21%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	17%
		With ICSI	44%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	2%	Unexplained	21%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	68	27	14	21
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	47.1	25.9	3/14	19.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	39.7	22.2	1/14	14.3
(95% confidence interval)	(28.1 - 51.3)	(6.5 - 37.9)		(0.0 - 29.3)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	45.8	23.1	1/14	3/19
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	48.2	24.0	1/14	3/17
Cancellations per 100 cycles	13.2	3.7	0/14	9.5
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	3.7	4.2	5.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	31.3	2/7	0/3	0/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	9.4	0/7	0/3	0/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	33.3	1/6	0/1	0/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	13	16	5	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/13	4/16	1/5	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.3	4.0	5.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CNY FERTILITY CENTER SYRACUSE, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	88%	Tubal factor	31%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	12%	Endometriosis	4%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	36%	Other factors	38%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	14	3	6	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	4/14	2/3	1/6	1/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	3/14	2/3	1/6	0/2
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	3/14	2/3	1/6	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/12	2/3	1/6	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/14	0/3	0/6	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	4.8	5.7	5.8	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/4	0/2	0/1	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/4	0/2	0/1	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/3	0/2	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d			0/1	
Average number embryos transferred			9.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

WESTCHESTER FERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY

WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	39%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	18%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	30%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	0%
		With ICSI	51%	Other factors	9%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	12	13	12	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	4/12	3/13	1/12	1/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	3/12	3/13	1/12	0/2
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	3/12	3/13	1/12	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/11	3/13	1/12	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/12	0/13	0/12	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	3.3	4.2	6.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/4	1/3	0/1	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/4	1/3	0/1	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/3	0/3	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	0	2	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1		0/2	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	7.0		3.5	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND IVF WILLIAMSVILLE, NEW YORK

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	33%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	17%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	4%
		With ICSI	42%	Other factors	17%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	45	23	9	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	40.0	17.4	4/9	0/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	35.6	8.7	3/9	0/2
(95% confidence interval)	(21.6 - 49.5)	(0.0 - 20.2)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	40.0	10.0	3/9	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	42.1	2/18	3/9	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	11.1	13.0	0/9	1/2
Average number embryos transferred	4.1	4.3	3.0	1.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	6/18	1/4	1/4	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	6/18	0/4	0/4	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	9/16	1/2	1/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/2			
Average number embryos transferred	3.5			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

NORTH CAROLINA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CARY, NORTH CAROLINA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	26%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	17%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	15%
		With ICSI	28%	Other factors	11%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	11%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	74	32	38	8
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	28.4	31.3	23.7	3/8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	21.6	21.9	13.2	3/8
(95% confidence interval)	(12.2 - 31.0)	(7.6 - 36.2)	(2.4 - 23.9)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	23.2	25.0	17.9	3/8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	24.2	28.0	18.5	3/8
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.8	12.5	26.3	0/8
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	3.4	3.8	3.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	33.3	3/10	3/9	1/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	14.3	0/10	0/9	1/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	8/16	3/7	2/5	2/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	7	2	3	5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/7	0/2	0/3	0/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	4.0	4.0	3.8
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	5	4	15
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/5	3/4	4/15
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				2/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.2	3.5	3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**CHAPEL HILL FERTILITY CENTER
CHAPEL HILL, NORTH CAROLINA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	70%	Tubal factor	40%
Single women?	No	GIFT	4%	Endometriosis	28%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	8%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	26%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	4%
		With ICSI	9%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	16	4	3	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	2/16	0/4	1/3	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	2/16	0/4	0/3	
(95% confidence interval)				
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	2/15	0/4	0/3	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/12	0/3	0/3	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1/16	0/4	0/3	
Average number embryos transferred	5.6	7.0	6.7	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/2		0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2		0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/2			
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	0	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1		0/1	
Average number embryos transferred	2.0		2.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA ART CLINIC
CHAPEL HILL, NORTH CAROLINA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	97%	Tubal factor	21%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	5%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	2%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	31%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	25%
		With ICSI	51%	Other factors	14%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	45	26	22	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	33.3	23.1	13.6	0/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	28.9	19.2	13.6	0/4
(95% confidence interval)	(15.6 - 42.1)	(4.1 - 34.4)	(0.0 - 28.0)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	37.1	25.0	3/15	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	38.2	5/19	3/14	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	22.2	23.1	31.8	1/4
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	4.1	4.6	4.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/15	1/6	1/3	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/15	0/6	0/3	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/13	1/5	0/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	6	1	1	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/6	0/1	0/1	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	5.0	1.0	4.3
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	0	3	4
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2		0/3	3/4
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.5		3.7	4.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

INSTITUTE FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTION CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	>99%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	15%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	16%
		With ICSI	50%	Other factors	9%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	120	55	53	16
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	50.0	41.8	28.3	3/16
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	45.0	36.4	20.8	2/16
(95% confidence interval)	(36.1 - 53.9)	(23.7 - 49.1)	(9.8 - 31.7)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	54.0	50.0	27.5	2/10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	54.5	50.0	28.9	2/9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	16.7	27.3	24.5	6/16
Average number embryos transferred	4.1	4.9	4.9	5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	30.0	34.8	4/15	1/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	18.3	13.0	5/15	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	51.9	45.0	8/11	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	18	5	1	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	9/18	3/5	0/1	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	2.4	3.0	1.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	0	6
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1			5/6
Number of frozen transfers	1	0	1	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1		0/1	1/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0		6.0	3.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**PROGRAM FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTION
CAROLINAS MEDICAL CENTER
CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	31%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	21%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	31%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	16%
		With ICSI	34%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	36	12	7	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	52.8	3/12	2/7	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	38.9	3/12	2/7	0/1
(95% confidence interval)	(23.0 - 54.8)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	40.0	3/6	2/5	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	40.0	3/6	2/5	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	2.8	6/12	2/7	1/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	4.0	4.2	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/19	0/3	2/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/19	0/3	0/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	6/14	0/3	1/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	2	1	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d		0/2	0/1	0/1
Average number embryos transferred		3.0	4.0	2.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		1/1		
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.0		

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**DUKE UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER
DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	21%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	21%
		With ICSI	37%	Other factors	8%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	12%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	51	48	29	9
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	39.2	22.9	20.7	0/9
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	35.3	16.7	13.8	0/9
(95% confidence interval)	(22.2 - 48.4)	(6.1 - 27.2)	(1.2 - 26.3)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	36.7	19.5	15.4	0/9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	38.3	20.5	16.7	0/8
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3.9	14.6	10.3	0/9
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	3.8	3.3	2.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	35.0	2/11	1/6	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0.0	0/11	2/6	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/18	2/8	3/4	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	6	5	3	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/6	1/5	0/3	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	3.4	4.7	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	5	6	26
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		3/5	3/6	34.6
Number of frozen transfers	1	3	2	7
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1	0/3	0/2	0/7
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	1.0	3.0	2.9	2.9

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**EAST CAROLINA UNIVERSITY
GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	46%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	4%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	32%
		With ICSI	44%	Other factors	6%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	23	8	10	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	43.5	3/8	1/10	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	30.4	3/8	1/10	
(95% confidence interval)	(11.6 - 49.2)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	30.4	3/7	1/10	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	33.3	3/7	1/9	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	1/8	0/10	
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	3.4	3.1	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/10	1/3	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/10	2/3	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/7	3/3	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	0	3	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/4		0/3	
Average number embryos transferred	3.3		2.3	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	1	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1		0/1	
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0		3.0	

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

WAKE FOREST UNIVERSITY PROGRAM FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTION WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	37%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	38%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	57%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	49	8	13	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	18.4	0/8	3/13	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	16.3	0/8	3/13	
(95% confidence interval)	(6.0 - 26.7)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	17.8	0/8	3/11	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	18.2	0/8	3/10	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	8.2	0/8	2/13	
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	3.4	3.4	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/9		0/3	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/9		1/3	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/8		1/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	11	3	5	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/11	1/3	1/5	
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.7	2.4	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1			
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0			

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**MERITCARE MEDICAL GROUP FERTILITY CENTER
FARGO, NORTH DAKOTA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	36%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	24%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	39%
		With ICSI	49%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	39	7	3	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	28.2	3/7	1/3	1/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	23.1	3/7	0/3	1/4
(95% confidence interval)	(9.9 - 36.3)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	25.7	3/6	0/2	1/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	28.1	3/5	0/2	1/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	10.3	1/7	1/3	1/4
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	3.6	3.0	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/11	0/3	0/1	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/11	1/3	0/1	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/9	1/3		0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	3	1	0	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/3	0/1		0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	6.0		3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				5.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

AKRON CITY HOSPITAL IVF CENTER
AKRON, OHIO

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	94%	Tubal factor	27%
Single women?	No	GIFT	6%	Endometriosis	15%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	32%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	9%
		With ICSI	35%	Other factors	14%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	55	15	17	6
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	32.7	4/15	5/17	1/6
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	25.5	3/15	5/17	1/6
(95% confidence interval)	(13.9 - 37.0)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	26.9	3/8	5/12	1/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	27.5	3/8	5/12	1/4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.5	7/15	5/17	2/6
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.3	3.6	3.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/18	0/4	2/5	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/18	2/4	0/5	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/14	2/3	2/5	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	20	2	7	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	20.0	1/2	0/7	
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	4.0	3.3	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

FERTILITY UNLIMITED, INC.
AKRON, OHIO

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	25%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	5%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	10%
		With ICSI	32%	Other factors	3%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	21%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	41	27	10	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	19.5	7.4	3/10	1/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	9.8	7.4	2/10	0/3
(95% confidence interval)	(0.7 - 18.8)	(0.0 - 17.3)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	11.1	2/17	2/7	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	11.1	2/17	2/7	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	12.2	37.0	3/10	2/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	3.1	3.0	6.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/8	1/2	1/3	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/8	0/2	1/3	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/4	1/2	1/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	12	8	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/12	1/8		
Average number embryos transferred	2.3	2.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	1	1	8
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/3	0/1	1/1	2/8
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/1	0/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	6.0	3.5	3.9

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

BETHESDA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND FERTILITY CINCINNATI, OHIO

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	6%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	26%
		With ICSI	36%	Other factors	9%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	90	35	25	9
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	33.3	34.3	12.0	1/9
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	30.0	25.7	12.0	0/9
(95% confidence interval)	(20.5 - 39.5)	(11.2 - 40.2)	(0.0 - 24.7)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	34.2	31.0	3/17	0/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	35.1	31.0	3/16	0/4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	12.2	17.1	32.0	5/9
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.9	3.6	4.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	30.0	5/12	1/3	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	13.3	2/12	1/3	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	40.7	6/9	1/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	6	4	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/6	1/4	1/1	
Average number embryos transferred	2.8	3.0	5.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	7	3	6	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/7	2/3	2/6	3/5
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	1	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		0/1	1/1	0/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.4	3.0	3.6	3.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CINCINNATI, OHIO

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	20%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	11%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	45%
		With ICSI	23%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	5%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	22	11	12	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	22.7	4/11	2/12	0/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	22.7	2/11	1/12	0/3
(95% confidence interval)	(5.2 - 40.2)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	5/18	2/9	1/10	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	5/16	2/8	1/9	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	18.2	2/11	2/12	1/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.1	3.0	1.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/5	0/4	0/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/5	0/4	0/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/5	0/2	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	1	2	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/4	1/1	1/2	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	1.5	4.0	3.0	2.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	4	5	5	11
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/4	1/5	1/5	6/11
Number of frozen transfers	1	5	9	14
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1	0/5	2/9	0/14
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	2.8	2.9	2.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**GREATER CINCINNATI INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH
AT THE CHRIST HOSPITAL
CINCINNATI, OHIO**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	>99%	Tubal factor	28%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	29%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	12%
		With ICSI	35%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	6%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	268	165	96	35
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	38.1	32.1	18.8	11.4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	32.8	24.8	13.5	8.6
(95% confidence interval)	(27.2 - 38.5)	(18.3 - 31.4)	(6.7 - 20.4)	(0.0 - 17.8)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	35.5	28.9	16.7	11.1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	37.1	29.7	18.1	11.5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.5	13.9	18.8	22.9
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	4.1	4.5	5.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	22.5	11.3	2/18	1/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	17.6	11.3	2/18	0/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	38.6	26.8	4/13	1/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	74	29	27	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	25.7	13.8	11.1	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	4.0	4.3	6.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	8	5	14	18
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	5/8	3/5	7/14	10/18
Number of frozen transfers	3	3	4	10
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	2/3	1/3	0/4	4/10
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.7	3.1	3.9	3.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**CLEVELAND CLINIC FOUNDATION
CLEVELAND, OHIO**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	18%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	36%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	7%
		With ICSI	38%	Other factors	18%
		Unstimulated	8%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	104	60	53	30
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	27.9	20.0	15.1	10.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	20.2	16.7	15.1	6.7
(95% confidence interval)	(12.5 - 27.9)	(7.2 - 26.1)	(5.5 - 24.7)	(0.0 - 15.6)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	23.1	19.2	20.0	10.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	26.3	22.7	25.0	2/17
Cancellations per 100 cycles	12.5	13.3	24.5	33.3
Average number embryos transferred	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	27.6	3/12	2/8	1/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3.4	0/12	0/8	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	33.3	2/10	2/8	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	67	21	17	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	9.0	14.3	1/17	1/3
Average number embryos transferred	2.4	2.4	2.4	1.7
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**METROHEALTH MEDICAL CENTER
CLEVELAND, OHIO**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	16%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	24%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	24%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	0%
		With ICSI	41%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	8%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	14	7	0	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	3/14	2/7		0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	3/14	2/7		0/1
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	3/10	2/6		
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/10	2/6		
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4/14	1/7		1/1
Average number embryos transferred	2.4	2.5		
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/3	0/2		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/3	0/2		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/3	0/2		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/2			
Average number embryos transferred	2.5			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS OF CLEVELAND
MACDONALD WOMEN'S HOSPITAL IVF PROGRAM
CLEVELAND, OHIO

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	>99%	Tubal factor	34%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	7%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	<1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	10%
		With ICSI	27%	Other factors	18%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	7%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	150	51	51	24
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	34.0	29.4	15.7	12.5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	30.0	17.6	13.7	8.3
(95% confidence interval)	(22.7 - 37.3)	(7.2 - 28.1)	(4.3 - 23.2)	(0.0 - 19.4)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	33.8	22.5	17.5	2/16
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.6	23.1	18.4	2/15
Cancellations per 100 cycles	11.3	21.6	21.6	33.3
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.7	3.9	4.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	21.6	4/15	1/8	0/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	19.6	1/15	2/8	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	46.7	5/9	2/7	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	46	20	16	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	19.6	5.0	2/16	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	2.6	3.2	3.3
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	0	1	12
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2		0/1	4/12
Number of frozen transfers	2	0	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/2			0/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.5		4.0	3.4

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

OHIO REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE COLUMBUS, OHIO

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	85%	Tubal factor	27%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	15%	Endometriosis	20%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	5%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	29%
		With ICSI	25%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	<1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	145	70	51	23
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	26.9	44.3	15.7	8.7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	22.8	34.3	13.7	4.3
(95% confidence interval)	(15.9 - 29.6)	(23.2 - 45.4)	(4.3 - 23.2)	(0.0 - 12.7)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	24.4	36.9	19.4	1/15
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	25.0	38.1	20.6	1/13
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.9	7.1	29.4	34.8
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	4.0	3.3	2.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	43.6	29.0	1/8	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	12.8	16.1	0/8	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	48.5	33.3	0/7	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	35	11	9	8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	28.6	1/11	0/9	0/8
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	3.6	2.8	2.8
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	2	3	4
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/2	0/2	0/3	1/4
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	4.5	2.7	4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY FERTILITY INSTITUTE COLUMBUS, OHIO

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	72%	Tubal factor	30%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	23%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	3%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	1%
		With ICSI	31%	Other factors	27%
		Unstimulated	2%	Unexplained	16%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	56	21	20	14
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	23.2	23.8	10.0	1/14
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	19.6	19.0	5.0	1/14
(95% confidence interval)	(9.2 - 30.0)	(2.3 - 35.8)	(0.0 - 14.6)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	24.4	4/16	1/14	1/7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	26.8	4/16	1/11	1/6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	19.6	23.8	30.0	7/14
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.1	3.6	3.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	6/13	1/5	0/2	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/13	0/5	0/2	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	6/11	1/4	0/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	7	1	2	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/7	0/1	1/2	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	3.0	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**MIAMI VALLEY HOSPITAL FERTILITY CENTER
DAYTON, OHIO**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	91%	Tubal factor	35%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	3%	Endometriosis	12%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	25%
		With ICSI	38%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	33	16	14	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	9.1	5/16	1/14	0/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	9.1	4/16	1/14	0/3
(95% confidence interval)	(0.0 - 18.9)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	10.0	4/15	1/10	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	11.5	4/14	1/8	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	9.1	1/16	4/14	2/3
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	2.5	2.8	2.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/3	1/5	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/3	0/5	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/3	1/4	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	10	5	1	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/10	0/5	0/1	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	2.8	2.0	9.0	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	3	3
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1		1/3	2/3
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0		3.7	2.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

FERTILITY CENTER OF NORTHWEST OHIO TOLEDO, OHIO

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	40%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	8%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	9%
		With ICSI	47%	Other factors	7%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	7%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	73	22	10	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	27.4	54.5	3/10	0/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	24.7	54.5	3/10	0/4
(95% confidence interval)	(14.8 - 34.5)	(33.7 - 75.4)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	28.6	60.0	3/10	0/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	29.0	12/18	3/9	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	13.7	9.1	0/10	0/4
Average number embryos transferred	2.6	3.2	3.2	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	35.0	7/12	0/3	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	5.0	0/12	0/3	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	6/18	6/12	0/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	23	4	2	4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4.3	1/4	1/2	0/4
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	2.5	2.5	2.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	1	3
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1		0/1	1/3
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0		3.0	2.7

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	33%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	2%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	35%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	13%
		With ICSI	44%	Other factors	10%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	5%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	19	5	0	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	8/19	0/5		0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	8/19	0/5		0/1
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	8/18	0/4		
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	8/18	0/4		
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1/19	1/5		1/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	3.5		
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/8			
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/8			
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/8			
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	5	6	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/5	1/6		
Average number embryos transferred	2.2	2.7		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	1	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1		0/1	
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			1/1	
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0		3.0	

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**HENRY G. BENNETT, JR., FERTILITY INSTITUTE
OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	87%	Tubal factor	43%
Single women?	No	GIFT	4%	Endometriosis	5%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	33%
		With ICSI	21%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	64	29	20	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	45.3	31.0	20.0	0/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	35.9	20.7	15.0	0/2
(95% confidence interval)	(24.2 - 47.7)	(5.9 - 35.4)	(0.0 - 30.6)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	37.7	27.3	3/18	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	37.7	30.0	3/17	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.7	24.1	10.0	1/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	3.7	2.9	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	31.0	1/9	1/4	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	13.8	1/9	0/4	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	47.8	2/6	1/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	11	5	3	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/11	1/5	1/3	1/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.4	3.3	6.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	1	3	4
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2	0/1	2/3	3/4
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.2

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

TULSA CENTER FOR FERTILITY & WOMEN'S HEALTH
TULSA, OKLAHOMA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	32%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	16%
		With ICSI	25%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	15%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	60	30	22	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	55.0	26.7	50.0	1/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	50.0	20.0	45.5	1/4
(95% confidence interval)	(37.3 - 62.7)	(5.7 - 34.3)	(24.6 - 66.3)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	55.6	26.1	47.6	1/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	56.6	30.0	47.6	1/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	10.0	23.3	4.5	1/4
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.5	3.6	3.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	27.3	4/8	1/11	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	12.1	0/8	2/11	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	36.7	2/6	2/10	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	5	2	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/5	1/2		
Average number embryos transferred	2.4	3.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				1/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

NORTHWEST FERTILITY CENTER PORTLAND, OREGON

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	21%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	15%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	38%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	34%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	30	14	17	7
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	53.3	6/14	6/17	1/7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	46.7	6/14	4/17	1/7
(95% confidence interval)	(28.8 - 64.5)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	48.3	6/11	4/15	1/7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	48.3	6/11	4/15	1/7
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3.3	3/14	2/17	0/7
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	4.4	4.2	5.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	5/16	2/6	1/6	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/16	1/6	0/6	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/14	2/6	1/4	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	12	3	7	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/12	1/3	1/7	
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	3.3	4.3	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	2	3	14
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	1/2	2/3	5/14
Number of frozen transfers	9	12	4	24
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/9	1/12	0/4	25.0
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.9	3.2	3.3	3.7

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**UNIVERSITY FERTILITY CONSULTANTS
OREGON HEALTH SCIENCES UNIVERSITY
PORTLAND, OREGON**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	34%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	7%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	5%
		With ICSI	28%	Other factors	5%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	27%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	70	32	31	8
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	24.3	21.9	16.1	0/8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	21.4	15.6	9.7	0/8
(95% confidence interval)	(11.8 - 31.0)	(3.0 - 28.2)	(0.0 - 20.1)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	27.8	22.7	14.3	0/5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	29.4	23.8	15.0	0/4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	22.9	31.3	32.3	3/8
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	4.1	3.9	5.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	11/17	2/7	1/5	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/17	0/7	1/5	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	11/15	2/5	1/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	27	21	8	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	29.6	23.8	2/8	1/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.3
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	5	4	9	16
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/5	1/4	3/9	7/16
Number of frozen transfers	2	3	4	20
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	2/2	0/3	1/4	30.0
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.4	3.6	3.4	3.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**TOLL CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCES
ABINGTON MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
ABINGTON, PENNSYLVANIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	92%	Tubal factor	16%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	7%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	30%
		With ICSI	23%	Other factors	24%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	<1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	182	90	66	36
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	40.7	40.0	28.8	16.7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	31.9	34.4	24.2	2.8
(95% confidence interval)	(25.1 - 38.6)	(24.6 - 44.3)	(13.9 - 34.6)	(0.0 - 8.1)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	33.1	36.5	26.2	2.9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	35.2	37.3	27.6	3.1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3.8	5.6	7.6	5.6
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	4.3	3.9	4.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	24.3	22.2	6/19	2/6
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	14.9	2.8	0/19	0/6
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	36.2	25.8	3/16	1/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	84	30	17	5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	29.8	20.0	3/17	1/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	3.6	3.5	3.4
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	4	6
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			2/4	1/6
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			4.0	4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

INFERTILITY SOLUTIONS, P.C. ALLENTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	19%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	3%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	39%
		With ICSI	35%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	6%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	35	14	12	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	31.4	2/14	1/12	0/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	20.0	2/14	1/12	0/5
(95% confidence interval)	(6.7 - 33.3)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	21.9	2/11	1/11	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	25.9	2/9	1/11	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	8.6	3/14	1/12	2/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	3.9	3.7	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/11	0/2	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/11	0/2	1/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/7	0/2	1/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	15	11	4	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/15	0/11	0/4	
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.0	3.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPROTECH, INC.
ALLENTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	92%	Tubal factor	22%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	6%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	8%	Uterine factor	5%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	33%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	33%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	6%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	2	6	4	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	1/2	1/6	1/4	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	1/2	0/6	1/4	
(95% confidence interval)				
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	1/2	0/4	1/4	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/2	0/4	1/4	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/2	2/6	0/4	
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	3.8	2.3	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/1	0/1	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/1	0/1	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/1		0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	0	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1		0/1	
Average number embryos transferred	2.0		3.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	2	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/2		
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		1.0		

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**FAMILY FERTILITY CENTER
BETHLEHEM, PENNSYLVANIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	53%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	0%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	16%
		With ICSI	26%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	18	5	6	6
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	2/18	2/5	2/6	2/6
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	2/18	1/5	2/6	0/6
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	2/16	1/4	2/6	0/6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/14	1/4	2/6	0/6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	2/18	1/5	0/6	0/6
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	3.3	3.7	3.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/2	0/1	0/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1			
Average number embryos transferred	3.0			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/1		0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		5.0		4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

GEISINGER MEDICAL CENTER FERTILITY PROGRAM

DANVILLE, PENNSYLVANIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	95%	Tubal factor	34%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	5%	Endometriosis	8%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	3%
		With ICSI	27%	Other factors	27%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	26	12	3	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	46.2	1/12	0/3	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	38.5	1/12	0/3	
(95% confidence interval)	(19.8 - 57.2)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	43.5	1/8	0/2	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	45.5	1/8	0/1	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	11.5	4/12	1/3	
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	3.4	4.0	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/12	1/1		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/12	0/1		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/10	1/1		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	9	2	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/9	1/2	0/1	
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.5	4.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	2	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			1/2	1/5
Number of frozen transfers	1	0	1	4
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1		0/1	0/4
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0		2.7	3.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

PENN STATE GEISINGER HEALTH SYSTEM
THE HERSHEY MEDICAL CENTER
HERSHEY, PENNSYLVANIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	28%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	19%
		With ICSI	18%	Other factors	14%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	15%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	44	30	8	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	20.5	13.3	3/8	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	18.2	10.0	3/8	0/1
(95% confidence interval)	(6.8 - 29.6)	(0.0 - 20.7)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	21.6	14.3	3/7	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	26.7	3/17	3/6	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	15.9	30.0	1/8	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	2.8	2.8	3.0	1.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/9	0/4	1/3	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/9	0/4	1/3	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/8	0/3	2/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	30	9	3	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	16.7	1/9	0/3	
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	2.7	2.7	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	0	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/1		0/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	4
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/1	1/4
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		3.0	4.0	3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

JENKINTOWN REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINE & GYNECOLOGY ASSOCIATES, P.C.

JENKINTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	94%	Tubal factor	28%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	4%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	60%
		With ICSI	6%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	4	7	4	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	0/4	3/7	1/4	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	0/4	2/7	0/4	0/1
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	0/4	2/7	0/4	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/3	2/7	0/4	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/4	0/7	0/4	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	5.1	3.0	5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies		0/3	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies		1/3	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d		0/2		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	3	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/1	0/3		
Average number embryos transferred	5.0	4.7		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	2	2	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2	0/2	0/2	1/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.5	2.0	3.5	5.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

PENNSYLVANIA REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES

PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	81%	Tubal factor	26%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	19%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	12%
		With ICSI	26%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	25%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	264	134	120	21
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	24.2	23.9	10.0	23.8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	23.5	20.1	10.0	9.5
(95% confidence interval)	(18.4 - 28.6)	(13.4 - 26.9)	(4.6 - 15.4)	(0.0 - 22.1)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	28.3	24.3	14.8	2/17
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	33.2	28.1	17.6	2/16
Cancellations per 100 cycles	17.0	17.2	32.5	19.0
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	32.8	28.1	7/12	0/5
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	14.1	9.4	0/12	0/5
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	37.1	25.9	5/12	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	8	2	1	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/8	0/2	0/1	1/2
Average number embryos transferred	2.8	2.0	1.0	3.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	6	4	10	20
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/6	1/4	1/10	35.0
Number of frozen transfers	4	2	3	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	2/4	0/2	0/3	1/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	2.2	2.7	3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

THOMAS JEFFERSON IVF PROGRAM PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	58%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	4%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	7%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	34	20	20	7
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	14.7	5.0	0.0	1/7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	14.7	5.0	0.0	1/7
(95% confidence interval)	(2.8 - 26.6)	(0.0 - 14.6)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	16.7	1/14	0/17	1/6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	16.7	1/13	0/15	1/5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	11.8	30.0		1/7
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	4.5	3.8	4.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/5	0/1		0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/5	0/1		0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/5	0/1		0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/1	0/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			2.0	6.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA MEDICAL CENTER
PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	28%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	20%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	5%
		With ICSI	33%	Other factors	15%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	111	64	48	18
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	32.4	29.7	14.6	2/18
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	25.2	25.0	12.5	1/18
(95% confidence interval)	(17.1 - 33.3)	(14.4 - 35.6)	(3.1 - 21.9)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	29.8	33.3	16.2	1/14
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	31.5	34.0	17.6	1/14
Cancellations per 100 cycles	15.3	25.0	22.9	4/18
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.6	3.3	3.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	19.4	7/19	2/7	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	8.3	0/19	0/7	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	28.6	6/16	2/6	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	30	15	18	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	10.0	3/15	0/18	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	2.8	3.0	2.4	3.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	2	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/1	1/2	
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		3.0	2.5	

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

ALLEGHENY GENERAL HOSPITAL IVF PROGRAM PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	18%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	29%
		With ICSI	27%	Other factors	<1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	28%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	99	31	35	14
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	24.2	22.6	22.9	0/14
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	21.2	19.4	22.9	0/14
(95% confidence interval)	(13.2 - 29.3)	(5.4 - 33.3)	(8.9 - 36.8)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	22.6	20.0	24.2	0/14
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	25.0	24.0	29.6	0/13
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.1	3.2	5.7	0/14
Average number embryos transferred	4.1	3.9	3.6	3.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	29.2	2/7	0/8	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	20.8	0/7	0/8	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	47.6	1/6	0/8	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	31	13	9	5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	9.7	1/13	1/9	0/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	4.0	3.8	3.8
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/1	
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			4.0	

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

THE FERTILITY CENTER AT SAINT CLAIR HOSPITAL PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	18%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	25%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	2%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	27%
		With ICSI	12%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	7%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	20	5	12	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	40.0	1/5	3/12	0/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	20.0	1/5	2/12	0/4
(95% confidence interval)	(2.5 - 37.5)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	4/19	1/4	2/12	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/17	1/4	2/11	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.0	1/5	0/12	1/4
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	4.0	4.1	6.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/8	0/1	2/3	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/8	1/1	0/3	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/4	1/1	2/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1	0/1		
Average number embryos transferred	2.0	3.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/1		
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.0		

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY WOMEN'S HEALTH CARE ASSOCIATES
MAGEE WOMEN'S HOSPITAL
PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	95%	Tubal factor	25%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	13%
		With ICSI	26%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	31%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	103	73	37	18
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	25.2	24.7	18.9	2/18
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	18.4	17.8	16.2	2/18
(95% confidence interval)	(11.0 - 25.9)	(9.0 - 26.6)	(4.3 - 28.1)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	19.0	20.6	18.8	2/17
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	20.0	21.7	19.4	2/14
Cancellations per 100 cycles	2.9	13.7	13.5	1/18
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	3.5	4.1	3.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	7.7	3/18	0/7	1/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	23.1	1/18	0/7	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	8/19	4/13	0/6	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	4	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1	0/4		
Average number embryos transferred	1.0	1.5		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	2	0	7
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	0/2		0/7
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0	5.5		4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND FERTILITY CENTER

UPLAND, PENNSYLVANIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	84%	Tubal factor	23%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	20%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	10%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	16%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	30%	Other factors	19%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	49	27	22	6
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	26.5	33.3	9.1	0/6
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	22.4	22.2	9.1	0/6
(95% confidence interval)	(10.8 - 34.1)	(6.5 - 37.9)	(0.0 - 21.1)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	23.4	24.0	2/17	0/5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	33.3	26.1	2/14	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.1	7.4	22.7	1/6
Average number embryos transferred	4.2	3.6	4.5	4.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/13	1/9	1/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/13	0/9	0/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/11	1/6	1/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	15	7	3	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/15	1/7	0/3	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	4.6	4.0	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	3	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			3/3	2/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			4.3	4.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE INSTITUTE-PHILADELPHIA
WAYNE, PENNSYLVANIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	13%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	23%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	31%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	23%
		With ICSI	37%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	9%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	27	20	16	12
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	37.0	30.0	2/16	2/12
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	37.0	25.0	2/16	0/12
(95% confidence interval)	(18.8 - 55.3)	(6.0 - 44.0)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	40.0	5/19	2/14	0/12
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	43.5	5/17	2/12	0/12
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.4	5.0	2/16	0/12
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	4.5	4.6	5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/10	2/6	1/2	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/10	0/6	1/2	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	7/10	2/5	1/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	9	2	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/9	1/2	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	5.0	2.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	1	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1		0/1	2/5
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0		3.0	4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**WOMEN'S CLINIC, LTD.
FERTILITY MEDICAL LABS
WEST READING, PENNSYLVANIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	40%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	3%
		With ICSI	22%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	11%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	41	16	8	8
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	24.4	5/16	2/8	1/8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	22.0	4/16	2/8	0/8
(95% confidence interval)	(9.3 - 34.6)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	28.1	4/15	2/6	0/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	31.0	4/14	2/5	0/4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	22.0	1/16	2/8	4/8
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.4	4.2	5.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/10	0/5	0/2	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/10	1/5	0/2	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/9	1/4	0/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

DR. PEDRO J. BEAUCHAMP
BAYAMON, PUERTO RICO

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	38%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	31%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	13%
		With ICSI	40%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	59	38	26	20
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	44.1	34.2	34.6	25.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	32.2	28.9	23.1	15.0
(95% confidence interval)	(20.3 - 44.1)	(14.5 - 43.4)	(6.9 - 39.3)	(0.0 - 30.6)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	33.9	32.4	26.1	3/15
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.5	33.3	28.6	3/14
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.1	10.5	11.5	25.0
Average number embryos transferred	6.1	5.8	3.5	3.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	26.9	2/13	2/9	0/5
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	15.4	3/13	0/9	0/5
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	7/19	4/11	1/6	0/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	6	1	3	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/6	0/1	0/3	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	2.7	6.0	3.3	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	0	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/1		0/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		1.0		4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**RENE FERNANDEZ-PELEGRINA
CARIBBEAN FERTILITY CENTER
RIO PIEDRAS, PUERTO RICO**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	34%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	10%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	37%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	35%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	66	15	15	10
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	48.5	7/15	3/15	3/10
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	47.0	6/15	2/15	1/10
(95% confidence interval)	(34.9 - 59.0)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	50.8	6/13	2/13	1/9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	52.5	6/13	2/12	1/8
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.6	2/15	2/15	1/10
Average number embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	56.3	3/7	0/3	0/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	15.6	0/7	0/3	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	58.1	3/6	0/2	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/2	0/1		
Average number embryos transferred	2.0	3.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

WOMEN & INFANTS HOSPITAL IVF PROGRAM PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	30%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	10%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	7%
		With ICSI	32%	Other factors	18%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	5%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	343	153	111	49
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	25.9	34.6	19.8	6.1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	23.6	26.8	13.5	2.0
(95% confidence interval)	(19.1 - 28.1)	(19.8 - 33.8)	(7.2 - 19.9)	(0.0 - 6.0)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	24.5	28.3	14.6	2.5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	25.3	29.5	15.3	2.9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3.5	5.2	7.2	18.4
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	3.6	3.7	4.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	38.2	24.5	9.1	1/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	10.1	11.3	13.6	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	42.0	36.6	4/15	1/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	49	26	15	15
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	10.2	15.4	0/15	0/15
Average number embryos transferred	4.1	3.5	3.1	3.8
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	4	1	1	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/4	0/1	0/1	1/5
Number of frozen transfers	1	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	1/1			
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.8	3.0	4.0	3.4

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**MEDICAL UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA
CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	94%	Tubal factor	25%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	6%	Endometriosis	27%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	20%
		With ICSI	28%	Other factors	9%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	24	12	8	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	12.5	2/12	0/8	0/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	8.3	1/12	0/8	0/3
(95% confidence interval)	(0.0 - 19.4)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	2/18	1/9	0/6	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/17	1/8	0/5	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	25.0	3/12	2/8	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	4.8	6.0	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/3	2/2		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/3	0/2		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/2	1/1		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	3	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/3	0/1		
Average number embryos transferred	2.3	3.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	2	4
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			1/2	2/4
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			4.0	4.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA-COLUMBIA
COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	24%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	0%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	35%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	31%
		With ICSI	37%	Other factors	10%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	18	7	2	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	6/18	1/7	1/2	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	6/18	1/7	1/2	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	6/15	1/6	1/1	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	6/15	1/6	1/1	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3/18	1/7	1/2	
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	3.3	1.0	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/6	1/1	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/6	0/1	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/6	1/1	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1			
Average number embryos transferred	1.0			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1			
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	5.0			

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CENTER FOR WOMEN'S MEDICINE
REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY
GREENVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	31%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	28%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	16%
		With ICSI	41%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	12%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	33	12	7	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	57.6	6/12	2/7	1/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	48.5	5/12	0/7	0/2
(95% confidence interval)	(31.4 - 65.5)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	50.0	5/10	0/7	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	50.0	5/9	0/7	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3.0	2/12	0/7	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	4.2	3.9	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	9/19	2/6	0/2	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/19	1/6	0/2	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	8/16	3/5		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/4	1/1		
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	0	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		1/1		0/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	4
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				1/4
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.0		3.7

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

SOUTHEASTERN FERTILITY CENTER, P.A.
MOUNT PLEASANT, SOUTH CAROLINA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	41%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	<1%	Endometriosis	3%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	24%
		With ICSI	29%	Other factors	11%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	125	51	46	10
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	33.6	25.5	15.2	0/10
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	30.4	15.7	15.2	0/10
(95% confidence interval)	(22.3 - 38.5)	(5.7 - 25.7)	(4.8 - 25.6)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	36.5	22.9	24.1	0/7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	38.0	26.7	25.9	0/6
Cancellations per 100 cycles	16.8	31.4	37.0	3/10
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	4.4	4.9	3.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	28.6	4/13	1/7	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	14.3	0/13	0/7	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	44.7	3/8	0/7	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	14	2	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/14	0/2		
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.5		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	2	9	23
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/3	0/2	2/9	47.8
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/1	1/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	3.5	4.1	3.9

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY PHYSICIANS FERTILITY SPECIALISTS

SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	59%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	5%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	31%
		With ICSI	4%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	24	12	9	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	29.2	4/12	1/9	0/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	25.0	4/12	1/9	0/5
(95% confidence interval)	(7.7 - 42.3)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	6/18	4/9	1/7	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	6/15	4/9	1/7	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	25.0	3/12	2/9	2/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	4.0	3.0	2.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/7	2/4	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/7	0/4	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/6	2/4	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	12	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/12	0/1		
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	4.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY OB/GYN ASSOCIATES, INC.
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	33%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	36%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	9%
		With ICSI	5%	Other factors	14%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	41	17	0	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	22.0	4/17		0/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	12.2	3/17		0/2
(95% confidence interval)	(2.2 - 22.2)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	13.5	3/16		0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	17.9	3/15		0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	9.8	1/17		0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.9		2.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/9	1/4		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/9	0/4		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/5	1/3		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	12	3	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/12	0/3		
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	2.3		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	1	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1		1/1	0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0		4.0	4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

APPALACHIAN FERTILITY AND ENDOCRINOLOGY CENTER

KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	65%	Tubal factor	41%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	23%	Endometriosis	7%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	8%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	42%
		With ICSI	15%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	5%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	33	4	6	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	18.2	1/4	3/6	0/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	18.2	1/4	3/6	0/5
(95% confidence interval)	(5.0 - 31.3)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	22.2	1/3	3/6	0/5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	24.0	1/3	3/6	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	18.2	1/4	0/6	0/5
Average number embryos transferred	5.1	3.0	3.5	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/6	0/1	0/3	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/6	0/1	0/3	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/6	0/1	0/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	0	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/2		0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	2.0		2.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	0	1	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/3		0/1	1/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.3		4.0	3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE FERTILITY CENTER
KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	31%	Tubal factor	19%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	28%	Endometriosis	19%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	41%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	36%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	19%
		With ICSI	38%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	6%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	17	9	6	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	11/17	2/9	1/6	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	9/17	2/9	1/6	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	9/16	2/7	1/5	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	9/16	2/6	1/5	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1/17	2/9	1/6	
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.8	3.4	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/11	1/2	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/11	0/2	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/9	1/2	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	0	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/2		0/1	
Average number embryos transferred	3.0		1.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/1	
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			2.0	

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY FERTILITY ASSOCIATES
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	97%	Tubal factor	32%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	23%
		With ICSI	27%	Other factors	16%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	<1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	57	19	20	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	35.1	11/19	25.0	1/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	35.1	9/19	20.0	1/4
(95% confidence interval)	(22.7 - 47.5)		(2.5 - 37.5)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	40.8	9/16	4/19	1/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	42.6	9/16	4/19	1/4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	14.0	3/19	5.0	0/4
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	4.1	4.3	5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	30.0	3/11	2/5	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	20.0	0/11	1/5	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	45.0	2/9	3/4	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	7	4	3	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/7	1/4	0/3	
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	3.8	3.3	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	1	2	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	1/1	0/2	
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	2	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			1/2	
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	5.0	5.0	4.5	

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	36%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	23%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	18%
		With ICSI	51%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	32	5	2	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	21.9	2/5	0/2	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	21.9	2/5	0/2	
(95% confidence interval)	(7.6 - 36.2)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	23.3	2/5	0/1	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	24.1	2/5	0/1	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.3	0/5	1/2	0/0
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	5.0	4.0	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/7	0/2		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/7	0/2		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/7	0/2		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	3	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/3			
Average number embryos transferred	4.3			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				10.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

NASHVILLE FERTILITY CENTER
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	31%
Single women?	No	GIFT	<1%	Endometriosis	17%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	5%
		With ICSI	43%	Other factors	5%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	15%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	125	54	42	12
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	52.8	46.3	16.7	2/12
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	45.6	33.3	14.3	2/12
(95% confidence interval)	(36.9 - 54.3)	(20.8 - 45.9)	(3.7 - 24.9)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	48.7	39.1	16.7	2/12
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	49.6	40.9	17.6	2/11
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.4	14.8	14.3	0/12
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.7	3.5	5.6
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	40.9	28.0	0/7	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	12.1	12.0	1/7	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	56.1	8/18	1/6	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	21	12	6	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	14.3	3/12	0/6	
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.4	2.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	4	9	24
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		2/4	3/9	62.5
Number of frozen transfers	0	2	2	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		0/2	1/2	1/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		2.8	3.1	3.2

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

HAROLD BRUMLEY, M.D.
AUSTIN, TEXAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	92%	Tubal factor	46%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	8%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	31%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	0%
		With ICSI	25%	Other factors	15%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	2	5	4	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	1/2	0/5	0/4	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	1/2	0/5	0/4	0/1
(95% confidence interval)				
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	1/1	0/3	0/3	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/1	0/3	0/3	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1/2	2/5	1/4	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	2.0	4.0	3.0	9.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/1			
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/1			
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/1			
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d		1/1		
Average number embryos transferred		5.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

JEFFREY YOUNGKIN, M.D.
AUSTIN, TEXAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	33%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	27%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	9%
		With ICSI	18%	Other factors	15%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	6%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	13	9	4	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	9/13	2/9	1/4	0/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	8/13	2/9	1/4	0/2
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	8/12	2/6	1/4	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	8/12	2/6	1/4	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1/13	3/9	0/4	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	4.2	4.5	5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/9	0/2	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/9	1/2	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/8	1/2	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	3	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/2	1/3		
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.3		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**TEXAS FERTILITY CENTER
AUSTIN, TEXAS**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	34%
Single women?	No	GIFT	<1%	Endometriosis	22%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	10%
		With ICSI	14%	Other factors	17%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	<1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	84	54	40	47
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	45.2	46.3	37.5	19.1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	36.9	35.2	32.5	6.4
(95% confidence interval)	(26.6 - 47.2)	(22.4 - 47.9)	(18.0 - 47.0)	(0.0 - 13.4)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	40.8	39.6	37.1	8.1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	43.1	39.6	40.6	8.3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	9.5	11.1	12.5	21.3
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	4.0	3.4	4.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	28.9	36.0	2/15	1/9
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	13.2	16.0	3/15	1/9
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	35.5	10/19	5/13	2/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	29	10	3	10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	27.6	3/10	1/3	1/10
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	3.3	2.0	2.6
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CENTER FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTION BEDFORD, TEXAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	20%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	6%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	13%
		With ICSI	43%	Other factors	9%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	27%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	224	116	65	50
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	45.5	34.5	26.2	8.0
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	41.1	28.4	21.5	8.0
(95% confidence interval)	(34.6 - 47.5)	(20.2 - 36.7)	(11.5 - 31.5)	(0.5 - 15.5)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	43.4	31.7	25.5	10.8
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	44.7	32.7	26.4	10.8
Cancellations per 100 cycles	5.4	10.3	15.4	26.0
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	3.3	3.3	3.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	42.2	25.0	7/17	1/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	6.9	20.0	2/17	1/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	44.6	42.4	5/14	0/4
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	44	15	13	5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	20.5	0/15	3/13	1/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.0	3.5	3.4
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	6	4	9	28
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	4/6	2/4	5/9	53.6
Number of frozen transfers	3	4	4	10
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/3	1/4	0/4	2/10
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.8	2.9	3.3	3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

TRINITY IVF CARROLLTON, TEXAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	34%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	27%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	27%
		With ICSI	33%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	37	15	22	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	16.2	3/15	13.6	1/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	10.8	3/15	13.6	1/5
(95% confidence interval)	(0.8 - 20.8)		(0.0 - 28.0)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	13.8	3/14	3/15	1/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	14.8	3/13	3/12	1/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	21.6	1/15	31.8	1/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	3.6	3.5	5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/6	1/3	0/3	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/6	1/3	0/3	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/4	2/3	0/3	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	3	1	2	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/3	0/1	0/2	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	2.7	6.0	3.0	4.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	2	1	3
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/3	0/2	1/1	0/3
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.7	3.0	3.0	3.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

BAYLOR CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH DALLAS, TEXAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	19%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	5%
		With ICSI	74%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	32%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	51	28	36	12
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	33.3	50.0	36.1	2/12
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	29.4	42.9	30.6	1/12
(95% confidence interval)	(16.9 - 41.9)	(24.5 - 61.2)	(15.5 - 45.6)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	34.1	42.9	31.4	1/7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.9	46.2	37.9	1/7
Cancellations per 100 cycles	13.7	0.0	2.8	5/12
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	4.0	4.0	2.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/17	4/14	3/13	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/17	0/14	0/13	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/15	2/12	3/11	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	13	8	6	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/13	0/8	1/6	
Average number embryos transferred	4.1	4.3	4.7	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

NATIONAL FERTILITY CENTER OF TEXAS, P.A.
DALLAS, TEXAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	22%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	8%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	37%
		With ICSI	18%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	36	18	19	6
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	13.9	4/18	1/19	0/6
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	13.9	4/18	1/19	0/6
(95% confidence interval)	(2.6 - 25.2)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	20.8	4/15	1/12	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	25.0	4/13	1/10	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	33.3	3/18	7/19	4/6
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.6	5.0	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/5	1/4	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/5	2/4	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/5	3/4	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	5	3	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/5	0/3	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	4.6	3.7	2.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	1	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1		1/1	
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0		4.0	

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**PRESBYTERIAN HOSPITAL OF DALLAS ARTS CENTER
DALLAS, TEXAS**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	28%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	12%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	17%
		With ICSI	45%	Other factors	9%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	126	65	59	13
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	36.5	30.8	20.3	2/13
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	32.5	26.2	15.3	1/13
(95% confidence interval)	(24.4 - 40.7)	(15.5 - 36.8)	(6.1 - 24.4)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	35.0	33.3	22.0	1/10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	38.7	38.6	25.7	1/9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.1	21.5	30.5	3/13
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	28.3	35.0	3/12	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	15.2	10.0	2/12	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	43.9	6/17	4/9	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	29	19	5	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	10.3	2/19	3/5	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	2.8	3.0	3.0	2.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			1/1	
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			3.0	

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS SOUTHWESTERN FERTILITY ASSOCIATES DALLAS, TEXAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	91%	Tubal factor	27%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	9%	Endometriosis	12%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	17%
		With ICSI	21%	Other factors	<1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	30%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	85	48	36	19
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	45.9	31.3	25.0	0/19
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	41.2	25.0	13.9	0/19
(95% confidence interval)	(30.7 - 51.6)	(12.8 - 37.3)	(2.6 - 25.2)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	47.9	30.0	20.8	0/14
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	47.9	30.8	21.7	0/12
Cancellations per 100 cycles	14.1	16.7	33.3	5/19
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.0	3.1	3.1
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	51.3	4/15	2/9	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	23.1	3/15	0/9	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	65.7	6/12	2/5	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	5	3	2	4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/5	0/3	0/2	0/4
Average number embryos transferred	2.6	1.7	3.0	2.8
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	7	4	3	27
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	4/7	3/4	1/3	33.3
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.7	3.3	2.3	3.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

BAYLOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGY HOUSTON, TEXAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	27%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	8%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	46%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	2%
		With ICSI	47%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	16%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	103	63	42	21
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	42.7	33.3	28.6	4.8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	35.9	28.6	26.2	4.8
(95% confidence interval)	(26.7 - 45.2)	(17.4 - 39.7)	(12.9 - 39.5)	(0.0 - 13.9)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	36.6	30.5	29.7	1/18
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	37.4	31.6	30.6	1/16
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1.9	6.3	11.9	14.3
Average number embryos transferred	4.6	4.3	4.7	4.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	25.0	23.8	3/12	1/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	13.6	9.5	0/12	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	37.8	6/18	2/11	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	10	10	6	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/10	1/10	0/6	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	2.5	2.8	5.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	4	2	7	9
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/4	1/2	1/7	4/9
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.3	6.0	5.1	4.4

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTION AT GRAMERCY HOUSTON, TEXAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	41%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	11%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	26%
		With ICSI	54%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	1%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	39	23	13	8
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	33.3	8.7	2/13	0/8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	33.3	8.7	2/13	0/8
(95% confidence interval)	(18.5 - 48.1)	(0.0 - 20.2)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	36.1	9.5	2/10	0/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	37.1	2/18	2/9	0/4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.7	8.7	3/13	4/8
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.7	4.3	2.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/13	1/2	0/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/13	0/2	1/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/13	0/2	1/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	14	10	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	5/14	3/10		
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.4		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	3
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				2/3
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				1/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				4.4

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

NORTH HOUSTON CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE HOUSTON, TEXAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	No	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	39%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	2%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	12%
		With ICSI	34%	Other factors	20%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	12	9	13	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	7/12	3/9	2/13	0/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	7/12	3/9	2/13	0/4
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	7/12	3/7	2/10	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	7/11	3/7	2/9	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/12	2/9	3/13	1/4
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.4	4.6	6.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/7	0/3	1/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/7	0/3	0/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/7	0/3	1/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	1	0	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/4	0/1		0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	5.0		4.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

OBSTETRICAL & GYNECOLOGICAL ASSOCIATES HOUSTON, TEXAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	37%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	15%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	<1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	42%	Other factors	2%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	11%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	142	75	73	39
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	33.1	29.3	30.1	12.8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	26.8	25.3	24.7	5.1
(95% confidence interval)	(19.5 - 34.0)	(15.5 - 35.2)	(14.8 - 34.5)	(0.0 - 12.1)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	29.9	28.8	31.0	8.7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	30.6	30.2	34.0	9.1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	10.6	12.0	20.5	41.0
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.8	3.6	3.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	36.2	13.6	22.7	0/5
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	12.8	18.2	4.5	0/5
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	52.6	7/19	5/18	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	46	20	20	13
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	26.1	25.0	20.0	1/13
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	2.7	2.2	2.8
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	4	5	11	18
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/4	2/5	3/11	7/18
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.2

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS WOMEN'S HEALTH CENTER
HOUSTON, TEXAS**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	No	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	23%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	0%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	15%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	31%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	16%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	7	2	2	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	0/7	2/2	0/2	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	0/7	1/2	0/2	
(95% confidence interval)				
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	0/7	1/2	0/2	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/7	1/2	0/2	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/7	0/2	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.0	4.0	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies		0/2		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies		0/2		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d		0/1		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d		0/1		
Average number embryos transferred		4.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/1		
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		5.0		

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**WILFORD HALL MEDICAL CENTER
LACKLAND AIR FORCE BASE, TEXAS**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	63%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	4%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	0%
		With ICSI	20%	Other factors	9%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	40	24	11	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	52.5	37.5	4/11	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	47.5	29.2	3/11	
(95% confidence interval)	(32.0 - 63.0)	(11.0 - 47.4)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	54.3	7/18	3/9	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	54.3	7/18	3/9	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	12.5	25.0	2/11	
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	3.2	3.8	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	28.6	2/9	2/4	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	9.5	0/9	0/4	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	8/19	2/7	1/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE LUBBOCK, TEXAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	27%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	35%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	13%
		With ICSI	24%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	11%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	45	13	9	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	37.8	5/13	2/9	1/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	33.3	5/13	2/9	1/1
(95% confidence interval)	(19.6 - 47.1)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	33.3	5/11	2/9	1/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.1	5/11	2/8	1/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	2/13	0/9	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	3.0	2.6	1.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/17	2/5	0/2	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/17	0/5	0/2	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	6/15	1/5	0/2	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	7	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/7			
Average number embryos transferred	2.3			
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	1	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1		1/1	1/1
Number of frozen transfers	2	2	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/2	0/2		0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	2.0	3.0	3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**TEXAS TECH UNIVERSITY HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER-IVF PROGRAM
LUBBOCK, TEXAS**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	20%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	18%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	21%
		With ICSI	36%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	18%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	28	6	8	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	28.6	1/6	0/8	0/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	28.6	1/6	0/8	0/2
(95% confidence interval)	(11.8 - 45.3)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	28.6	1/6	0/8	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	28.6	1/6	0/8	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	0/6	0/8	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	3.8	4.1	3.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/8	1/1		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/8	0/1		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/8	1/1		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	3	3	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/4	0/3	0/3	
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	4.7	3.7	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

FERTILITY CENTER OF SAN ANTONIO SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	4%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	18%
		With ICSI	28%	Other factors	10%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	11%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	69	43	28	12
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	47.8	44.2	35.7	3/12
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	40.6	32.6	25.0	2/12
(95% confidence interval)	(29.0 - 52.2)	(18.6 - 46.6)	(9.0 - 41.0)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	44.4	37.8	7/19	2/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	44.4	37.8	7/19	2/4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	8.7	14.0	32.1	8/12
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	3.3	3.7	2.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	30.3	5/19	3/10	0/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	9.1	1/19	1/10	0/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	32.1	5/14	4/7	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	21	10	3	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	28.6	1/10	1/3	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.1	2.7	3.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				1/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			1/1	0/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			3.0	3.7

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

SOUTH TEXAS FERTILITY CENTER SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	17%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	24%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	33%
		With ICSI	10%	Other factors	7%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	8%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	31	28	15	15
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	32.3	25.0	2/15	0/15
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	32.3	21.4	2/15	0/15
(95% confidence interval)	(15.8 - 48.7)	(6.2 - 36.6)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	38.5	28.6	2/13	0/9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	38.5	30.0	2/12	0/9
Cancellations per 100 cycles	16.1	25.0	2/15	6/15
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.4	3.7	2.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	5/10	3/7	0/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/10	2/7	0/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	7/10	4/6	0/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	18	7	8	4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/18	0/7	3/8	0/4
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	2.9	3.8	2.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	1	4	12
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/3	1/1	1/4	5/12
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	7
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				1/7
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0	3.0	3.8	3.4

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**THE CENTER OF REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
WEBSTER, TEXAS**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	24%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	20%
		With ICSI	47%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	15%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	49	26	18	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	24.5	38.5	3/18	0/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	18.4	34.6	2/18	0/3
(95% confidence interval)	(7.5 - 29.2)	(16.3 - 52.9)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	25.0	39.1	2/12	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	25.0	39.1	2/12	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	26.5	11.5	6/18	1/3
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	4.0	3.1	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/12	7/10	2/3	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/12	0/10	0/3	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/9	5/9	2/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	3	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1	0/3	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	5.0	2.7	5.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UTAH CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	96%	Tubal factor	30%
Single women?	No	GIFT	3%	Endometriosis	17%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	15%
		With ICSI	33%	Other factors	8%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	5%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	109	33	43	17
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	43.1	33.3	25.6	2/17
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	39.4	33.3	18.6	1/17
(95% confidence interval)	(30.3 - 48.6)	(17.2 - 49.4)	(7.0 - 30.2)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	47.3	39.3	23.5	1/14
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	47.3	40.7	25.0	1/14
Cancellations per 100 cycles	16.5	15.2	20.9	3/17
Average number embryos transferred	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.6
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	36.2	2/11	3/11	2/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	14.9	1/11	1/11	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	46.5	2/11	4/8	1/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	2	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d		0/2	0/1	
Average number embryos transferred		3.5	4.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	2	1	17
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/2	0/1	10/17
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		0/1		1/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.0	12.0	3.2

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

VERMONT CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT
BURLINGTON, VERMONT

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	54%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	5%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	7%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	6%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	10%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	24	16	11	7
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	45.8	5/16	1/11	0/7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	45.8	4/16	1/11	0/7
(95% confidence interval)	(25.9 - 65.8)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	55.0	4/14	1/10	0/6
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	11/19	4/13	1/9	0/5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	16.7	2/16	1/11	1/7
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	3.9	4.3	1.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/11	0/5	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/11	1/5	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/11	1/4	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	0	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1		0/1	
Average number embryos transferred	2.0		4.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

THE FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CENTER ANNANDALE, VIRGINIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	99%	Tubal factor	23%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	12%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	32%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	9%
		With ICSI	43%	Other factors	23%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	29	31	16	10
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	41.4	9.7	5/16	1/10
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	37.9	9.7	3/16	1/10
(95% confidence interval)	(20.3 - 55.6)	(0.0 - 20.1)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	37.9	9.7	3/16	1/10
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	40.7	10.7	3/15	1/10
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	0.0	0/16	0/10
Average number embryos transferred	5.0	4.9	4.5	4.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/12	0/3	3/5	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/12	0/3	0/5	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/11	0/3	2/3	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	6	3	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/6	0/3	0/1	
Average number embryos transferred	5.0	5.7	2.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	1	1	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/2	0/1	1/1	1/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0	5.0	5.0	4.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

DOMINION FERTILITY AND ENDOCRINOLOGY

ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	27%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	2%	Endometriosis	16%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	11%
		With ICSI	14%	Other factors	8%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	23%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	61	29	19	6
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	23.0	20.7	2/19	0/6
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	23.0	17.2	0/19	0/6
(95% confidence interval)	(12.4 - 33.5)	(3.5 - 31.0)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	24.6	19.2	0/16	0/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	25.5	19.2	0/16	0/4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.6	10.3	3/19	2/6
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	3.8	3.8	2.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	7/14	4/6	0/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/14	1/6	0/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	9/14	3/5		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	9	3	2	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/9	1/3	0/2	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	4.7	4.0	5.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	2	3	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	1/2	0/3	1/5
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	1	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d			0/1	1/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.0	4.5	4.0	4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA ART PROGRAM
HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	73%	Tubal factor	37%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	21%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	27%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	18%
		With ICSI	28%	Other factors	6%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	37	20	12	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	40.5	25.0	4/12	0/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	40.5	15.0	4/12	0/2
(95% confidence interval)	(24.7 - 56.4)	(0.0 - 30.6)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	46.9	3/13	4/10	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	46.9	3/12	4/10	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	13.5	35.0	2/12	2/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	3.2	4.1	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/15	1/5	3/4	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/15	0/5	0/4	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	6/15	1/3	2/4	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	3	1	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d		1/3	1/1	1/2
Average number embryos transferred		1.7	1.0	2.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	0	2	5
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/1		1/2	2/5
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				1/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0		3.5	3.4

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

JONES INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	>99%	Tubal factor	20%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	13%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	10%
		With ICSI	44%	Other factors	6%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	26%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	114	78	55	29
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	36.0	32.1	27.3	24.1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	24.6	24.4	16.4	6.9
(95% confidence interval)	(16.7 - 32.5)	(14.8 - 33.9)	(6.6 - 26.1)	(0.0 - 16.1)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	25.7	26.0	17.0	8.0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	27.7	27.5	18.4	8.3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.4	6.4	3.6	13.8
Average number embryos transferred	3.7	4.0	4.2	5.2
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	39.0	28.0	2/15	2/7
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	4.9	8.0	0/15	0/7
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	53.6	5/19	2/9	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	55	20	10	3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	18.2	5.0	1/10	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.3	3.7	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	9	15	20	53
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	5/9	2/15	30.0	34.0
Number of frozen transfers	4	6	10	31
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	2/4	0/6	1/10	12.9
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.6	3.2	3.4	3.6

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF VIRGINIA
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	33%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	22%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	<1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	30%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	6%
		With ICSI	41%	Other factors	9%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	102	41	20	8
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	40.2	43.9	35.0	1/8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	37.3	31.7	30.0	1/8
(95% confidence interval)	(27.9 - 46.6)	(17.5 - 46.0)	(9.9 - 50.1)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	40.4	33.3	6/17	1/7
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	41.3	34.2	6/17	1/7
Cancellations per 100 cycles	7.8	4.9	15.0	1/8
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	4.3	4.1	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	36.6	5/18	2/7	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	12.2	2/18	1/7	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	47.4	7/13	1/6	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	16	7	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	3/16	2/7	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	4.6	4.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	1	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/3	1/1		
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.3	7.0		3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**LIFESOURCE FERTILITY CENTER
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	38%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	2%	Endometriosis	11%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	5%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	14%
		With ICSI	31%	Other factors	12%
		Unstimulated	2%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	31	9	14	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	38.7	4/9	6/14	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	38.7	3/9	4/14	
(95% confidence interval)	(21.6 - 55.9)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	44.4	3/6	4/12	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	44.4	3/6	4/12	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	12.9	3/9	2/14	
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	4.7	4.3	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/12	1/4	3/6	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	6/12	0/4	0/6	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	8/12	1/3	2/4	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	7	3	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/7	2/3		
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	2.7		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	96%	Tubal factor	33%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	17%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	4%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	43%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	5%
		With ICSI	52%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	6	5	8	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	3/6	3/5	1/8	0/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	2/6	2/5	1/8	0/4
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	2/6	2/5	1/8	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/6	2/5	1/8	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/6	0/5	0/8	2/4
Average number embryos transferred	4.5	3.6	5.3	6.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/3	2/3	0/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/3	0/3	0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/2	1/2	0/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	7	3	4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/2	1/7	0/3	0/4
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	3.9	3.7	4.8
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				5.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

RICHMOND CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND ENDOCRINOLOGY

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	96%	Tubal factor	46%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	15%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	4%	Uterine factor	6%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	8%
		With ICSI	22%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	11%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	33	17	12	7
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	24.2	4/17	2/12	1/7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	9.1	2/17	2/12	1/7
(95% confidence interval)	(0.0 - 18.9)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	10.7	2/15	2/10	1/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	10.7	2/15	2/10	1/4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	15.2	2/17	2/12	3/7
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	3.7	3.7	2.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/8	1/4	0/2	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/8	1/4	0/2	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/3	1/2	0/2	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	8	4	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/8	0/4	1/2	
Average number embryos transferred	4.1	2.8	3.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				5.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**THE NEW HOPE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	25%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	32%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	19%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	4%
		With ICSI	31%	Other factors	9%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	10	7	9	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	1/10	2/7	0/9	0/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	1/10	1/7	0/9	0/3
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	1/10	1/6	0/3	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/7	1/5	0/1	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/10	1/7	6/9	1/3
Average number embryos transferred	2.4	4.0	6.0	6.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/1	0/2		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/1	0/2		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/1	0/1		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	2	2	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/2	0/2	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	4.0	3.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	1	2	1	6
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/1	0/2	1/1	0/6
Number of frozen transfers	1	1	0	4
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1	1/1		1/4
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	4.0	3.7	5.0	2.9

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**WASHINGTON CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
BELLEVUE, WASHINGTON**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	55%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	4%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	11%
		With ICSI	21%	Other factors	4%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	4%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	19	8	10	1
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	4/19	6/8	0/10	0/1
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	2/19	5/8	0/10	0/1
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	2/18	5/8	0/8	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/17	5/8	0/6	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	1/19	0/8	2/10	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.1	3.8	4.2	5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/4	0/6		
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/4	1/6		
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	0/2	1/5		
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	4	2	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/4	1/2		
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	3.5		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/1	0/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			3.0	4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

BELLINGHAM IVF BELLINGHAM, WASHINGTON

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	No	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	27%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	8%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	48%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	14%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	22	14	11	9
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	36.4	5/14	5/11	1/9
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	36.4	5/14	3/11	1/9
(95% confidence interval)	(16.3 - 56.5)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	36.4	5/14	3/11	1/9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	8/19	5/12	3/10	1/7
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	0/14	0/11	0/9
Average number embryos transferred	3.8	3.4	3.4	3.4
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/8	2/5	1/5	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/8	0/5	1/5	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/8	2/5	2/3	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1	0/1		
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				0/2
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	2
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/2
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**OLYMPIA WOMEN'S HEALTH
CAPITAL MEDICAL CENTER
OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	63%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	3%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	0%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	17%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	9	14	1	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	2/9	4/14	0/1	1/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	1/9	2/14	0/1	1/2
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	1/9	2/14	0/1	1/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/9	2/14	0/1	1/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/9	0/14	0/1	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	4.6	5.0	6.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/2	1/4		1/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2	0/4		0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/1	1/2		1/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	1	1	0	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/1	0/1		0/1
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.0		3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				5.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

PACIFIC GYNECOLOGY SPECIALISTS SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	97%	Tubal factor	24%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	4%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	2%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	24%
		With ICSI	24%	Other factors	12%
		Unstimulated	<1%	Unexplained	9%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	97	56	51	28
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	11.3	14.3	5.9	3.6
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	6.2	10.7	5.9	3.6
(95% confidence interval)	(1.4 - 11.0)	(2.6 - 18.8)	(0.0 - 12.3)	(0.0 - 10.4)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	8.3	15.8	11.1	1/14
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	9.0	17.1	12.0	1/11
Cancellations per 100 cycles	25.8	32.1	47.1	50.0
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	4.1	3.8	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/11	2/8	1/3	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/11	0/8	1/3	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/6	0/6	0/3	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	61	19	12	11
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	21.3	6/19	4/12	0/11
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.4	2.8	3.1
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	1	1	7
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		0/1	0/1	4/7
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	2	23
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		1/1	0/2	13.0
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		3.5	4.0	3.4

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
FERTILITY AND ENDOCRINE CENTER
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	97%	Tubal factor	27%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	1%	Endometriosis	14%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	4%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	12%
		With ICSI	47%	Other factors	9%
		Unstimulated	1%	Unexplained	12%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	133	84	89	53
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	34.6	31.0	18.0	3.8
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	29.3	31.0	9.0	3.8
(95% confidence interval)	(21.6 - 37.1)	(21.1 - 40.8)	(3.0 - 14.9)	(0.0 - 8.9)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	32.8	40.0	12.1	5.4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.8	40.6	12.3	5.7
Cancellations per 100 cycles	10.5	22.6	25.8	30.2
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	3.2	3.7	4.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	37.0	15.4	3/16	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	10.9	19.2	0/16	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	53.8	30.8	1/8	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	26	13	6	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	19.2	3/13	2/6	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.1	2.8	6.5
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	7	5	9	31
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	2/7	0/5	1/9	29.0
Number of frozen transfers	5	1	6	11
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	1/5	0/1	1/6	2/11
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

VIRGINIA MASON CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	98%	Tubal factor	27%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	2%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	10%
		With ICSI	46%	Other factors	17%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	74	47	43	24
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	31.1	25.5	23.3	16.7
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	27.0	17.0	11.6	8.3
(95% confidence interval)	(16.9 - 37.1)	(6.3 - 27.8)	(2.0 - 21.2)	(0.0 - 19.4)
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	33.3	21.1	16.1	2/14
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	34.5	21.1	16.1	2/13
Cancellations per 100 cycles	18.9	19.1	27.9	41.7
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	3.9	4.6	4.8
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	26.1	2/12	1/10	0/4
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	8.7	0/12	1/10	1/4
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	35.0	0/8	1/5	1/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	3	10	2	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/3	3/10	0/2	1/2
Average number embryos transferred	4.3	4.4	3.5	6.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	7	8	25
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d		2/7	2/8	36.0
Number of frozen transfers	0	1	0	5
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d		0/1		2/5
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)		4.3	3.8	4.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**GYFT CLINIC, P.L.L.C.
TACOMA, WASHINGTON**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	94%	Tubal factor	40%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	4%	Endometriosis	12%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	3%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	18%
		With ICSI	23%	Other factors	7%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	29	11	7	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	31.0	3/11	2/7	2/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	24.1	2/11	2/7	2/5
(95% confidence interval)	(8.6 - 39.7)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	25.0	2/11	2/7	2/5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	25.9	2/11	2/7	2/4
Cancellations per 100 cycles	3.4	0/11	0/7	0/5
Average number embryos transferred	4.6	5.5	5.3	5.3
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/9	1/3	0/2	0/2
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/9	1/3	1/2	0/2
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/7	2/2	1/2	0/2
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	1	4
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d			0/1	1/4
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)			4.0	5.3

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CHARLESTON, WEST VIRGINIA**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	92%	Tubal factor	33%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	8%	Endometriosis	9%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	5%
		With ICSI	24%	Other factors	29%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	9%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	29	11	18	4
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	34.5	2/11	5/18	0/4
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	13.8	2/11	3/18	0/4
(95% confidence interval)	(1.2 - 26.3)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	16.7	2/9	3/17	0/1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	17.4	2/9	3/17	0/1
Cancellations per 100 cycles	17.2	2/11	1/18	3/4
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	4.6	4.1	5.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/10	1/2	1/5	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/10	0/2	0/5	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	2/4	0/2	0/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	7	2	4	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	0/7	0/2	0/4	
Average number embryos transferred	2.6	4.0	2.8	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	2	0	1	2
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	0/2		0/1	0/2
Number of frozen transfers	1	0	0	3
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/1			1/3
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	5.0		4.0	4.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**FAMILY FERTILITY PROGRAM
APPLETON MEDICAL CENTER
APPLETON, WISCONSIN**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	92%	Tubal factor	63%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	8%	Endometriosis	5%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	21%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	5%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	6%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	7	4	2	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	2/7	0/4	0/2	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	1/7	0/4	0/2	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	1/7	0/3	0/2	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/7	0/3		
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/7	1/4	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	4.4	4.0		
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/2			
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2			
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/1			
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d		0/1		
Average number embryos transferred		3.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				0/1
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				4.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**GUNDERSEN/LUTHERAN MEDICAL CENTER
LACROSSE, WISCONSIN**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	76%	Tubal factor	48%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	24%	Endometriosis	21%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	20%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	6%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	56	20	5	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	21.4	35.0	2/5	1/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	16.1	35.0	2/5	1/5
(95% confidence interval)	(6.5 - 25.7)	(14.1 - 55.9)		
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	19.6	7/19	2/4	1/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	20.9	7/18	2/4	1/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	17.9	5.0	1/5	2/5
Average number embryos transferred	3.3	3.4	4.3	4.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/12	1/7	1/2	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/12	1/7	0/2	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/9	1/7	1/2	0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred				
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
WOMEN'S ENDOCRINE CLINIC
MADISON, WISCONSIN**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	88%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	10%	Endometriosis	3%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	1%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	15%
		With ICSI	28%	Other factors	25%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	47	16	7	2
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	31.9	7/16	2/7	0/2
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	27.7	7/16	2/7	0/2
(95% confidence interval)	(14.9 - 40.4)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	31.7	7/14	2/7	0/2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	32.5	7/12	2/6	0/2
Cancellations per 100 cycles	12.8	2/16	0/7	0/2
Average number embryos transferred	5.1	4.3	4.0	3.5
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/15	4/7	0/2	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/15	1/7	0/2	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	4/13	5/7	0/2	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	6	3	0	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/6	1/3		
Average number embryos transferred	3.5	4.0		
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	3
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				1/3
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				1/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				5.8

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**ADVANCED INSTITUTE OF FERTILITY
SAINT LUKE'S MEDICAL CENTER
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	83%	Tubal factor	26%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	16%	Endometriosis	18%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	<1%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%
Sharing of donor eggs?	Yes			Male factor	19%
		With ICSI	43%	Other factors	1%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	9%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	99	44	30	13
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	37.4	29.5	20.0	3/13
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	29.3	25.0	20.0	3/13
(95% confidence interval)	(20.3 - 38.3)	(12.2 - 37.8)	(5.7 - 34.3)	
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	30.5	26.2	22.2	3/11
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	31.5	28.2	26.1	3/11
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.0	4.5	10.0	2/13
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	3.7	4.4	7.6
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	27.0	5/13	2/6	0/3
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	5.4	1/13	0/6	1/3
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	31.0	4/11	2/6	1/3
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	53	30	16	9
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	15.1	23.3	4/16	1/9
Average number embryos transferred	3.4	3.0	2.6	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	3	2	5	6
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d	1/3	0/2	3/5	2/6
Number of frozen transfers	4	4	3	14
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/4	1/4	1/3	4/14
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.7	3.5	3.5	3.5

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**MEDICAL COLLEGE OF WISCONSIN, DEPARTMENT OF OB/GYN
FROEDTERT E. LUTHERAN MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	19%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	20%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	21%
		With ICSI	37%	Other factors	11%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	1%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	24	14	8	3
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	25.0	4/14	3/8	0/3
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	20.8	3/14	3/8	0/3
(95% confidence interval)	(4.6 - 37.1)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	20.8	3/13	3/8	0/3
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	22.7	3/12	3/7	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0.0	1/14	0/8	0/3
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	3.6	3.6	4.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/6	1/4	1/3	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/6	0/4	0/3	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/5	1/3	1/3	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	18	3	4	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/18	0/3	1/4	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	3.2	3.3	2.8	5.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALTY CENTER
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	77%	Tubal factor	42%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	23%	Endometriosis	11%
Gestational carriers?	Yes	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	1%
Donor egg program?	Yes	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	24%
		With ICSI	0%	Other factors	5%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	3%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	32	15	13	6
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	34.4	8/15	0/13	1/6
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	25.0	3/15	0/13	1/6
(95% confidence interval)	(10.0 - 40.0)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	26.7	3/15	0/8	1/5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	26.7	3/15	0/8	1/5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	6.3	0/15	5/13	1/6
Average number embryos transferred	4.0	4.0	5.5	5.6
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/11	1/8		0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	4/11	0/8		0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	5/8	1/3		0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	23	4	1	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	8.7	1/4	0/1	
Average number embryos transferred	3.9	3.8	2.0	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	1
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				0/1
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				3.0

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

WOMENCARE WAUKESHA, WISCONSIN

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	92%	Tubal factor	26%
Single women?	No	GIFT	3%	Endometriosis	38%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	5%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	3%
		With ICSI	37%	Other factors	3%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	13%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	22	5	6	5
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	27.3	0/5	1/6	1/5
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	27.3	0/5	0/6	1/5
(95% confidence interval)	(8.7 - 45.9)			
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	28.6	0/4	0/5	1/5
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	6/17	0/4	0/4	1/5
Cancellations per 100 cycles	4.5	1/5	1/6	0/5
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	2.8	1.8	3.0
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	3/6		0/1	0/1
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/6		0/1	0/1
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	3/6			0/1
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	18	4	6	1
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	7/18	2/4	2/6	0/1
Average number embryos transferred	2.9	3.3	3.2	4.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	2	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d	0/2			
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)	2.0			

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

**WOMEN'S HEALTH CARE, S.C.
WAUKESHA, WISCONSIN**

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	96%	Tubal factor	43%
Single women?	Yes	GIFT	4%	Endometriosis	21%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	2%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	20%
		With ICSI	17%	Other factors	0%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	2%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	12	3	2	6
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	3/12	0/3	0/2	0/6
Live births per 100 cycles ^d (95% confidence interval)	2/12	0/3	0/2	0/6
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	2/10	0/3	0/1	0/4
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/9	0/2	0/1	0/3
Cancellations per 100 cycles	2/12	0/3	1/2	2/6
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.5	2.0	1.7
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	1/3			
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/3			
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/2			
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	7	6	8	2
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	2/7	2/6	1/8	1/2
Average number embryos transferred	2.4	2.8	2.8	3.0
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.

CLINIC OF OBSTETRICS & GYNECOLOGY, LTD.
WEST ALLIS, WISCONSIN

1997 PROGRAM PROFILE

Program Characteristics		Type of ART ^a		ART Patient Diagnosis	
SART member?	Yes	IVF	100%	Tubal factor	29%
Single women?	No	GIFT	0%	Endometriosis	23%
Gestational carriers?	No	ZIFT	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Donor egg program?	No	Combination ^b	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%
Sharing of donor eggs?	No			Male factor	16%
		With ICSI	18%	Other factors	13%
		Unstimulated	0%	Unexplained	0%

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 33–35.)

1997 ART PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES^c

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	>40
Fresh Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of cycles	11	3	3	0
Pregnancies per 100 cycles	2/11	0/3	1/3	
Live births per 100 cycles ^d	1/11	0/3	1/3	
(95% confidence interval)				
Live births per 100 retrievals ^d	1/11	0/3	1/2	
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	1/8	0/3	1/2	
Cancellations per 100 cycles	0/11	0/3	1/3	
Average number embryos transferred	3.0	2.7	4.0	
Twin gestations per 100 pregnancies	2/2		1/1	
Triplet or more gestations per 100 pregnancies	0/2		0/1	
Multiple births per 100 live births ^d	1/1		1/1	
Frozen Embryos From Nondonor Eggs				
Number of transfers	7	4	2	0
Live births per 100 transfers ^d	4/7	3/4	0/2	
Average number embryos transferred	3.6	3.3	3.5	
Donor Eggs				
Number of fresh transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 fresh transfers ^d				
Number of frozen transfers	0	0	0	0
Live births per 100 frozen transfers ^d				
Average number embryos transferred (fresh and frozen)				

^a Includes only fresh, nondonor egg cycles.

^b Combination of fresh, nondonor IVF, GIFT, and ZIFT procedures.

^c When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in any one category, rates are shown as fractions.

^d A multiple birth is counted as one live birth.



Appendix

How to Interpret a Confidence Interval

What is a confidence interval?

Simply speaking, confidence intervals are a useful way to consider margin of error, a statistic often used in voter polls to indicate the range within which a value is likely to be correct (e.g., 30% of the voters favor a particular candidate with a margin of error of + 3.5%). Similarly, in this report, confidence intervals are used to provide a range that we can be quite confident contains the success rate for a particular clinic during a particular time.

Why do we need to consider confidence intervals if we already know the exact success rates for each clinic in 1997?

No success rate or statistic is absolute. Suppose a clinic performed 100 cycles among women younger than 35 in 1997 and had a success rate of 20% with a confidence interval of 12%-28%. The 20% success rate tells us that the average chance of success for women younger than 35 treated at this clinic in 1997 was 20%. How likely is it that the clinic could repeat this performance? For example, if the same clinic performed another 100 cycles under similar clinical conditions on women with similar characteristics, would the success rate again be 20%? The confidence interval tells us that the success rate would be likely to fall between 12% and 28%.

Why does the size of the confidence interval vary for different clinics?

The size of the confidence interval gives us a realistic sense of how secure we feel about the success rate. If the clinic had performed only 20 cycles among women younger than 35 instead of 100 and still had a 20% success rate (4 successes out of 20 cycles), the confidence interval would be much larger (between 3% and 37%) because the success or failure of each individual cycle would count for more. For example, if just one more cycle had resulted in a live birth, the success rate would have been substantially higher—25%, or 5 successes out of 20 cycles. Likewise, if just one more cycle had not been successful, the success rate would have been substantially lower—15%, or 3 out of 20 cycles. Compare this scenario to the original example of the clinic that performed 100 cycles and had a 20% success rate. If just one more cycle had resulted in a live birth, the success rate would only have changed slightly, from 20% to 21%, and if one more cycle had not been successful, the success rate would only have fallen to 19%. Thus, our confidence in a 20% success rate depends on how many cycles were performed.

Why should confidence intervals be considered when success rates from different clinics are being compared?

Confidence intervals should be considered because success rates can be misleading. For example, if Clinic A performs 20 cycles in a year and 8 cycles result in a live birth, its live birth rate would be 40%. If Clinic B performs 600 cycles and 180 result in a live birth, its live birth rate would be 30%. We might be tempted to say that Clinic A has a better success rate than Clinic B. However, because Clinic A performed few cycles, its success rate would have a wide 95% confidence interval of 18.5%-61.5%. On the other hand, because Clinic B performed a large number of cycles, its success rate would have a relatively narrow confidence interval of 26.2%–33.8%. Thus, Clinic A could have a rate as low as 18.5% and Clinic B could have a rate as high as 33.8% if each clinic repeated its treatment with similar patients under similar clinical conditions. Moreover, Clinic B's rate is much more likely to be reliable because the size of its confidence interval is much smaller than Clinic A's.

Glossary of Terms Used in This Report

Adverse outcome—A pregnancy that does not result in a live birth. The adverse outcomes reported for ART procedures are miscarriages, ectopic (tubal) pregnancies, induced abortions, and stillbirths.

American Society for Reproductive Medicine (ASRM)—A professional society whose affiliate organization, the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART), reports annual fertility clinic data to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

ART (assisted reproductive technology)—All treatments or procedures that involve surgically removing eggs from a woman's ovaries and combining the eggs with sperm to help a woman become pregnant. The types of ART are in vitro fertilization, gamete intrafallopian transfer, and zygote intrafallopian transfer.

ART cycle—A process in which 1) an ART procedure is carried out, 2) a woman has undergone ovarian stimulation or monitoring with the intent of having an ART procedure, or 3) frozen embryos have been thawed with the intent of transferring them to a woman. A cycle begins when a woman begins taking fertility drugs or having her ovaries monitored for follicle production.

Canceled cycle—An ART cycle in which ovarian stimulation was carried out but which was stopped before eggs were retrieved, or in the case of frozen embryo cycles, before embryos were transferred.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention—A government agency within the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services responsible for publishing annual fertility clinic success rates.

Donor egg cycle—An embryo formed from the egg of one woman (the donor) and then transferred to another woman who is unable to conceive with her own eggs (the recipient). The donor relinquishes all parental rights to any resulting offspring.

Ectopic pregnancy—A pregnancy in which the fertilized egg implants in a location outside of the uterus—usually in the fallopian tube, the ovary, or the abdominal cavity. Ectopic pregnancy is a dangerous condition that must receive prompt treatment.

Egg—A female reproductive cell, also called an oocyte or ovum.

Egg retrieval (also called oocyte retrieval)—A procedure to collect the eggs contained in the ovarian follicles.

Egg transfer (also called oocyte transfer)—The transfer of retrieved eggs into a woman's fallopian tubes through laparoscopy (see definition). This procedure is used only in GIFT (see definition).

Embryo—An egg that has been fertilized by a sperm and undergone one or more divisions.

Embryo transfer—Placement of embryos into a woman's uterus through the cervix after in vitro fertilization; in zygote intrafallopian transfer (ZIFT) (see definition), the embryos are placed in a woman's fallopian tube.

Endometriosis—A medical condition involving the presence of tissue similar to the uterine lining in locations outside of the uterus, such as the ovaries, fallopian tubes, and abdominal cavity.

Fertilization—The penetration of the egg by the sperm and the resulting combining of genetic material that develops into an embryo.

Fetus—The unborn offspring from the eighth week after conception to the moment of birth.

Follicle—A structure in the ovaries that contains a developing egg.

Fresh eggs, sperm, or embryos—Eggs, sperm, or embryos that have not been frozen. However, fresh embryos may have been conceived using fresh or frozen sperm.

Frozen cycle—A cycle in which embryos are preserved through freezing (cryopreservation) for transfer at a later date.

Gamete—A reproductive cell, either a sperm or egg.

GIFT (gamete intrafallopian transfer)—An ART procedure that involves removing eggs from the woman's ovary, combining them with sperm, and using a laparoscope to place the unfertilized eggs and sperm into the woman's fallopian tube through small incisions in her abdomen.

Gestation—The period of time from conception to birth.

Gestational carrier (also called a gestational surrogate)—A woman who carries an embryo that was formed from the egg of another woman. The gestational carrier usually has a contractual obligation to return the infant to its intended parents.

Gestational sac—A fluid-filled structure that develops within the uterus early in pregnancy. In a normal pregnancy, a gestational sac contains a developing fetus.

ICSI (intracytoplasmic sperm injection)—A procedure in which a single sperm is injected directly into an egg; this procedure is most commonly used to overcome male infertility problems.

Induced or therapeutic abortion—A surgical or other medical procedure used to end a pregnancy.

IUI (intrauterine insemination)—A medical procedure that involves placing sperm into a woman's uterus to facilitate fertilization. IUI is not considered an ART procedure because it does not involve the manipulation of eggs.

IVF (in vitro fertilization)—An ART procedure that involves removing eggs from a woman's ovaries and fertilizing them outside her body. The resulting embryos are then transferred into the woman's uterus through the cervix.

Laparoscopy—A surgical procedure in which a fiber optic instrument (a laparoscope) is inserted through a small incision in the abdomen to view the inside of the pelvis.

Live birth—The delivery of one or more babies with any signs of life.

Male factor—Any cause of infertility due to deficiencies in sperm quantity or that make it difficult for a sperm to fertilize an egg under normal conditions.

Miscariage (also called spontaneous abortion)—A pregnancy ending in the spontaneous loss of the embryo or fetus before 20 weeks of gestation.

Multifetal pregnancy reduction—A procedure used to decrease the number of fetuses a woman carries and improve the chances that the remaining fetuses will develop into healthy infants. Multifetal reductions that occur naturally are referred to as spontaneous multifetal reductions.

Multiple birth—A pregnancy that results in the birth of more than one infant.

Multiple gestation—A pregnancy with multiple fetuses.

Oocyte—The female reproductive cell, also called an egg.

Ovarian monitoring—The use of ultrasound and/or blood or urine tests to monitor follicle development and hormone production.

Ovarian stimulation—The use of drugs to stimulate the ovaries to develop follicles and eggs.

Ovulatory dysfunction—A cause of infertility due to problems with egg production by the ovaries.

Pregnancy (clinical)—Pregnancy documented by the presence of a gestational sac on ultrasound. For ART data collection purposes, pregnancy is defined as a clinical pregnancy rather than a chemical pregnancy (i.e., a positive pregnancy test).

RESOLVE—A national, nonprofit consumer organization offering education, advocacy, and support to those experiencing infertility. Services include a national HelpLine, quarterly newsletter, extensive literature list, member-to-member contact systems, and local support groups through a network of over 50 chapters nationwide.

Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART)—An affiliate of the American Society for Reproductive Medicine composed of clinics and programs that provide ART. SART reports annual fertility clinic data to CDC.

Sperm—The male reproductive cell.

Stillbirth—An infant delivered without signs of life after 20 or more weeks of gestation.

Stimulated cycle—An ART cycle in which a woman receives oral or injected fertility drugs to stimulate her ovaries to produce more follicles.

Thawed cycle—A cycle in which frozen embryos are thawed for transfer.

Tubal factor—Structural or functional damage to one or both fallopian tubes that reduces fertility.

Ultrasound—A technique used in ART for visualizing the follicles in the ovaries and the gestational sac or fetus in the uterus.

Unexplained cause of infertility—Infertility for which no cause has been determined despite a comprehensive evaluation.

Unstimulated cycle—An ART cycle in which the woman does not receive drugs to stimulate her ovaries to produce more follicles. Instead, follicles develop naturally.

Uterine factor—A disorder in the uterus (e.g., fibroid tumors) that reduces fertility.

ZIFT (zygote intrafallopian transfer)—An ART procedure in which eggs are collected from a woman's ovary and fertilized outside her body. A laparoscope is then used to place the resulting zygote (fertilized egg) into the woman's fallopian tube through a small incision in her abdomen.

ART Clinics That Reported 1997 Data for Publication, by State

ALABAMA

ART Program of Alabama
Women's Medical Plaza
2006 Brookwood Medical Center
Drive
Suite 508
Birmingham, AL 35209
Telephone: 205-870-9784
Fax: 205-870-0698

University of Alabama at
Birmingham
IVF Program
Department of Ob/Gyn
Birmingham, AL 35233-7333
Telephone: 205-934-1030
Fax: 205-975-5732

Center for Reproductive Medicine
3 Mobile Infirmary Center
Suite 312
Mobile, AL 36607
Telephone: 334-438-4200
Fax: 334-438-4211

University of South Alabama
IVF and ART Program
307 University Boulevard
CCCB 326
Mobile, AL 36688
Telephone: 334-460-7173
Fax: 334-460-7251

ARIZONA

Fertility Treatment Center
3200 North Dobson Road
Suite F-7
Chandler, AZ 85224-9603
Telephone: 480-831-2445
Fax: 480-897-1283

West Valley Fertility Center
6525 West Sack Drive
Suite 208
Glendale, AZ 85308
Telephone: 602-561-8636
Fax: 602-561-2522

Arizona Institute of Reproductive
Medicine, Ltd.
2850 North 24th Street
Suite 503
Phoenix, AZ 85008
Telephone: 602-468-3840
Fax: 602-468-2449

IVF Phoenix
4626 East Shea Boulevard
Suite C-230
Phoenix, AZ 85028
Telephone: 602-996-2411
Fax: 602-996-5254

Samaritan Institute of Reproductive
Medicine
1300 North 12th Street
Suite 520
Phoenix, AZ 85006
Telephone: 602-239-3608
Fax: 602-239-3199

Southwest Fertility Center
3125 North 32nd Street
Suite 200
Phoenix, AZ 85018-6201
Telephone: 602-956-7481
Fax: 602-956-7591

Arizona Center for Fertility Studies
8997 East Desert Cove Avenue
2nd Floor
Scottsdale, AZ 85260
Telephone: 602-860-4792
Fax: 602-860-6819

Mayo Clinic Scottsdale
Center for Reproductive Medicine
13737 North 92nd Street
Scottsdale, AZ 85260
Telephone: 480-614-6099
Fax: 480-614-6011

Reproductive Endocrinology and
Infertility
5190 Farness Drive
Suite 114
Tucson, AZ 85712
Telephone: 520-326-0001
Fax: 520-326-7451

ARKANSAS

Intravaginal Culture Fertilization
Program
500 South University
Suite 103
Little Rock, AR 72205
Telephone: 501-663-5858
Fax: 501-663-9007

University of Arkansas for Medical
Sciences IVF
4301 West Markham
Slot 518
Little Rock, AR 72204
Telephone: 501-686-6319
Fax: 501-686-8107

CALIFORNIA

Alta Bates In Vitro Fertilization
Program
2999 Regent Street
Suite 101-A
Berkeley, CA 94705
Telephone: 510-649-0440
Fax: 510-649-8700

Donald N. Adler, M.D. and Hal C.
Danzer, M.D.
9675 Brighton Way
Suite 420
Beverly Hills, CA 90210
Telephone: 310-273-2463
Fax: 310-273-5334

Reproductive Medicine and Surgery
Associates
9675 Brighton Way
Suite 420
Beverly Hills, CA 90210
Telephone: 310-777-2393
Fax: 310-274-5112

West Coast Infertility Medical
Clinic, Inc.
250 North Robertson Boulevard
Suite 403
Beverly Hills, CA 90211
Telephone: 310-285-0333
Fax: 310-285-0334

Gil N. Mileikowsky, M.D.
5363 Balboa Boulevard
Suite 245
Encino, CA 91326-2806
Telephone: 310-858-1300
Fax: 310-858-1303

West Coast Fertility Centers
301 West Bastanchury
Suite 175
Fullerton, CA 92835
Telephone: 714-446-1234
Fax: 714-446-9163

Werlin-Zarutskie Fertility Centers
4900 Baranca Parkway
Suite 103
Irvine, CA 92604
Telephone: 949-726-0600
Fax: 949-726-0601

Reproductive Sciences Center
4150 Regents Park Row
Suite 280
La Jolla, CA 92064-4824
Telephone: 619-625-0125
Fax: 619-625-0131

Scripps Clinic
10666 North Torrey Pines Road
La Jolla, CA 92037
Telephone: 619-554-8680
Fax: 619-554-8727

Jane L. Frederick, M.D., Inc.
23961 Calle Magdalena
Suite 541
Laguna Hills, CA 92653
Telephone: 949-472-9446
Fax: 949-472-9023

Loma Linda University Center for
Fertility and IVF
11370 Anderson Street
Suite 3950
Loma Linda, CA 92354
Telephone: 909-796-4851
Fax: 909-478-6450

University Infertility Associates
Center for Advanced Reproductive
Care
701 East 28th Street
Suite 202
Long Beach, CA 90806
Telephone: 562-427-2229
Fax: 562-427-2751

University of California Los Angeles
Fertility Center
Ob/Gyn, Room 22-177 CHS
10833 Le Conte Avenue
Los Angeles, CA 90095-1740
Telephone: 310-825-4915
Fax: 310-206-3670

University of Southern California
Reproductive Endocrinology and
Infertility
1245 Wilshire Boulevard
Suite 403
Los Angeles, CA 90017
Telephone: 323-975-9990
Fax: 323-226-2850

Brian Su, M.D.
455 North Garfield Avenue
Monterey Park, CA 91754
Telephone: 626-280-0558
Fax: 626-280-0281

The Reproductive Specialty Institute
1441 Avocado Avenue
Suite 203
Newport Beach, CA 92660-7703
Telephone: 949-640-7200
Fax: 949-720-0203

Southern California Center For
Reproductive Medicine
361 Hospital Road
Suite 333
Newport Beach, CA 92663
Telephone: 949-642-8727
Fax: 949-642-5413

Northridge Center for Reproductive
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18546 Roscoe Boulevard
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Northridge, CA 91324
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Susan P. Willman, M.D.
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Orinda, CA 94563
Telephone: 925-254-0444
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Nova In Vitro Fertilization
1681 El Camino Real
Suite 59
Palo Alto, CA 94306
Telephone: 650-322-0500
Fax: 650-322-5404

Huntington Reproductive Center
301 South Fair Oaks Avenue
Suite 402
Pasadena, CA 91105
Telephone: 626-440-9161
Fax: 626-440-0138

Center For Advanced Reproductive
Care
510 North Prospect Avenue
Suite 202
Redondo Beach, CA 90277
Telephone: 310-318-3010
Fax: 310-798-7304

Northern California Fertility Medical
Center
406 Sunrise Avenue
Suite 3-A
Roseville, CA 95661
Telephone: 916-773-2229
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University of California Davis ART
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Department of Ob/Gyn: Ellison
Ambulatory Care
4860 Y Street
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Sacramento, CA 95817
Telephone: 916-734-6930
Fax: 916-734-6666

IGO Medical Group of San Diego
9339 Genesee Avenue
Suite 220
San Diego, CA 92121
Telephone: 858-455-7520
Fax: 858-554-1312

Reproductive Endocrine Associates
6719 Alvarado Road
Suite 108
San Diego, CA 92120
Telephone: 619-265-1800
Fax: 619-265-4055

Sharp Fertility Center
Mary Birch Hospital
3003 Health Center Drive
San Diego, CA 92123
Telephone: 619-541-4935
Fax: 619-541-4114

Smotrich Center for Reproductive
Enhancement
6699 Alvarado Road
Suite 2306
San Diego, CA 92120
Telephone: 619-287-2221
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Astarte Fertility Center
450 Sutter Street
Suite 2304
San Francisco, CA 94108
Telephone: 415-773-3413
Fax: 415-837-1155

Pacific Fertility Center-San Francisco
55 Francisco Street
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San Francisco, CA 94133
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San Francisco Center for
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San Francisco, CA 94143-0132
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San Jose, CA 95124
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Reproductive Science Center of the
Bay Area
3160 Crow Canyon Road
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San Ramon, CA 94583
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Center for Assisted Reproductive
Medicine
1245 16th Street
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Parker-Rosenman-Rodi Gyn &
Infertility Medical Group
1450 Tenth Street
Suite 404
Santa Monica, CA 90401-2840
Telephone: 310-451-8144
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North Bay Fertility Center, Inc.
1111 Sonoma Avenue
Suite 212
Santa Rosa, CA 95405
Telephone: 707-575-1729
Fax: 707-575-4379

Valley Center for Reproductive
Health
13320 Riverside Drive
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Sherman Oaks, CA 91356
Telephone: 818-986-1648
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Stanford University IVF/ART Program
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Stanford, CA 94305-5317
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Angeles
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18370 Burbank Boulevard
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Fax: 818-776-8754

Infertility and Gynecology Institute
18370 Burbank Boulevard
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Greater Valley Center for
Reproductive Medicine
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Thousand Oaks, CA 91360
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Pacific Coast Reproductive Center
3720 Lomita Boulevard
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Torrance, CA 90277
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Fax: 310-373-0319

San Antonio Fertility Center
510 North 13th Avenue
Suite 201
Upland, CA 91786
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Center for Reproductive Medicine
4200 East Ninth Avenue
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Telephone: 303-372-1483
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799 East Hampden Avenue
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Rocky Mountain Center for
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1080 East Elizabeth
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Fax: 860-679-1436

Hartford Fertility and Reproductive
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New England Fertility Institute
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Fax: 203-323-3130

The Stamford Hospital
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Reproductive Associates of Delaware
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The Center for Human
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Fertility Institute of Northwest Florida
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Fax: 850-932-3753

Florida Institute for Reproductive
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IVF Florida/Northwest Center for
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Fertility & IVF Center of Miami
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6250 Sunset Drive
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Fax: 305-662-7910

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Genetics & IVF of Florida
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West Palm Beach, FL 33407
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Reproductive Biology Associates
5505 Peachtree Dunwoody Road,
NE
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Atlanta, GA 30342
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Fax: 770-256-1528

Augusta Reproductive Biology
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812 Chafee Avenue
Augusta, GA 30904
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Department Ob/GYN, REIG Section
1120 15th Street, BBR-7514
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Honolulu, HI 96826
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Fax: 808-946-6408

Tripler Army Medical Center
1 Jarrett White Road
Tripler AMC, HI 96859
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Rush-Copley Center for Reproductive
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2020 Ogden Avenue
Suite 215
Aurora, IL 60504
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Fax: 630-978-6855

IVF Illinois, Inc.
836 West Wellington
Chicago, IL 60657
Telephone: 773-296-7096
Fax: 773-296-7478

Northwestern University
Prentice Women's Hospital
333 East Superior
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Rush Center for Advanced
Reproductive Care
720 Pavilion
1653 West Congress Parkway
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University of Chicago Hospitals
Department of Ob/Gyn, MARP 313C
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Chicago, IL 60637
Telephone: 773-702-6642
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Midwest Fertility Center
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Downers Grove, IL 60515
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Center for Human Reproduction
2150 Pfingsten Road
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Telephone: 847-657-5710
Fax: 847-486-7541

Advanced Fertility Center of Chicago
6440 Grand Avenue
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Gurnee, IL 60031
Telephone: 847-855-1818
Fax: 847-855-2086

Highland Park Hospital IVF Center
718 Glenview Avenue
Highland Park, IL 60035
Telephone: 847-480-3950
Fax: 847-480-2608

Hinsdale Center for Reproduction
121 North Elm Street
Hinsdale, IL 60521
Telephone: 630-856-3535
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Oak Brook Fertility Center
2425 West 22nd Street
Suite 102
Oak Brook, IL 60523
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Reena Jabamoni, M.D.
120 Oakbrook Center
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Advanced Reproductive Center, Ltd.
435 North Mulford Road
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Rockford, IL 61107
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Fax: 815-229-1831

Reproductive Health and Fertility
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Rockford Health Systems
2350 North Rockton Avenue
Suite 408
Rockford, IL 61103
Telephone: 815-971-7234
Fax: 815-971-7425

Rush North Shore Center for
Advanced Reproductive Care
9600 Gross Point Road
Skokie, IL 60076
Telephone: 847-933-6200
Fax: 847-933-6206

Reproductive Endocrinology
Associates, S.C.
340 West Miller Street
Springfield, IL 62702
Telephone: 217-523-4700
Fax: 217-523-9025

Southern Illinois University
Department of Obstetrics and
Gynecology
Division of Reproductive
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800 North Rutledge
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Springfield, IL 62794-9640
Telephone: 217-524-1523
Fax: 217-788-5561

Midwest Reproductive Medicine:
Champaign/Urbana
602 West University Avenue, S40G
Urbana, IL 61801
Telephone: 217-383-3191
Fax: 217-383-4966

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Associated Fertility & Gynecology
7910 West Jefferson
Suite 301
Fort Wayne, IN 46804
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Advanced Fertility Group
201 North Pennsylvania Parkway
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Indianapolis, IN 46280
Telephone: 317-817-1300
Fax: 317-817-1316

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550 North University Boulevard
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Indianapolis, IN 46202
Telephone: 317-278-0993
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Midwest Reproductive Medicine
8081 Township Line Road
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Fax: 317-872-5063

Reproductive Endocrinology
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Telephone: 317-872-1515
Fax: 317-879-2784

Center for Assisted Reproduction
615 North Michigan Street
Suite 115
South Bend, IN 46601
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Fax: 219-284-6927

IOWA

McFarland Clinic, P.C.
Assisted Reproduction
1215 Duff Avenue
Ames, IA 50010
Telephone: 515-239-4414
Fax: 515-239-4786

Center for Advanced Reproductive
Care
University of Iowa Hospitals &
Clinics
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Iowa City, IA 52242
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Mid-Iowa Fertility, P.C.
3408 Woodland Avenue
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West Des Moines, IA 50266
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Fax: 515-222-9563

KANSAS

Reproductive Resource Center of
Greater Kansas City
12200 West 106 Street
Suite 120
Overland Park, KS 66215
Telephone: 913-894-2323
Fax: 913-894-0841

The Center for Reproductive
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2903 East Central
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1780 Nicholasville Road
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800 Rose Street
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Telephone: 606-323-5410
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The Center for Fertility and Advanced
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Fax: 504-887-7055

Fertility and Laser Center
4720 South I-10 Service Road
Suite 100
Metairie, LA 70001
Telephone: 504-454-2165
Fax: 504-888-2250

Fertility Institute of New Orleans
6020 Bullard Avenue
New Orleans, LA 70128
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Tulane University Hospital and Clinic
Department of Ob/Gyn, SI-11
1430 Tulane Avenue
New Orleans, LA 70112
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2401 Greenwood Road
Shreveport, LA 71103
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MARYLAND

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University of Maryland Medical
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GBMC Fertility Center
406 Physicians Pavilion West
6569 North Charles Street
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Helix Center for ART
Union Memorial Hospital-Ob/Gyn
201 East University Parkway
Baltimore, MD 21218
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The Johns Hopkins Medical Institute
Houck Building, Room 249
600 North Wolfe Street
Baltimore, MD 21287-1249
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Mid-Atlantic Fertility Centers
10215 Fernwood Road
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Shady Grove Fertility Centers
15001 Shady Grove Road
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Fertility Center of Maryland
110 West Road
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Brigham & Women's Hospital Center
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75 Francis Street-ASB1-3
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Faulkner Center For Reproductive
Medicine
1153 Centre Street
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Massachusetts General Hospital
Vincent IVF Unit
55 Fruit Street, VBK225
Boston, MA 02114
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One Brookline Place
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New England Fertility and
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100 Hospital Road
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Fertility Center of New England, Inc.
20 Pond Meadow Drive
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Baystate IVF
3300 Main Street
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Springfield, MA 01199
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Reproductive Medicine
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Hurley Medical Center for
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2 Hurley Plaza
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Grand Rapids Fertility/Spectrum
Health East
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Michigan Reproductive & IVF Center
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West Michigan Reproductive
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Infertility and Gynecology Center of
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3950 South Rochester Road
Rochester Hills, MI 48307
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3535 West Thirteen Mile Road
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1500 West Big Beaver
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Ann Arbor Reproductive Medicine
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200 First Street, SW
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Suite 359C
Saint Louis, MO 63131
Telephone: 314-872-9200
Fax: 314-872-9040

Infertility Center of Saint Louis
224 South Woods Mill Road
Suite 730
Saint Louis, MO 63017
Telephone: 314-576-1400
Fax: 314-576-1442

Washington University and Barnes
Jewish Hospital
Center for Reproductive Medicine
and Infertility
4444 Forest Park Avenue
Suite 3100
Saint Louis, MO 63108
Telephone: 314-286-2459
Fax: 314-286-2455

NEBRASKA

Reproductive Endocrinology/
Infertility
8111 Dodge Street
Suite 237
Omaha, NE 68114
Telephone: 402-354-5210
Fax: 402-354-5221

University of Nebraska IVF Program
600 South 42nd Street
Omaha, NE 68198-3255
Telephone: 402-559-4214
Fax: 402-559-5015

NEVADA

Fertility Center of Las Vegas
8851 West Sahara
Suite 100
Las Vegas, NV 89117
Telephone: 702-254-1777
Fax: 702-254-1213

University Institute of Fertility
Reproductive Endocrinology &
Surgery
653 Town Center Drive
Suite 206
Las Vegas, NV 89102
Telephone: 702-341-6616
Fax: 702-341-6617

Northern Nevada Fertility Center
75 Pringle Way
Suite 803
Reno, NV 89502-3053
Telephone: 775-688-5606
Fax: 775-322-3603

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center
One Medical Center Drive
Lebanon, NH 03756
Telephone: 603-650-8162
Fax: 603-650-6850

NEW JERSEY

Reproductive Gynecologists, P.C.
Kennedy Health System
2201 Chapel Avenue West
Suite 206
Cherry Hill, NJ 08002
Telephone: 609-662-6662
Fax: 609-661-0661

North Jersey Center for Reproductive
Endocrinology and Fertility
1035 Route 46 East
Clifton, NJ 07013
Telephone: 973-470-0303
Fax: 973-916-0488

Center for Advanced Reproductive
Medicine & Fertility
Durham Center
One Ethel Road
Suite 107B
Edison, NJ 08817
Telephone: 732-339-9300
Fax: 732-339-9400

North Hudson IVF
385 Sylvan Avenue
Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632-2703
Telephone: 201-871-1999
Fax: 201-871-1031

Center for Reproductive Medicine
214 Terrace Avenue
Hasbrouck Heights, NJ 07604
Telephone: 201-393-7444
Fax: 201-393-7410

Princeton Center for Infertility &
Reproductive Medicine
3131 Princeton Pike, Building 4
Suite 204
Lawrenceville, NJ 08648
Telephone: 609-895-1114
Fax: 609-895-1196

East Coast Infertility and IVF, P.C.
200 White Road
Suite 214
Little Silver, NJ 07739-1162
Telephone: 732-758-6511
Fax: 732-758-1048

The Institute for Reproductive
Medicine and Science
94 Old Short Hills Road, E403
Livingston, NJ 07039
Telephone: 973-533-8286
Fax: 973-533-8890

Cooper Center for IVF, P.C.
8002E Greentree Commons
Marlton, NJ 08053
Telephone: 856-751-5575
Fax: 856-751-7289

Delaware Valley Institute of Fertility
and Genetics
2001F Greentree Executive Campus
Route 73 & Lincoln Drive West
Marlton, NJ 08053
Telephone: 609-988-1278
Fax: 609-988-0056

South Jersey Fertility Center, P.A.
512 Lippincott Drive
Marlton, NJ 08053
Telephone: 609-596-2233
Fax: 609-596-2411

Diamond Institute for Infertility and
Menopause
89 Milburn Avenue
Millburn, NJ 07041
Telephone: 973-761-5600
Fax: 973-761-5100

Center for Reproductive
Endocrinology
Atlantic Health System
111 Madison Avenue
Suite 100
Morristown, NJ 07962-1978
Telephone: 973-971-4600
Fax: 973-290-8370

Jersey Shore Medical Center IVF
Program
1945 Corlies Avenue
Neptune, NJ 07554
Telephone: 732-776-2940
Fax: 732-766-2941

Robert Wood Johnson Medical
School ART Program
One R W Johnson Place, CN 19
New Brunswick, NJ 08901
Telephone: 732-235-7640
Fax: 732-235-7318

IVF New Jersey
1527 Route 27
Suite 2100
Somerset, NJ 08873
Telephone: 732-220-9060
Fax: 732-220-1122

Center for Human Reproduction of
New Jersey
400 Old Hook Road
Westwood, NJ 07675
Telephone: 201-666-4200
Fax: 201-666-2262

NEW MEXICO

Center for Reproductive Medicine of
New Mexico
201 Cedar Street, LL20
Albuquerque, NM 87106
Telephone: 505-247-3333
Fax: 505-224-7476

Southwest Fertility Services
1720 Wyoming, NE
Albuquerque, NM 87109
Telephone: 505-271-9651
Fax: 505-332-2103

NEW YORK

Albany IVF, Fertility and Gynecology
63 Shaker Road
Suite 103
Albany, NY 12204-1030
Telephone: 518-434-9759
Fax: 518-436-9822

Leading Institute For Fertility
Enhancement (LIFE)
130 Everett Road
Albany, NY 12204
Telephone: 518-482-1007
Fax: 518-489-6210

Women's Health Center of Albany
Medical Center
Division of Reproductive
Endocrinology and Infertility
58-60 Hackett Boulevard
Albany, NY 12209
Telephone: 518-462-0084
Fax: 518-462-0174

Brooklyn IVF
1355 84th Street
Brooklyn, NY 11228
Telephone: 718-238-8600
Fax: 718-283-6580

The Fertility Institute at the Brooklyn
Hospital
121 DeKalb Avenue
Brooklyn, NY 11201
Telephone: 718-237-4593
Fax: 718-250-8756

Montefiore's Fertility & Hormone
Center
20 Beacon Hill Drive
Dobbs Ferry, NY 10522
Telephone: 914-693-8820
Fax: 914-693-5428

Garden City Center for ART,
YK Ying, M.D.
394 Old Country Road
Garden City, NY 11530
Telephone: 516-248-8307
Fax: 516-248-5007

North Shore University Hospital
IVF Program: Ambulatory Building
300 Community Drive
Manhasset, NY 11030
Telephone: 516-562-2229
Fax: 516-562-1710

Advanced Fertility Services, P.C.
1625 Third Avenue
New York, NY 10128
Telephone: 212-369-8700
Fax: 212-722-5587

Brooklyn/Central Park West Fertility
Center
55 Central Park West
Suite 1C
New York, NY 10023
Telephone: 212-721-4597
Fax: 212-721-4598

The Center for Reproductive
Medicine & Infertility
505 East 70th Street
New York, NY 10021
Telephone: 212-746-1762
Fax: 212-746-1861

Columbia Presbyterian Medical
Center
Division of Assisted Reproduction
622 West 168th Street, PH-1630
New York, NY 10032
Telephone: 212-305-9175
Fax: 212-305-3869

Lillian D. Nash, M.D.
315 West 57th Street
New York, NY 10019
Telephone: 212-247-3111
Fax: 212-247-3255

New York Fertility Institute
1016 Fifth Avenue
New York, NY 10028
Telephone: 212-734-5555
Fax: 212-734-6059

New York Medical Services for
Reproductive Medicine
784 Park Avenue
New York, NY 10021
Telephone: 212-744-4222
Fax: 212-288-3608

New York University Medical Center
IVF, Reproductive Surgery and
Infertility
660 First Avenue at 38th Street
5th Floor
New York, NY 10016
Telephone: 212-263-7629
Fax: 212-263-7853

Offices for Fertility and Reproductive
Medicine
24 East 12th Street
9th Floor
New York, NY 10003
Telephone: 212-243-5550
Fax: 212-243-0009

Capital Region Genetics & IVF at
Bellevue Hospital
2210 Troy Road
Niskayuna, NY 12309-4797
Telephone: 518-346-9544
Fax: 518-347-3392

Long Island IVF Associates
625 Belle Terre Road
Suite 200
Port Jefferson, NY 11777
Telephone: 516-331-7575
Fax: 516-331-1332

Institute For Reproductive Health
and Infertility
1561 Long Pond Road
Suite 410
Rochester, NY 14626
Telephone: 716-723-7470
Fax: 716-723-7043

Strong Infertility and IVF Center
University of Rochester
601 Elmwood Avenue, Box 668
Rochester, NY 14642
Telephone: 716-275-7891
Fax: 716-756-4146

IVF Program Children's Hospital of
Buffalo
4510 Main Street
Snyder, NY 14226
Telephone: 716-839-3057
Fax: 716-839-1477

Division of Reproductive
Endocrinology
State University of New York at
Stony Brook
University Medical Center
Stony Brook, NY 11794-8019
Telephone: 516-444-2745
Fax: 516-444-7740

CNY Fertility Center
4850 Broad Street
Suite 1K
Syracuse, NY 13215
Telephone: 315-492-5376
Fax: 315-492-5279

Westchester Fertility & Reproductive
Endocrinology
79 East Post Road
Suite 200
White Plains, NY 10601
Telephone: 914-949-6677
Fax: 914-949-5758

Reproductive Medicine and IVF
1321 Millersport Road
Suite 102
Williamsville, NY 14221
Telephone: 716-634-4351

NORTH CAROLINA

North Carolina Center for
Reproductive Medicine
400 Asheville Avenue
Suite 200
Cary, NC 27511
Telephone: 919-233-1680
Fax: 919-233-1685

Chapel Hill Fertility Center
109 Conner Drive
Suite 2200
Chapel Hill, NC 27514-7010
Telephone: 919-968-4656
Fax: 919-967-8637

University of North Carolina ART
Clinic
Department of Ob/Gyn, Division of
Infertility
CB 7570 Manning Drive
Chapel Hill, NC 27514
Telephone: 919-966-5287
Fax: 919-966-5214

Institute for Assisted Reproduction
200 Hawthorne Lane, 6A-IVF
Charlotte, NC 28207
Telephone: 704-384-4950
Fax: 704-384-4604

Program for Assisted Reproduction
Carolinas Medical Center
1000 Blythe Boulevard
Charlotte, NC 28203
Telephone: 704-355-3153
Fax: 704-355-1941

Duke University Medical Center
Department of Ob/Gyn
Box 3143
Durham, NC 27710
Telephone: 919-684-5327
Fax: 919-681-7904

East Carolina University
2305 Executive Park West
Greenville, NC 27834
Telephone: 252-816-3849
Fax: 252-816-2016

Wake Forest University Program for
Assisted Reproduction
Department of Ob/Gyn
Medical Center Boulevard
Winston-Salem, NC 27157-1067
Telephone: 336-716-2368
Fax: 336-716-0194

NORTH DAKOTA

MeritCare Medical Group Fertility
Center
737 Broadway
Fargo, ND 58123
Telephone: 701-234-2698
Fax: 701-234-2783

OHIO

Akron City Hospital IVF Center
525 East Market Street
Akron, OH 44309-2090
Telephone: 330-375-7722
Fax: 330-253-6708

Fertility Unlimited, Inc.
468 East Market Street
Akron, OH 44304
Telephone: 330-376-2300
Fax: 330-376-4807

Bethesda Center for Reproductive
Health and Fertility
619 Oak Street, ML 1688
Cincinnati, OH 45206
Telephone: 513-569-6433
Fax: 513-569-6386

Center for Reproductive Health
Eden and Bethesda Avenues
3rd Floor
Cincinnati, OH 45219-0456
Telephone: 513-584-0955
Fax: 513-584-8916

Greater Cincinnati Institute for
Reproductive Health at the Christ
Hospital
MOB 2, 2123 Auburn Avenue
Suite A-44
Cincinnati, OH 45219
Telephone: 513-585-4400
Fax: 513-585-4595

Cleveland Clinic Foundation
Department of Ob/Gyn
9500 Euclid Avenue
Cleveland, OH 44195
Telephone: 216-444-2240
Fax: 216-444-8551

MetroHealth Medical Center
Department of Ob/Gyn
2500 MetroHealth Drive
Cleveland, OH 44109-1998
Telephone: 216-459-5990
Fax: 216-778-8847

University Hospitals of Cleveland
MacDonald Women's Hospital
IVF Program
11100 Euclid Avenue
Cleveland, OH 44106
Telephone: 216-844-1514
Fax: 216-844-3348

Ohio Reproductive Medicine
4830 Knightsbridge Boulevard
Suite E
Columbus, OH 43214
Telephone: 614-451-2280
Fax: 614-451-4352

University Fertility Institute
Camelot Women's Health Center
4775 Knightsbridge Boulevard
Suite 103
Columbus, OH 43214
Telephone: 614-293-4929
Fax: 614-293-5877

Miami Valley Hospital Fertility Center
One Wyoming Street
Dayton, OH 45409
Telephone: 937-208-2120
Fax: 937-208-6124

Fertility Center of Northwest Ohio
2142 North Cove Boulevard
Toledo, OH 43606
Telephone: 419-479-8830
Fax: 419-479-6005

OKLAHOMA

Center for Reproductive Health
1000 North Lincoln Boulevard
Suite 300
Oklahoma City, OK 73104
Telephone: 405-271-9200
Fax: 405-271-9222

Henry G. Bennett, Jr., Fertility
Institute
3433 NW 56th Street
Suite 200B
Oklahoma City, OK 73112
Telephone: 405-949-6060
Fax: 405-949-6872

Tulsa Center for Fertility & Women's
Health
1145 South Utica
Suite 1209
Tulsa, OK 74104
Telephone: 918-584-2870
Fax: 918-587-3602

OREGON

Northwest Fertility Center
1750 SW Harbor Way
Suite 200
Portland, OR 97201
Telephone: 503-227-7799
Fax: 503-227-5452

University Fertility Consultants
Oregon Health Sciences University
1750 SW Harbor Way
Suite 100
Portland, OR 97201-5164
Telephone: 503-418-3700
Fax: 503-418-3708

PENNSYLVANIA

Toll Center for Reproductive Sciences*
Abington Memorial Hospital
1200 Old York Road
Abington, PA 19001
Telephone: 215-481-2349
Fax: 215-481-7550

Infertility Solutions, P.C.
2200 Hamilton Street
Suite 105
Allentown, PA 18104
Telephone: 610-776-1217
Fax: 610-776-4149

Reprotech, Inc.
IVF Program
440 South 15th Street
Allentown, PA 18102
Telephone: 610-437-7000
Fax: 610-437-6381

Family Fertility Center
95 Highland Avenue
Suite 100
Bethlehem, PA 18017
Telephone: 610-868-8600
Fax: 610-868-8700

Geisinger Medical Center Fertility
Program
Department of Ob/Gyn
100 North Academy Avenue
Danville, PA 17822-0116
Telephone: 570-271-5620
Fax: 570-271-5629

Penn State Geisinger Health System
The Hershey Medical Center
500 University Drive
Hershey, PA 17033
Telephone: 717-531-8478
Fax: 717-531-6296

* This clinic has since reorganized. For information on current clinics that were affiliated with the Toll Center in 1997, call the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology at 205-978-5000, extension 109.

Jenkintown Reproductive Endocrine
& Gynecology Associates, P.C.
500 Old York Road
Suite 103
Jenkintown, PA 19046
Telephone: 215-576-7100
Fax: 215-576-1544

Pennsylvania Reproductive
Associates
819 Locust Street
Philadelphia, PA 19107
Telephone: 215-922-3173
Fax: 215-922-5411

Thomas Jefferson IVF Program
834 Chestnut Street
Room 400
Philadelphia, PA 19107
Telephone: 215-955-6930
Fax: 215-955-5041

University of Pennsylvania Medical
Center
106 Dulles Building
3400 Spruce Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104
Telephone: 215-662-3378
Fax: 215-349-5512

Allegheny General Hospital IVF
Program
One Allegheny Square
Suite 280
Pittsburgh, PA 05212
Telephone: 412-359-1900
Fax: 412-359-1915

The Fertility Center at Saint Clair
Hospital
Miguel A. Marrero, M.D., P.C.
1050 Bower Hill Road
Suite 304
Pittsburgh, PA 15243-1899
Telephone: 412-572-6565
Fax: 412-572-6591

University Women's Health Care
Associates
Magee Women's Hospital
300 Halket Street
Room 0673
Pittsburgh, PA 15213
Telephone: 412-641-4726
Fax: 412-641-1133

Reproductive Endocrinology and
Fertility Center
1 Medical Center Boulevard
Upland, PA 19013
Telephone: 610-447-6696
Fax: 610-447-6549

Reproductive Science Institute-
Philadelphia
950 West Valley Road
Suite 2401
Wayne, PA 19087
Telephone: 610-964-9663
Fax: 610-964-0536

Women's Clinic, Ltd.
Fertility Medical Labs
301 South Seventh Avenue
Suite 245
West Reading, PA 19611
Telephone: 610-374-2214
Fax: 610-374-8852

PUERTO RICO

Dr. Pedro J. Beauchamp
Dr. Arturo Cadilla Building
Paseo San Pablo 100
Suite 503
Bayamon, PR 00959
Telephone: 787-798-0100
Fax: 787-740-7250

Rene Fernandez-Pelegrina
Caribbean Fertility Center
Torre San Francisco 606
Av de Diego 369
Rio Piedras, PR 00923
Telephone: 787-763-2773
Fax: 787-763-2773

RHODE ISLAND

Women & Infants Hospital IVF
Program
101 Dudley Street
Providence, RI 02905
Telephone: 401-274-1122
Fax: 401-453-7598

SOUTH CAROLINA

Medical University of South Carolina
634 CSB, 96 Jonathan Lucas Street
P.O. Box 250619
Charleston, SC 29464
Telephone: 843-792-7104
Fax: 843-792-0533

University of South Carolina-
Columbia
Program for Assisted Reproduction
2 Richland Medical Park
Suite 208
Columbia, SC 29203
Telephone: 803-779-4927
Fax: 803-434-4699

Center for Women's Medicine
Reproductive Endocrinology and
Infertility
890 West Faris Road
Suite 470
Greenville, SC 29605
Telephone: 864-455-8488
Fax: 864-455-8489

Southeastern Fertility Center, P.A.
1375 Hospital Drive
Mount Pleasant, SC 29464
Telephone: 843-881-3900
Fax: 843-881-4729

SOUTH DAKOTA

University Physicians Fertility
Specialists
1310 West 22nd Street
Sioux Falls, SD 57106
Telephone: 605-782-2284
Fax: 605-782-2770

TENNESSEE

University OB/GYN Associates, Inc.
935 Spring Creek Road
Suite 205
Chattanooga, TN 37403
Telephone: 423-899-0500
Fax: 423-499-5521

Appalachian Fertility and
Endocrinology Center
2204 Pavilion Drive
Suite 307
Kingsport, TN 37660
Telephone: 423-392-6330
Fax: 423-392-6404

University of Tennessee Fertility
Center
1924 Alcoa Highway
Knoxville, TN 37920
Telephone: 423-544-6755
Fax: 423-544-6757

University Fertility Associates
956 Court Avenue
Room D328
Memphis, TN 38120-4020
Telephone: 901-448-8480
Fax: 901-448-8782

The Center for Reproductive Health
326 21st Avenue North
Nashville, TN 37202
Telephone: 615-321-8899
Fax: 615-321-8877

Nashville Fertility Center
2400 Patterson Street
Suite 319
Nashville, TN 37203
Telephone: 615-321-4740
Fax: 615-320-0240

TEXAS

Harold Brumley, M.D.
1301 West 38th Street
Suite 109
Austin, TX 78705
Telephone: 512-451-8211
Fax: 512-450-1146

Jeffrey Youngkin, M.D.
805 East 32nd Street
Austin, TX 78705
Telephone: 512-478-3188
Fax: 512-478-5092

Texas Fertility Center
3705 Medical Parkway
Suite 420
Austin, TX 78705
Telephone: 512-451-0149
Fax: 512-451-0977

Center for Assisted Reproduction
1701 Park Place Avenue
Bedford, TX 76022
Telephone: 817-540-1157
Fax: 817-267-0522

Trinity IVF
4325 North Josey Lane
Suite 308
Carrollton, TX 75010
Telephone: 972-394-3699
Fax: 972-394-6517

Baylor Center For Reproductive
Health
3707 Gaston Avenue
Suite 310
Dallas, TX 75246
Telephone: 214-821-1029
Fax: 214-821-5015

National Fertility Center of
Texas, P.A.
7777 Forest Lane, C-638
Dallas, TX 75230
Telephone: 972-566-6686
Fax: 972-566-6670

Presbyterian Hospital of Dallas
ARTS Center
8160 Walnut Hill Lane
6th Floor
Perot Hospital
Dallas, TX 75231
Telephone: 214-345-2624
Fax: 214-345-8317

University of Texas Southwestern
Fertility Associates
Department of Ob/Gyn
5323 Harry Hines Boulevard
Dallas, TX 75390
Telephone: 214-648-4747
Fax: 214-648-8066

Baylor Assisted Reproductive
Technology
6550 Fannin
Suite 821
Houston, TX 77030
Telephone: 713-798-8230
Fax: 713-798-8431

Center for Reproduction at Gramercy
2727 Gramercy
Suite 200
Houston, TX 77025
Telephone: 713-661-3111
Fax: 713-661-2218

North Houston Center for
Reproductive Medicine
530 Wells Fargo Drive
Suite 116
Houston, TX 77090
Telephone: 281-444-4784
Fax: 281-444-0429

Obstetrical & Gynecological
Associates
Laboratory for ART
7550 Fannin Street
Houston, TX 77054
Telephone: 713-512-7851
Fax: 713-512-7853

University Of Texas Women's
Health Center
6431 Fannin, MSB R3.500
Houston, TX 77030
Telephone: 713-500-6400
Fax: 713-500-0795

Wilford Hall Medical Center
59th MDW/MNO
2200 Bergquist Drive
Suite 1
Lackland Air Force Base, TX
78236-5300
Telephone: 210-292-6136
Fax: 210-292-7547

The Center for Reproductive
Medicine
3506 21st Street
Suite 605
Lubbock, TX 79410
Telephone: 806-788-1212
Fax: 806-788-1253

Texas Tech University Health
Sciences Center-IVF Program
Endocrinology & Infertility Clinic
3601 4th Street
Lubbock, TX 79430
Telephone: 806-743-1200
Fax: 806-743-3002

Fertility Center of San Antonio
4499 Medical Drive
Suite 360
San Antonio, TX 78229
Telephone: 210-692-0577
Fax: 210-692-1200

South Texas Fertility Center
8122 Datapoint Drive
Suite 1300
San Antonio, TX 78229
Telephone: 210-567-4930
Fax: 210-567-4958

The Center of Reproductive Medicine
450 Medical Center Boulevard
Suite 202
Webster, TX 77598
Telephone: 281-332-0073
Fax: 281-332-1860

UTAH

Utah Center for Reproductive
Medicine
University of Utah
50 North Medical Drive
Suite 2355
Salt Lake City, UT 84132
Telephone: 801-581-3834
Fax: 801-585-2231

VERMONT

Vermont Center for Reproductive
Medicine
University of Vermont
Women's Health Care Service-FAHC
1 South Prospect Street
Burlington, VT 05401
Telephone: 802-656-8479
Fax: 802-656-5626

VIRGINIA

The Fertility and Reproductive Health
Center
4316 L Evergreen Lane
Annandale, VA 20003
Telephone: 703-658-3100
Fax: 703-658-3103

Dominion Fertility and Endocrinology
46 South Glebe Road
Suite 301
Arlington, VA 22204
Telephone: 703-920-3890
Fax: 703-892-6037

University of Virginia ART Program
Health Sciences Center
Department of Ob/Gyn
Box 387
Charlottesville, VA 22903
Telephone: 804-980-6512
Fax: 804-295-5491

Jones Institute for Reproductive
Medicine
Department of Ob/Gyn
601 Colley Avenue
Norfolk, VA 23507
Telephone: 757-446-7116
Fax: 757-446-8998

Fertility Institute of Virginia
10710 Midlothian Turnpike
Suite 331
Richmond, VA 23235-4766
Telephone: 804-379-9000
Fax: 804-379-9031

Lifesource Fertility Center
7603 Forest Avenue
Suite 204
Richmond, VA 23229
Telephone: 804-673-2273
Fax: 804-285-3109

Medical College of Virginia
IVF/Assisted Reproduction Program
P.O. Box 980034
Richmond, VA 23298-0034
Telephone: 804-828-9636
Fax: 804-828-0573

Richmond Center for Fertility and
Endocrinology
7603 Forest Avenue
Suite 301
Richmond, VA 23229
Telephone: 804-285-9700
Fax: 804-285-9745

The New Hope Center for
Reproductive Medicine
1200 First Colonial Road
Suite 100M
Virginia Beach, VA 23454
Telephone: 757-496-5370
Fax: 757-481-3354

WASHINGTON

Washington Center for Reproductive
Medicine
1370 116th Avenue, NE
Suite 202
Bellevue, WA 98004
Telephone: 425-462-6100
Fax: 425-635-0742

Bellingham IVF
2980 Squalicum Parkway
Suite 103
Bellingham, WA 98225
Telephone: 360-715-8124
Fax: 360-715-8126

Olympia Women's Health
Capital Medical Center
403 Black Hills Lane, SW
Olympia, WA 98502
Telephone: 360-786-1515
Fax: 360-754-7476

Pacific Gynecology Specialists
1101 Madison Street
Suite 1500
Seattle, WA 98104
Telephone: 206-215-3200
Fax: 206-215-6590

University of Washington
Fertility and Endocrine Center
4225 Roosevelt Way, NE
Suite 305
Seattle, WA 98105
Telephone: 206-543-4693
Fax: 206-685-7818

Virginia Mason Center for Fertility
and Reproductive Endocrinology
1100 9th Avenue, FC-11
Seattle, WA 98111
Telephone: 206-341-1188
Fax: 206-341-0596

GYFT Clinic, P.L.L.C.
3582 Pacific Avenue
3rd Floor
Tacoma, WA 98408
Telephone: 253-475-5433
Fax: 253-473-6715

WEST VIRGINIA

Center for Reproductive Medicine
West Virginia University Health
Sciences Center
830 Pennsylvania Avenue
Suite 304
Charleston, WV 25302
Telephone: 304-388-1515
Fax: 304-388-1570

WISCONSIN

Family Fertility Program
Appleton Medical Center
1818 North Meade Street
Appleton, WI 54911
Telephone: 920-749-4000
Fax: 920-749-4015

Gundersen/Lutheran Medical Center
Reproductive Endocrine & Fertility
Center
1836 South Avenue
La Crosse, WI 54601
Telephone: 608-782-7300
Fax: 608-791-6611

University of Wisconsin-Madison
Women's Endocrine Clinic
600 Highland Avenue, H4/630 CSC
Madison, WI 53792
Telephone: 608-263-1217
Fax: 608-263-0191

Advanced Institute of Fertility
Saint Luke's Medical Center
2801 West KK River Parkway
Suite 535
Milwaukee, WI 53215
Telephone: 414-645-5437
Fax: 414-645-5401

Medical College of Wisconsin
Department of OB/GYN
Froedtert E. Lutheran Memorial
Hospital
9200 West Wisconsin Avenue
Milwaukee, WI 53226
Telephone: 414-257-5546
Fax: 414-257-5686

Reproductive Specialty Center
2315 North Lake Drive
Seton Tower-Suite 501
Milwaukee, WI 53211
Telephone: 414-289-9668
Fax: 414-289-0974

WomenCare
20611 Watertown Road
Waukesha, WI 53186-1885
Telephone: 414-798-1910
Fax: 414-798-8660

Women's Health Care, S.C.
721 American Avenue
Suite 304
Waukesha, WI 53188
Telephone: 414-549-2229
Fax: 414-549-1657

Clinic of Obstetrics &
Gynecology, Ltd.
8800 West Lincoln Avenue
West Allis, WI 53219
Telephone: 414-545-8808
Fax: 414-545-4920

Nonreporting ART Clinics for 1997, by State

The clinics listed below provided ART services throughout 1997 and accordingly were required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act passed by the U.S. Congress. These clinics either failed to submit data or did not provide verification by the clinic medical director that the tabulated success rates were correct, as required for publication.

Consumers who are aware of a clinic that was in operation in 1997 but is not included in either the reporting or nonreporting clinics in this report are encouraged to contact us with the complete name, mailing address and phone number of the clinic, at e-mail: ccdinfo@cdc.gov (Subject: ART) or regular mail at Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Attention: ARTE Unit, 4770 Buford Highway NE, MS K-34, Atlanta, GA 30341-3717. Providing this information will help to ensure that clinics that should be in the report will be included in upcoming years.

Central California IVF Program
6215 North Fresno
Suite 108
Fresno, CA 93710
Telephone: 209-439-1914
Fax: 209-439-3936

S. Samuel Kim, M.D. (Closed)
Women's Health and Reproductive
Center
3650 East South Street
Suite 303
Lakewood, CA 90712
Telephone: 562-630-8381
Fax: 562-630-6861

Pacific Fertility Center-Los Angeles
10921 Wilshire Boulevard
Suite 700
Los Angeles, CA 90024
Telephone: 310-209-7700
Fax: 310-209-7799

Tyler Medical Clinic
921 Westwood Boulevard
Los Angeles, CA 90024
Telephone: 310-208-6765
Fax: 310-208-3648

Pacific Fertility Center-Sacramento
2288 Auburn Boulevard
Suite 204
Sacramento, CA 95821
Telephone: 916-568-2125
Fax: 916-567-1360

Minh Ho, M.D.
5555 Reservoir Drive
Suite 205
San Diego, CA 92120
Telephone: 619-286-5858
Fax: 619-286-1474

Forest Fertility Center
2110 Forest Avenue
San Jose, CA 95128
Telephone: 408-288-9933
Fax: 408-286-7730

Reproductive Genetics In Vitro
455 South Hudson Street
Level 3
Denver, CO 80222
Telephone: 303-399-1464
Fax: 303-399-9160

Edward Illions, M.D.
653-1 West 8th Street
Jacksonville, FL 32209
Telephone: 904-549-3408
Fax: 904-549-3124

Memorial Hospital Jacksonville
Assisted Fertility Program
3625 University Boulevard
Suite 450
Jacksonville, FL 32216
Telephone: 904-391-1149
Fax: 904-399-3436

Michael Fox, M.D.
3627 University Boulevard South
Suite 615
Jacksonville, FL 32216
Telephone: 904-398-2582
Fax: 904-396-4546

Women's Healthcare Specialists/
IVF Miami
4302 Alton Road
Suite 900
Miami Beach, FL 33140
Telephone: 305-531-1480
Fax: 305-531-1496

Infertility Center of Daytona (Closed)
873 Sterthaus Avenue
Suite 206
Ormond Beach, FL 32174
Telephone: 904-676-0048
Fax: 904-676-0061

Center for Advanced Reproduction
1775 Dempster Street
Suite 665
Park Ridge, IL 60068
Telephone: 847-723-8230
Fax: 847-723-8219

University of Kansas Medical Center
Department of OB/GYN
3901 Rainbow Road
Kansas City, KS 66160
Telephone: 913-432-7161
Fax: 913-432-6158

Reproductive Health Associates
(Closed)
360 Sherman Street
Suite 350
St. Paul, MN 55102
Telephone: 651-222-6050
Fax: 651-222-5975

Brandeis Center
606 Columbus Avenue
2nd Floor
New York, NY 10024
Telephone: 212-362-4848
Fax: 212-724-1315

Cristina Matera-Abouzahr, M.D.
860 Fifth Avenue
New York, NY 10021
Telephone: 212-639-9122
Fax: 212-639-9413

Genetics & IVF Institute of Ohio
369 West First Street
Suite 120
Dayton, OH 45402
Telephone: 937-228-4483
Fax: 937-496-1404

Advanced Fertility Institute (Closed)
507 Delaware Avenue
Bethlehem, PA 18015
Telephone: 610-868-0661
Fax: 610-868-1115

Vanderbilt University (Closed)
Center for Reproductive Medicine
C-1100 MCN
Nashville, TN 37232
Telephone: 615-322-6576
Fax: 615-343-8881

Larry Andrews, D.O.
730 East 300 South
Springville, UT 84663
Telephone: 801-491-0556
Fax: 801-489-3141

Genetics and IVF Institute
3020 Javier Road
Fairfax, VA 22301
Telephone: 703-698-7355
Fax: 703-695-0418

Beach Center for Fertility,
Endocrinology & IVF
844 First Colonial Road
Suite 202
Virginia Beach, VA 23451
Telephone: 757-428-0002
Fax: 757-428-4555

